EXPRESSIONS & IDIOMS Mr Galal

أهم المصطلحات و التعبيرات و التركيبات اللغوية اللى وردت في منهجك يا تالته

132 تركيب لغوى ... مرقمين و مرتبين أبجديا يا طيب لسهولة المذاكرة و الحفظ ... خليك حريص و خد بالأسباب و لا تترك شيء للصدف

اسے الطالیب

A

1. a waste of money	مضيعة للمال	6. apart from	بعيدا عن
2. a waste of time	مضيعة للوقت	7. associated with	مرتبط بـ
3. according to	طبقا لـ / بناءا على	8. at a competitive price	بسعر منافس
4. advantage of/to	ميزة لـ	9. at the age of	في سن 1 في عمر
E annoyed with	in TE iin		

5. annoyed with	منزعج من	19	
10 haza an	<u> </u>	3200	
10. base on	يوسس	15 broadsheet	صحيفة ذات صفحات عريضه
11. be born with	مولولاتهم	16. by accident	بالصدفة
12. be dedicated to	مكرس لم ا	17. by chance	بالصدفة
13. be worth visiting	يستحق الزيارة ١١	18. by post	بالبريد
14. boast about	یتباهی ب		

C

19. came across	يحدث صدفة	26. come over	یزور visit
20. candidate for	مرشح لـ	27. come to conclusion	يصل لاستنتاج
21. care homes	دور الرعاية	28. come up	يتضح
22. career direction	اتجاه مهنى وظيفى	29. comment on	يعلق على
23. careful with	حریص علی شیء	30. conduct a survey	يجرى استطلاع رأي
24. careful about	حريص بشأن	31. cover with	یغطی ب
25. classified as	یصنف ک	32. crime court	محكمة جنائية

33. decline in	تدهور ذبول في	36. do a responsible job	يؤدى وظيفة مسنولة
34. deep down	في الاعماق	37. do on internship	يقوم بالتدريب
35. divide into	يقسم الى	38. draw conclusions	يستخلص استنتاجات

E

39. end up	ينتهى	40. enthusiastic about	متحمس ال
·			

		-	
41. fact file	ملف حقيقة	44. familiar with	مألوف لـ
42. fail at	يفشل في	45. follow the direction a	يتبع اتجاه الاسهم rrows
43. fallow a code of behavio	يتبع سلكوكا ٢		
		3	
46. get anxious		48. give out	يوزع
47. give a presentation	يقدم عرض	49. give training online	يقوم بالتدريب عبر النت
		-1	
50. have the potential to	لديه القدرة لــ	52. human resources	موارد بشرية
51. human contact	اتصال بشرى		
ya.		29/18/1	
دة 53. image	رأى عن شخص 1 صو	61 particular	بصفة خاصة
54. impressed with		62. in terms of	من ناحية
55. in a fit of anger	في نوبلة عطيه	63. in the age of	في عصر
56. in charge of	مسنول لمول ا	64. in trouble	في مشكلة
57. in conclusion	في الخاتمة	65. increase by	يزداد بمعدل
58. in general	عموما	66. increase in	ازدیاد / زیادة فی
59. in honour of	تكريما لـ	67. inspiring for	ملهم لـ
ظرى 60. in my opinion	ف <i>ي رأيي </i> من وجهة ن		
68. just like	و تماما بالظبط مثل	J -	
00 1		(
69. keep in touch		72. known for	مشهور بـ معروف لدی
70. keep-stay healthy		73. known to	معروف لدى
71. known as	معروف ک	_	
74. lack a skill		76. life experience	خبرة الحياة
75. lead to	يؤدى الى		
		Л	
77. make an impression		79. meet up with	يجتمع / يتقابل سويا
78. make a trap	يصنع مكيدة / خدعة		
		N	
80. nation's pride	فخر الأمة	81. news alerts	اشعارات الاخبار

	•		
88. participate in	يشارك في	92. popular with	مشهور لدى
89. passionate about	يشعر بالتعاطف على	93. port city	مدينة ساحلية
90. pirated copy	نسخة مقرصنة مسروقه	94. possible causalities	خسائر محتملة
91. poor time	سوء ادارة الوقت	95. procrastination	مماطلة / تسويف

R

96. research study	دراسة بحثية	98. round table	الماندة المستديرة
97. respect for	احترام لـ	100	
		2000	

9~~~~				
99. sense of humour	روح الدعابة / الفكاهة	105 speak for	يتحدث بالنيابة عن	
100. sense of identity	احسلس بالهوية	106. stay in contact	يظل على اتصال	
101. set a goal	يحدد اهدفا ا	107. stereotype	صورة نمطية	
102. set world records	يسجل ارقاما عالملية	108. swap with	يتبادل مع	
103. share with	يتشارك مع	109. switch off	يطفئ جهاز	
104. show respect	يظهر احترام	110. switch on	يشغل جهاز	

T

111. tabloid	صحيفة شعبية	120. the year to come	مستقبلا
112. take it easy	خد الامور ببساطه	121. to some extent	الى حد ما
113. take place	يحدث بترتيب	122. tourist attraction	عامل جذب سياحي
114. take pride in	يتباهى	123. town councilor	عضو في مجلس المدينة
115. take responsibility for	يتحمل مسئولية	124. translate as	يترجم ك
116. take the risk	يخاطر/ يأخذ مخاطرة	125. translate into	يترجم الى
117. take up sport		126. turn the sound do	يخفض الصوت wn
118. target audience	الجمهور المستهدف	127. turn the sound up	يرفع الصوت
119. thanks to	بفضل		

٧

128. vast majority	اغلبية واسعة	130. visual aids	مساعدات بصرية
129. video conference	اجتماع عن بعد		-

W

ı				
ı	131. wait with bated breath	ينتظر بفارغ الصبر	132. widely spoken	يتحدث بها على نطاق واسع

جللل أبو سها و سيف

فيسبوك Galal Abusohaseif *** واتس & فون 1061514591

قطعة الفهم ... اللى معظمنا بيهملها و بيطنشها ... على الرغم من درجتها الكبيرة ... امتحان اولى قطعة واحدة عليها 7 درجات ... تانيه ثانوي قطعة واحدة عليها 8 درجات ... تالته ثانوي قطعتين 16 درجه

أدى 5 قطع فهم و بالإجابات المنفصله ... فقط 7 صفحات خط بنط 16 ابيض و اسود فقط للتدريب

مع تحيات فريق المستر جلال ... (نتمنى الخير للجميع)

1. Everyone has one hobby or another .Of all hobbies; I do believe that reading is the simplest and most useful. How can we increase the benefits of reading and make it easier?

I think that we should start a book club for secondary and university students in our town. We could read both Arabic and English books. We could have meetings every week or two in the summer, and once a month during the school year.

Here are the reasons for which I think we should have book clubs. First, if we have a book club, it will encourage us to read more. It is known that if people read a lot, they write better. So, this will help us in two ways. Secondly, we will develop some responsibility if we take turns leading the discussion at meetings. The leader will have to read the book carefully. Thirdly, discussing books will help us to overcome any shyness. Everyone will have to say something.

Reading good books will be a better way to use our time than playing computer games or reading comic books. Don't you agree with me?

- 1- The best title for this passage is
 - A. Merits of Joining Book Clubs
 - B. Reading Becomes Useless.
 - C. People are no longer interested in reading
 - D. Disadvantages of joining book clubs
- 2- What psychological effect does membership in book clubs have?
 - A. It helps members to get over their shyness.
 - B. It helps members to write better.
 - C. It helps to decrease leadership responsibilities.
 - D. It helps people to be lonely
- 3- According to the passage, the word "overcome" means
 - A. Surrender
- B. give up
- C. defeat
- D. lose

- 4- After reading the passage, what type of books does the writer think less useful? A. Science books B. Adventure books D. Comic books C. Fiction books 5- What happens if people read a lot? A. They join book clubs. B. They learn to write better C. They can't lead a discussion D. They are very shy. 6- The writer thinks that..... A. book clubs encourage reading B. book clubs distribute books C. should read books only D. readers should not make discussions 7-is a good way for spending time. A. Reading B. Fighting C. Disagreement D. Meetings 8- The first paragraph deals with A. The importance of book
- 2. I am one of those people who are not for spending too much of our money on the study of space. I don't mean that we should stop studying space, of course. I only want to direct some of the much money spent on space research to studying other fields and places that I think are much more important and profitable.

B. The benefits of reading alone

D. advantages of reading

C. Many hobbies are better than reading

We spend billions of dollars to study the sun and distant stars. We should stop this and study the oceans instead. They cover nearly 70% of the earth.

Oceanography is more important than space science. It researches processes that directly affect our lives. For example, we release tonnes of waste into the oceans every year. Oceanographers, who specialise in various fields, can tell us the results of pollution on marine life, on the chemistry of the seas and on the currents (movement of water) that affect climate.

We know that in different parts of the seas, distinctive forms of life have evolved. There are even living things that do not depend on the sun for energy! Maybe we can learn something useful by studying them. There are vast areas of the oceans, especially in the deepest water, that are unexplored. This is where we should be researching, not the stars.

1- What is the main idea of the passa A. Studying space is a waste of B. Studying oceans and seas is C. Studying deep seas is useful D. Saving money is necessary.	time more useful than studying space.
2- If we study oceans,	marine life
3- Which areas of seas and oceans do y A. Shallow areas C. Challenger deep	you think are impossible to study? B. Remote areas D. Warm water
4- Oceangraphy researches A. processes that directly affect B. Stars and deepwater C. chemistry of seas . D. processes that do not affect of	our life
5- It can be inferred from the writer's A. much money is spent on the B. a lot of research is done on n C. studying space is more impo	words thatstudy of oceans and seas.
6. Which of the following sentences in a Studying oceans is more profit b Studying oceans is as imported c Studying space is more profit of Studying space is as important	table than studying space. ant as studying space. able than studying oceans.
7- The last paragraph deals with A. different marine lives C. studying oceanography D. saving money to explore the	B. exploring space is useless
8- According to the passage, A. the writer supports exploring benefits. B. oceanography is the solution earth. C. the writer doesn't refuse expl. D. exploring space provides mu oceans.	space because of its great for all people's problems on

At school, you have probably had the support of your teachers, your family and your friends. When you leave secondary school, you will start to have responsibility for your own life. This means being in control of your time and also your choice of career. However, it is important never to forget the values and morals that your family and your school have taught you.

Show respect to older people, but also to your work colleagues, both male and female. Remember to be tolerant of people who are different to you. Be loyal to all your friends. When you are at work, make sure that you help and support your work colleagues. It is good to be ambitious, but do not envy people who are promoted before you. Be patient and always work hard, and you will be rewarded one day.

When you are not at work, spend some time helping your local community. This is an excellent way to meet new people, and to help improve the lives of others. Try to help the poor whenever you can. Most people find that voluntary and charitable work is so rewarding that they are happy to do it. Your school has taught you how to pass your exams, but it has also taught you important values

and morals that will help whatever careery	ou choose.
1- The main idea of the passage is that	
A. How to be successful after leaving	
B. How to succeed at your school	
C. Tolerant people lose a lot in their life	fe.
D. You will be rewarded one day	
2- In your future careers, v	vill support you.
A. your family and teachers	B. morals and values
C. your school and colleagues	D. males and females

3- Voluntary work is rewarding although it is

C. valueless D. fruitless B. unpaid A. unseen

4- Beinghelps you to get on well with other people. D. ashamed A. violent B. tolerant C. shy

5- Remember to be tolerant of people who are

A. different to your colleagues B. similar to your colleagues

C. different to you D. similar to you

6- Young people are likely to become responsible

B. after their "18" birthday A. before their birthday

D. after primary school C. after prep school

7- The word ".....".from the passage means the people who live in the same area.

A. responsibility B. morals C. community D. colleagues

- 9
- 8- Which of the following can summarise the second paragraph?
 - A. The rules you have to follow at school to succeed.
 - B. The instructions which you have to Obey at your community.
 - C. How to deal with your colleagues at work
 - D. Some tips help you to stay healthy all the time
- For almost 800 years, Chillingham Castle has been the home to 4. ghosts of all different types. In the early 1900s, visitors to the castle reported seeing the ghost of a little boy. They gave him the name "Blue Boy" because he was always seen wearing blue clothes and surrounded by a blue light. Late in the 1920s, workmen fixing a wall in an unused bedroom had an unpleasant surprise. While working, they discovered the bones of a small child wearing blue clothes buried within the wall. Interestingly, after these remains were buried in the local cemetery, the ghost boy was never seen again.

Another ghost that has been seen in the castle is that of Lady Mary Berkeley. She died alone in the castle after her husband left her for another woman. People have heard the sound of her dress rustling as she walked by. Also, the "White Lady" who is supposed to be the ghost of a woman poisoned to death many years ago. She has been known to go up to people ask for a drink of water, and then disappears.

Instead of avoiding Chillingham Castle. It has now turned into a tourist attraction visited by thousands of people every year. Some just tour the grounds and eat in the castle tea-room, but others actually stay in the castle itself. For those people who want a more special experience, the castle hosts weddings, concerts, operas, and fairs regularly to make Chillingham Castle their home. Chillingham Castle has also been used as a background location for movies and TV shows.

- 1- The best title for this passage is
 - A. Friendly ghosts

B. The Castle of ghosts

C. The White Lady

- D. The Blue Boy
- 2- After being buried,.....
 - A. The blue boy was never seen
 - B. People heard Mary's dress rustling
 - C. The white woman asked people for water
 - D. The ghosts appeared in the English Castle
- 3-The last paragraph can be summarized as.....
 - A. it was amazing to have wedding and concerts in Chillingham Castle. 5

Mr Galal 01061514591

C. Chillingham Ca	astle is best used na astle is ignored noving to make movies	vadays	astle		
4gho A. Three	sts were mentioned B. Four	d in the passage. C. Five	D. Two		
5- On the contrary, Ch A. Scary	illingham Castle ha B. fascinating	-	D. isolated		
6- Ordinary people ma	y drink tea in the C	astle, but braver	people may		
A. Cat	B. tour	C. Stay	D. dream		
7The writer thinks that we should					
8- The author implies to A. put the ghost to C. Was a scary ac	o rest	B. made no difference of the North B. made no difference of the D. caused many	erence		

5. In the 1700s, work was very different to today. Most people worked on farms or had traditional jobs as weavers, carpenters or builders, working in their own homes or in small workshops. At this time, work was done by hand or with the help of animals; nothing was mechanised and there were no factories.

The Industrial Revolution started in England towards the end of the eighteenth century. The most important invention of the time was the steam engine, which was used to power machines in factories. Thousands of new factories were built by businessmen who made money by producing goods quickly and efficiently. Many of the things that were produce in English factories were exported to countries all over the world.

This change in the way things were produced had a huge effect on people's lives. English towns and cities grew very fast because poor people from rural areas moved to find work in the new factories.

The Industrial Revolution not only made a few businessmen very rich, but also gave work to millions of ordinary people and improved their standard of living. Mass production brought down prices and meant that people could afford to buy thing that had been too expensive for them in the past.

و أأدى الإجابات ... بس حاول تجاوب لوحدك الاول ... و بعدين روح بص على الاجابة ... خليك صادق مع نفسك يا طالب

اجابات القطعة (1)

1. A. Merits of Joining Book Clubs

2. A. It helps members to get over their shyness.

3. C. defeat

4. D. Comic books

5. B. They learn to write better

6 .A. book clubs encourage reading

7. A. Reading

8. D. advantages of reading

اجابات القطعة (2)

1. B. Studying oceans and seas is more useful than studying space.

2. A. We may explore more about marine life

3. C. Challenger deep

4. C. chemistry of seas .

5. D. we should spend more money on studying oceans and seas.

6. a Studying oceans is more profitable than studying space,

7. A. different marine lives

8. C. the writer doesn't refuse exploring space completely?

والمحالية القطعة (3)

1. A. How to be successful after leaving schoot.

2. B. morals and values

3. B. unpaid 4. B. tolerant

5. C. different to you

6. B. after their "18" birthday 7. C. community

8. C. How to deal with your colleagues at work

اجابات القطعة (4)

1. B. The Castle of ghosts

2. A. The blue boy was never seen

3. B. Chillingham Castle is best used now

4. A. Three

5. B. fascinating

6. C. Stay

V. A. change our perspective of bad things to be positive

8. A. put the ghost to rest

اجابات القطعة (5)

1. A. The Industrial Revolution and its effect 2. C. last without stop

3. C. production was more than demand

4. A. Because a lot of poor people from rural areas moved there

5. A. the steam engine 6. B. the start of the Industrial Revolution

7. B. fast

8. B. the more

جلال أبو سها و سيف Galal abusohaseif

فون & واتس Mr Galal 01061514591

جميع طلاب المرحلة الثانوية

علشان تجاوب (قطعه الفهم) صح لازم تكون عارف ترجمه الاسئلة اللي عليها صح
1- This passage / text can be described as
2- Which of the following best describes the author's attitude? (A) forgiving (B) concerned (C) vindictive (D) surprised (السماح الاهتمام الانتقام الدهشة) (السماح الاهتمام الانتقام الدهشة)
3- Which of the following is the closest SYNONYM toas used in the passage? كما استخدمت في القطعة؟
٤- كلمة () تعنى
5- Which of the following is closest in meaning to the wordas used in the text? ما استخدمت النص؟
6- The word () as used in the text could be best replaced by which of the following. عما استخدمت في النص يمكن ان نحل محلها بكلمة من الاتى.
7- The author uses the phrase () in paragraph 2 to mean المؤلف بيستخدم العبارة (أفي الفقرة التانيه لكي تعني
8- The word () as used in the passage is most similar in meaning to which of the following? المعتبى لاى من الاتى؟ القطعة تكون متثابهة في المعتبى لاى من الاتى؟ المعتبى
9- Pick out a word from the passage, which means
10- As used in paragraph 2, the underlined word most likely means
11- Which of the following is the closest ANTONYM toas used in the passage? كما استخدمت في القطعة؟ العكس الكلمة العكس الكلمة المتخدمت العكس الكلمة العكس الكلمة المتخدمت العكس الكلمة العكس الكلمة العكس الكلمة المتخدمت العكس الكلمة العكس العكس الكلمة العكس العكس العكس العكس الكلمة العكس العكس العكس
12- The closest ANTONYM to the underlined word Is المضاد (العكس) للكلمة اللي تحتيها خط تكون
13- As used in paragraph 1, which is the best ANTONYM for the word? ١٣- كما استخدم في الفقرة الاولى ؛ اي يكون افضل مضاد (عكس) لكلمة
ع ١ - عكس (مضاد) كلمة () تكون is تكون المضاد) عكس المضاد) كلمة المضاد) عكس المضاد) عكس المضاد) علمة المضاد
15- Choose the word opposite in meaning to the word() as used in the passage.
16- According to the passage / text, which of the following is NOT true? النص ؛ أي من الاتي لا يكون صحيح؟
17- What, according to the passage, might be the final result of the ? الماذا – بناءا على ما ورد في القطعة – ربما يكون النتيجة النهائية لـــ
۱۵- The writer supports the idea of

19- Which of the following would be the best title for the passage? ٩ - أى من الاتى يمكن ان يكون أفضل عنوان لهذه القطعة؟			
20- Which of the following statements provides the best summary of the passage?			
۲۱- Ala القطعة تكون عن نده القطعة تكون عن تا This passage is mostly (most likely) about			
22- The main title to this passage could be 220 العنوان الرئيسى لهذه القطعة يمكن ان يكون			
23- The best title for this passage is يكون			
24- What does the passage mainly discuss? الاساس تناقش؟ ٢٤- ماذا هذه القطعة في الاساس تناقش؟			
25- What is the main topic of the passage? الرئيسى للقطعة؟			
26- We can conclude from the passage that ناقطعة أن ناقطعة أن			
27- It can be understood from the passage that أن يفهم من القطعة أن أن يفهم من القطعة أن			
28- We understand from the passage that القطعة أن القطعة أن			
29- It can be inferred from the passage that القطعة أن أن أن نستنتج من القطعة أن الماحدة			
عن القطعة تخبرنا أن / عن عن			
۳۱- بناء على ورد في القطعة / النص ؛ بناء على ورد في القطعة / النص ؛			
32- The purpose of paragraph 2 is			
33- Based on information in the passage / text,			
34- Using the passage as a guide, it can be inferred that ۳ : مستخدما القطعة كدليل ؛ يمكننا ان نستنتج أن			
35- Which of the following statements best summarizes to? ٥٣- أى من الجمل الاتية تكون أفضل تلخيص لـ			
36- Which of the following does the passage mention? دای من الاتی القطعة ذکرته؟ ۳۶-			
37- In the final paragraph, the author suggests that we should٣٧ في الفقرة الاخيرة ؛ المؤلف يقترح أننا يجب			
38- The underlined pronoun refers to الضمير اللي تحتيه خط يشير الى الم			
ع- ماذا الـ () يشير الى؟ refer to?) يشير الى؟			
• ٤- الكاتب يقر أن that يقر بـ that يقر بـ that يقر بـ that			
41- Which of the following is cited (evidence – proof) as? 1 على من الاتى يمكن ان نستشهد به (دليل – اثبات) على			
42- The type/ kind / sort of () Which mentioned in the text is) التى ورد ذكرها في النص تكون			
43- Who / Whom / To whom / For whom do you think? 9 من (للعاقل الفاعل) / من (للعاقل المفعول) / الى من / من أجل من في رأيك			
44- Based on information in the passage, the following is a symptom of في القطعة ؛ الاتي يكون ملمح (دليل) لـــ			

Mr Galal طـــلاب الثانــوى العــام ثانوية عامة ترجمــة اختيــارى 100 جملة بنوعيها ــ مارس 2023

اسم الطالب

Read the sentences and choose the correct English translation from A, B, C or D.

١ - كرة القدم محل اهتمام الكثير من الناس.

- A. Football is the shop of interest of a lot of people.
- B. A lot of people are interested in football.
- C. Ball foot shop interest a lot of people.
- D. Football is interested in a lot of people.
 - ٢- يوفر لنا الانترنت الفرصة للحصول على كم كبير من المعلومات.
- A. The internet gives us the chance to get how much information.
- B. The internet saves us the chance to get much information.
- C. The internet gives us the chance to get much information.
- D. The internet gives us the chance to get big much information.
 - ٣- يحذر الأطباء الناس من التدخين التسويه في كثير من الأمراض.
- A. Doctors war people of smoking as cause a tot of diseases.
- B. Doctors are warn people of smoking as it causes a lot of diseases.
- C. Doctors warn people of smoking as it causes a lot of diseases.
- D. Wam doctors people of smoking as it is caused a lot of diseases.
 - ٤- مسؤوليتنا تجاه الحفاظ على نظافة البيئة كبيرة.
- A. Our responsibility towards keeping the environment clean great.
- B. Our responsibility towards keeping the environment clean is great.
- C. From our responsibility keeping the environment clean.
- D. Keeping the environment clean from our responsibility.
 - ٥- لصديقى منزل كبير يطل على البحر في مطروح.
- A. For my friend a big house which overlooks the sea in Matruh.
- B. My friend has a big house overlocks the sea in Matruh.
- C. My friend has a big house which overlooks the sea in Matruh.
- D. My friend have a big house which overlooks the sea in Matruh.
 - ٦- يقبل الكثيرون على شراء الوجبات السريعة نظراً لرخص سعرها.
- A. Many people prefer buying the fast foods because they are a cheap.
- B. Many people prefer buying fast foods because they are cheap.
- C. Many people prefer buying a fast foods because they are cheap.
- D. Many the people prefer buying fast foods because they are cheap.
 - ٧- نصبو الى عالم يسوده الحب و التعاون بين الناس.
- A. We aspire to a world which prevail love and peace among people.
- B. We aspire to a world which love and peace prevail among people.

- C. We aspire to a world who love and peace prevail among people.
- D. We aspire to a world where love and peace prevail among people.

٨- تشتهر الغابات الاستوانية بجوها الحار و أمطارها الغزيرة على مدار العام

- A. Rainforests famous for hot weather and heavy rain all the year round.
- B. Rainforests are famous for hot weather and heavy rain all the year round.
- C. Rainforests are famous for hot weather and rain heavy all the year round.
- D. Famous rainforests for hot air and heavy rain all the year round.

٩- أن نتعلم كيف نستخدم اللغة الرسمية لكي نتمكن من كتابة سيرة ذاتية جيدة .

- A. We must learn how to use formal language to be able to write a good CV.
- B. We must learn how to use formal language to be unable to write a good CV.
- C. We must learn how to use informal language to be able to write a good CV.
- D. We must teach how to use formal language to be able to write a good CV.

١٠ - لا أحد كامل أو مثالي، و لذلك لا تنتظر أن تفعل كل شيء بشكل مثالي طوال الوقت .

- A. No one is perfect, so don't wait to do everything write all the time.
- B. No one is perfect, so don't expect to do everything right all the time.
- C. No one is perfect, so not expect to make everything right all the time.
- D. No one perfect, so don't expect to do everything right all the time.

١١- يتطلع الطلاب إلى دراسة موابر تساعدهم على الحصول على وظيفة جيدة في المستقبل.

- A. Students looking forward to studying subjects which help them to get a good job in the future.
- B. Students look forward to studying subjects help them to get a good job in the future.
- C. Students are looking forward to studying subjects which help them to get a good job in the future.
- D. Students look forward to studying subjects which help them to get a good job in the future.

١٢- المدرسة شريك اساسي للوالدين في تنشئة الاطفال وتنمية مهاراتهم واكتشاف مواهبهم .

- A. School is the main part of parents in bringing up children, developing their skills and discovering their talents.
- B. School is the main partner of parents in bringing about children, developing their skills and discovering their talents.
- C. School is the main partner of parents in bringing up children, developing their skills and discovering there talents.
- D. School is the main partner of parents in bringing up children, developing their skills and discovering their talents.

١٣- من الحكمة أن تفكر جيدا قبل اتخاذ القرارات الهامة.

- A. It is wise to think carefully before taking important decisions.
- B. It is wise think carefully before taking important decisions.
- C. From the wisdom to think carefully before taking important decisions.
- D. Think carefully before taking important decisions is wise

١٠- انتشار الجريمة مشكلة خطيرة تهدد مجتمعنا.

- A. Spread of crime is dangerous problem that threatens our society.
- B. Spread of crime is a dangerous problem that threatens our society.
- C. Spread of crime is dangerous a problem that threatens the our society.
- D. A spread of crime is a dangerous problem that threaten our society.

- ٥١- تحمل المسئولية صفة يجب أن يتحلى بها الفرد اذا أراد أن ينجح في عمله.
- A. Being responsible is a quality one must have to succeed in one's work.
- B. Carrying responsibility is a quality one must have to succeed in one's work.
- C. Having responsibility is an adjective one must have to succeed in one's work.
- D. Lifting responsibility is a quality one must have to succeed in one's work.

١٦- يسعدنا مشاهدة الألعاب الأولمبية التي تنظم كل أربع سنوات.

- A. It pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which is held every four years.
- B. Pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which is held every four years.
- C. It is pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which is held every four years.
- D. It pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which held every four years.

١٧ - علينا ألا تزعج المرضى أو الطلبة الذين يستذكرون دروسهم وذلك بمراعاة الهدوء.

- A. We should not to annoy patients or students who study there lessons by keeping quiet.
- B. We should not annoy patients or students study their lessons by looking after quiet.
- C. We should not annoy patients or students who study their lessons by keeping quiet.
- D. We shouldn't annoy the pour or students studying their lessons though kept quiet.

١٨- ندين لوالدينا بالكثير فهم يبذلون قصاري جهدهم ليجعلوا حياتنا آمنة وسعيدة .

- A. We owe much to our parents as they do their best to make our life safely and happy.
- B. We owe much to our parents as they do their pest to make our life safe and happy.
- C. We owe much to our parents as they do their best to make our life safe and happy.
- D. We owe much to our parents as they do there best to make our life safe and happy.

١٩ - مهارات الكمبيوتر هامة لمواجهة المنافسة في سوق العمل.

- A. Computer skills are important to face competition in labour market.
- B. Computer skills are important to face competition in labour a market.
- C. Computer skills are an important to face competition in labour the market.
- D. Computer the skills are important to face competition in labour market.
 - ٠٠- يقال أن الكثير من الأشياء التي نستخدمها يوميا تصنع من البلاستيك .
- A. It's said that most of the things that we use every the day are made of plastic.
- B. It's said that most of the things that we use daily are made of the plastic.
- C. It's said that most of the things that we use daily are made of a plastic.
- D. It's said that the most of things that we use daily are made of plastic.
 - ٢١- خطأ أن يترك الطلبة واجباتهم المدرسية ليلعبوا الكرة أو ليشاهدوا التلفاز.
- A. It's the wrong for students to leave their homework so as to play football or watch TV.
- B. Wrong for students to leave their homework so as to play football or watch TV.
- C. It's wrong for students to leave their homework so as to play football or watch TV.

- D. It's wrong for students to leave there homework so as to play football or watch TV.
 - ٢٢- تنشئ الحكومة مصانع تساهم في زيادة الإنتاج.
- A. The government sets up factories take part in increasing production.
- B. The government sets up factories where take part in increasing production.
- C. The government sets up factories taken part in increasing production.
- D. The government sets up factories which / that take part in increasing production.
 - ٣٧- يعانى الطلبة من مشكلات تؤثر سلباً على تركيزهم.
- A. Students suffer from problems negatively affect their concentration.
- B. Students suffer from problems affect negatively their concentration.
- C. Students suffer from problems who negatively affect their concentration.
- D. Students suffer from problems that negatively affect their concentration.
 - ٤٢- تكمن أهمية السياحة في توفير العملة الصعبة و فرص العمل و في زيادة التبادل الثقافي بين الأفراد و بين الدول.
- A. The importance of tourism lies in providing hard currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural change among individuals and countries.
- B. The importance of tourism lies in providing hardly currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural exchange among individuals and countries.
- C. The importance of tourism lays in providing hardly currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural exchange among individuals and countries.
- D. The importance of tourism lies in providing hardly currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural exchange among individuals and countries.
 - ٥٠- تسعى الحكومة الى زيادة الانتاج حتى تستطيع توفير العملة الصعبة اللازمة المشروعات العملاقة
- A. The government tries to decrease production to be able to provide hard currency which is necessary to set up giant projects.
- B. The government tries to increase production to be able to provide hard currency which is necessary to set up giant projects.
- C. The government tries to increase production to can provide hard currency which is necessary to set up giant projects.
- D. The government tries to increase production to be able to provide hard currency which is unnecessary to set up giant projects.
 - ٢٦- تحاول الحكومة جاهدة اصلاح وتطوير المناطق العشوائية بهدف توفير حياة كريمة للناس.
- A. The government tries hard to reform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.
- B. The government tries hardly to inform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.
- C. The government dries hard to perform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.
- D. The government is try hard to reform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.

٧٧ - يعانى العالم من الاضرار الناجمة عن جائحة كورونا التي ادت الى خسائر اقتصادية كبيرة وملايين من الوفيات

- A. The world suffers from the harms causing Corona pandemic, which led to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
- B. The world suffers from the harms resulted from Corona pandemic, which led to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
- C. The world suffers from the farms resulted from Corona epidemic, which led to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
- D. The world suffers from the harms resulted from Corona pandemic, which lid to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
 - ٢٨- التطعيم علاج طبي يمنع الناس من الاصابة بالأمراض المعدية ويمنع هذه الامراض من الانتشار.
- A. Vaccination is a medical treatment prevents people from catching infectious diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
- B. Vaccination is a medical treatment that protects people from catch infectious diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
- C. Vaccination is a medical treatment that prevents people from catching infectious diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
- D. Vaccination is a medical treatment that prevents people from catching infections diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
 - ٢٩ ستواجه كثير من الدول ندرة المهام قريبا . ينبغي علينا ان نرشد استخدام المياه والا سوف نعاني من الجفاف والمجاعة
- A. Many countries will be faced lack of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and famine.
- B. Many countries will face lock of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and famine.
- C. Many countries will face lack of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and famine.
- D. Many countries will face lack of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and fame.
 - ٣٠- يجب ان نتحد جميعا لمواجهة الارهاب والعنف الذي يهدف الى الحاق الضرر بوطننا العزيز مصر
- A. We must all unite to face terror and violent which aim to harm our dear homeland, Egypt.
- B. We must all unite to face terror and violence which aim to harm our dear homeland, Egypt.
- C. We must all unite to face terror and violent which aim to harm our dear homeland, Egypt.
- D. We must all unite to face terror and violence which aim to harming our dear homeland, Egypt.
 - ٣١- يفضل بعض الناس حياة الريف البسيطة الصحية فهناك يتجنبوا دخان المصانع وسرعة حياة المدينة ووسائل المواصلات المزدحمة
- A. Some people prefer the simple and healthy life of the country. There, they avoid the smoke of factories, the speed of city life and the crowded means of transport.
- B. Some people prefer the simple and healthy life of the country. There, they avoid the smoke of factories, the space of city life and the crowded means of transport.
- C. Some people prefer the simple and healthy life of the country. Their, they avoid the smoke of factories, the speed of city life and the crowded means of transport.

- D. Some people refer the simple and healthy life of the country. There, they avoid the smoke of factories, the speedy of city life and the crowding means of transport.
 - ٣٠- تلعب الجمعيات الخيرية دورا فعالا في حل كثير من المشكلات الاجتماعية لذا ينبغي على الاثرياء تقديم الدعم لها.
- A. Charities play an affecting rope in solving a lot of social problems, so the rich should support them.
- B. Charities play an effective rule in solving a lot of sociable problems, so the rich should support them.
- C. Charities play an effective role in solving a lot of social problems, so the rich should support it.
- D. Charities play an effective role in solving a lot of social problems, so the rich should support them.
 - ٣٣- العمل الجاد طريق النجاج، فمن خلاله تتحقق الأهداف و نتظب على المشاكل.
- A. Hard work the road to success. Through it, we achieve our goals and overcome problems.
- B. Hard work is the road to success. Through it, we achieving our goals and overcome problems.
- C. Hard work is the road to success: Through it, we achieve our goals and overcame problems.
- D. Hard work is the road to success. Through it, we achieve our goals and overcome problems.
 - ٣٤- الدم عنصر هام لحياة الإنسان فهو ينقل الأكسيجين والمواد المغذية الى كل اجزاء الجسم.
- A. Blood an important element as it transmits oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
- B. Blood is an important element as it transmit oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
- C. Blood is an important element as it transmits oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
- D. Blood is an important element as it is transmitted oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
 - ٣٥- ليس من المقبول أن يهمل الطالب مواد دراسية تساعده في اكتساب مهارات ضرورية للحصول على وظيفة.
- A. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects help him to acquire skills necessary for getting a job.
- B. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects that helps him to acquire skills necessary for getting a job.
- C. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects that help him to acquire skills necessary for getting a job.
- D. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects where help him to acquire skills
- ٣٦- يوفر العمل الجماعي فرصة تجعل العاملين يؤدون وظائفهم بكل سهولة و بدون شعور بالإرهاق أو الملل.
- A. Teamwork provides an opportunity who makes workers do their jobs without feeling bored or exhausted.
- B. Teamwork provides an opportunity is made workers do their jobs without feeling bored or exhausted.
- C. Teamwork provides an opportunity that makes workers do their jobs without feeling bored or exhausted.

- D. Teamwork provides an opportunity that makes workers do their jobs without feel bored or exhausted.
 - ٣٧- كثير من الشباب متحمسون للمشاركة في العمل الاجتماعي لكي يطوروا بلادهم. فالشباب هم أساس التطور لأي أمة لذلك تولى الدول المتقدمة اهتماما خاصا بالشباب
- A. A lot of young are interested in taking part in socialist work to develop their country. Young are the top of the development of any nation. Though, the developing countries pay special interest to youth.
- B. A lot of youth are keen on taking part in social work to develop their country. Youth are the basis of the development for any nation, so the developed countries pay special attention to youth.
- C. Many youth are keen on participate in social work to develop their country. Youth are the basis of the development for any nation, so the underdeveloped countries pay special respect to youth.
- D. Most young people are eager to participate in sociable work in order to develop their country. Young are the main for the development of any nation. Therefore, developing countries pay special attention to young.

٣٨- يجب أن يتعاون كل أفراد المجتمع كافة لمحاربة التنمر؛ فهو مشكلة اجتماعية سيئة تنتشر بين الشباب وتهدد الناس في كل مكان بالعالم

- A. It is a must for all members of society to care to battle for bullying, as it is a bad social problem extended between youth and threatened people everywhere in the world.
- B. All members of society should cooperate to fight bullying, as it is a bad social problem spread among youth and threatens people everywhere in the world.
- C. All individuals of society can cooperate to battle against bullying, as it is a bad community problem published among youth and threatens people everywhere.
- D. All of society must come together to fight bullying. That's a social problem which spreads among young people and threatens people every place in the world.

٣٩- إن مساعدة المعاقين هي مسئولية كل فرد في المجتمع؛ لذا يجب علينا أن نبذل قصارى جهدنا كي نجعلهم يختلطون مع أفراد المجتمع الآخرين

- A. Helping the disabled is the responsibility of everyone in society, so we should do our best to make them mix with other members of society.
- B. Helping the abled is the responsibility of everyone in society, so we should do our best to make them mix with others members of society.
- C. Helping the disabled is the responsibility of everyone in society, so we should do our least to make them mix with other numbers of society.
- D. Helping the disabled is the irresponsibility of everyone in society, so we should not do our best to make them mix with other members of society

• ٤ - تستطيع بعض الحيوانات تغيير لونها بلون البيئة المحيطة لتحمى أنفسها من حيوانات أقوى. فكل حيوان له خصائص تعينه على الحياة في بيئته الخاصة

- A. Some animals can exchange their colours to match their surroundings to protect themselves from stronger animals. Each animal has characteristics that help it live in its our environment.
- B. Some animals can change their colours to match their urroundings to prevent

themselves from weaker animals. Each animal has characteristics that help it live in its own environment.

- C. Some animals can change their colours to match their surroundings to protect themselves from stronger animals. Each animal has characteristics that help it live in its own environment.
- D. Some birds can change their colours to match their surroundings to protect themselves from stronger animals. Each animal has personalities that help it live in its own environment.

1 ٤ - يجب عليك أن تبذل قصارى جهدك لكى تنفع نفسك وعائلتك وبلدك، فالعمل الجاد والاجتهاد هما السبيل الوحيد للنجاح في الحياة

- A. You must do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your country. Hard work and diligence are the only way to succeed in life.
- B. You must do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your life. Hard work and diligence are the only way to succeed in life.
- C. You must do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your country. Hard work and negligence are the only road to succeed in life.
- D. You can't do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your country. Hard work and diligence are the only way to success in life.

٢٤- عندما تعطى وعدا لشخص فيجب آلا تخلفه ولا تقل غير الصدق، ولا تخف أن تقول الحقيقة فهذه قوة، ولا تمدح شخصنا لمجرد المدح

- A. When you make a promise, you should break it, don't say anything but truth, don't afraid to say the trust and don't praise someone for just praise.
- B. When you make a promise, you shouldn't break it; don't say anything but the truth; don't be afraid to say the truth; and don't praise someone for just praise.
- C. When you do a promise, you shouldn't break it, don't say anything but truth, don't afraid to say the truth and don't praise someone for just breath.
- D. When you make a promise, you shouldn't break it, don't say anything but truth, don't afraid to say the truth and don't raise someone for just praise.

٣٤- إن القراءة وسيلة لتنمية الثقافة وتحصيل المعرفة النافعة في وقت الفراغ، وممارسة الرياضة تساعد في الحفاظ على اللياقة البدنية وتجديد النشاط.

- A. Reading is a means to develop culture and getting helpless knowledge in spare time and doing sport helps to keep fat and renew energy.
- B. Reading is a mean to develop history and getting useful knowledge in spare time and doing sport helps to keep fit and renew energy.
- C. Reading is a means to develop culture, and get helpful knowledge in spare time, and doing sport help to keep fit and renew energy.
- D. Reading is a means to develop culture and getting helpful knowledge in spear time and making sport helps to keep fit and renew energy.

٤٤- لقد لعبت المرأة المصرية دائمًا دورا حيويًا في تحسين المجتمع ونمو الاقتصاد المصرى من خلال اهتمامها بأسرتها ووظيفتها في نفس الوقت.

- A. The Egyptian woman has played a vital rule in proving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her interest in her family and job at the same time.
- B. The Egyptian woman has been playing a vital role in improving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her work in her family and job at the same time.

- C. The Egyptian woman has played a vital role in improving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her interest in her family and task at the different time.
- D. The Egyptian woman has played a vital role in improving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her interest in both her family and job at the same time.

٥٤- مشاركة يونيسف مصر في الدورة السابعة والعشرين لقمة المناخ جاءت لضمان الاعتراف بأزمة المناخ على أنها أزمة للأطفال والنشء والشباب ولتعزيز مناهج تقليل مخاطر المناخ

- A. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to ensure recognition of the weather crisis as a crisis for children, adolescents and youth, and to promote approaches to reduce climate benefits.
- B. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to ensure recognition of the climate crisis as a crisis for the poor, adolescents and youth, and to promote approaches to increase climate risks.
- C. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to ensure recognition of the climate crisis as a crisis for children, adolescents, and youth, and to promote approaches to reduce climate risks.
- D. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to sure recognition of the climate crisis as a crisis for children, adolescents and youth, and to promote standards to reduce climate risks.

7 ٤ - تعتبر السياحة البينية مصدر مهاشر المن مصادر الدخل القومي في مصر؛ فمصر تمتلك الكثير والكثير من الأماكن الطبيعية المعزولة التي يرغب السياح في زيارتها

- A. Ecotourism is considered a direct source of international income in Egypt as Egypt has more and more isolated natural palaces that tourists desire to visit.
- B. Ecotourism is considered a direct source of national income in Egypt as Egypt has more and less isolated artificial places that tourists desire to visit.
- C. Ecotourism is considered a direct source of national income in Egypt, as Egypt has more and more isolated natural places that tourists desire to visit.
- D. Ecotourism is considered an indirect source of national income in Egypt as Egypt has more and more isolated natural places that tourists desire to go.

٤٧- عادةً ما يُعرّف المجتمع النجاح بأنه كَسْب كثير من المال، لكنّ مفهوم النجاح له معنّى أعمق من ذلك ويختلف من شخص لآخر.

- A. Social often defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and differs from one person to the next.
- B. Society usually defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and is thought differently from one person to the next.
- C. Society often defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and differs from one person to the next.
- D. Society often refines success as making lots of money; in addition, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and is defined differently by each individual.

9

Mr Galal 01061514591

- ٨٤- لزيادة فُرَصِ توظيفك في سوق العمل التنافسيّ اليوم، يجب أن تكون لديك سيرة ذاتيَّة قويّة.
- A. If you want to increase your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you must build a strong CV.
- B. To increase your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you must build a strong CV.
- C. To increase your chances of employment in today's comparing job market, you must build a strong CV.
- D. Increasing your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you may build a strong CV.
 - ٩٤- وفقًا لعدّة دراسات، تبيّن أن الاستخدام الزائد لوسائل التواصل الاجتماعيّ قد يُؤدّي إلى القلق والاكتئاب.
- A. According to multiple studies, using social media extensively can lead to anxious and depressed.
- B. According to multiple studies, using social media excessively could lead to anxiety and depression.
- C. According to multiple students, using social media excessively could lead to anxiety and depression.
- D. According to multiple studies, watching media consistently could lead to anxiety and depression.
 - ٥٠ الموقع الإستراتيجيَّ لمصر على سلكل المجر المنوسط يُفسِّر التنوُّع الثقافيُّ الغنيُّ الذي تتمتُّع به.
- A. Egypt's strategic position among Mediterranean countries explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.
- B. Egypt's strategic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.
- C. Egypt's strategic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast is the reason for the rich and diverging culture.
- D. Egypt's tragic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.

Read the sentences and choose the correct Arabic translation from A, B, C or D.

51- It's difficult to drive when it rains heavily.

- ١- قيادة السيارة الصعبة عند سقوط المطر الغزير
- ٢- من الصعب قيادة السيارة عندما تمطر بغزارة.
- ٣- أن تقود السيارة قبل سقوط المطر الغزير من الصعب.
 - ٤- قيادة السيارة في المطر الشديد ليس صعباً.
- 52- We want to use apps which enable us to enjoy our free time.
 - ١- نرغب في استخدام تطبيقات تمكننا من الاستمتاع بأوقات فراغنا
 - ٢- استخدام التطبيقات له رغبه في المساعدة في الاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ.
 - ٣- نحن نريد أن نستخدم التطبيقات التي تستمتع بوقت الفراغ
 ٤- نستمتع بوقت فراغنا عندما نريد المساعدة في التطبيقات.
- 53- The government has to set a plan to attract students to attend school.
 - ١- لقد وضعت الحكومة خطة لجذب الطلاب للذهاب الى المدرسة
 - ٢- يجب على الحكومة أن تضع خطة لجذب الطلاب للذهاب الى المدرسة
 - ٣- يجب على الحكومة أن تضع خطة للهجوم على الطلاب للذهاب الى المدرسة
 - ٤- يجب على الحكومة أن تضع خطة لمنع الطلاب من الذهاب الى المدرسة.

54- People who live within a family are happier than people who live alone.

١- الناس الذين يعيشون داخل الأسرة أسعد من هؤلاء الذين يعيشون بمفردهم.

٢- الناس الذين مع الأسرة سعداء مثل من يعيش بمفردة.

٣- يعيش الناس في داخل الأسرة و هم سعداء بوحدتهم.

٤- يعيش الناس سعداء في الأسرة أقل من الناس الذين يعيشون بمفردهم.

55- We don't have to get up early to go to the work as we are on the holiday.

١- لا نرغب في الاستيقاظ مبكرا للذهاب للعمل فنحن في أجازه

٢- لا نملك أن نستيقظ مبكراً للذهاب للعمل فنحن في أجازة

٣- لسنا مضطرين للاستيقاظ مبكرا للذهاب للعمل فنحن في أجازة

٤- لا مجال للاستيقاظ مبكراً طالما كنا في أجازة.

56- You have to take care when crossing a busy street during rush hour.

١- يجب عليك أن تعتنى عندما تعير شارعاً مزدحماً أثناء ساعة الذروة

٢- الشارع المزدحم أثناء ساعة الذروة.

٣- عليك أن تحت يجب عليك أن تحترس عند عبور الشارع المشغول أثناء ساعة الذروة

٤- عليك أن تعتنى عندما تعير شارعاً مزدحماً أثناء الساعة المندفعة .

57- France is a European country that overlooks the Mediterranean sea.

١- فرنسا بلد أوربية يطل عليها البحر الأبيض المتوسط ٢- فرنسا بلد أوربية تطل على البحر الأبيض المتوسط

٣- فرنسا تكون بدل أوربية تنظر الى أعلى إلى المحر المتوسط

٤- فرنسا من الدول الأوربية التي يراها البحر الأبيض المتوسط

58- It has been proved that smoking causes a lot of dangerous diseases.

١- ثبت أن التدخين سببه الكثير من الأمراض الخطيرة

٢- من اسباب التدخين الكثير من الأمراض الخطيرة

٣- ثبت أن التدخين يسبب الكثير من الأمراض الخطيرة

٤- ثبت أن الأمراض الخطيرة تسبب التدخين.

59- Treating a child badly has a negative impact on his character and selfconfidence.

١- معاملة الطفل لنا سينة و لها آثار سلبية على شخصيته ونفسيته

٢- علاج الطفل بطريقة سيئة لها تأثير سلبي على شخصيته و ثقته بنفسه

٣- معاملة الطفل السيئة تتأثر سلبيا بشخصيته و ثقته بنفسه.

٤- معاملة الطفل بطريقة سيئة لها تأثير سلبي على شخصيته و ثقته بنفسه .

60- When you are sick, keep your distance from others to protect them from getting sick.

١- عندما تكون بالمرض . حافظ على وجود مسافة بعيداً عن الآخرين لكي يصابوا بالمرض

٢- عندما تشعر بالمرض . حافظ على وجود مسافة بعيدا عن الأخرين لكي يصابوا بالمرض

٣- عندما تشعر بالمرض . حافظ على وجود مسافة بعيداً عن الآخرين لكي تحميهم من الاصابة بالمرض

٤- عندما تشعر بالمرض حافظ على وجود مسافة من الآخرين لكي تحمى نفسك من الاصابة بالمرض.

61- Scientific research is the cornerstone of achieving welfare and prosperity for the society.

١- يمثل البحث العلمي في حجر الزاوية في تحقيق الرخاء والازدهار للمجتمع

٢- يشكل البحث العلمي حجر الزاوية لتحقيق الرخاء والإزهار للمجتمع.

٣- إن البحث العلمي يشكل حجر الزاوية لوضع حد للرخاء والازدهار للمجتمع .

٤- إن البحث العلمي حجر عند الزاوية في تحقيق رخاء وازدهار للمجتمع .

62- Summer vacations provide every student with an opportunity to take a break from daily homework.

١- توفر الإجازات الصيفية القدرة لكل طالب لكى يعطى راحة للواجبات المنزلية اليومية

٢- تعرض الإجازات الصيفية الفرصة لكل طالب لكي يأخذ راحة يومية من الواجبات المنزلية

٣- تعطى الإجازات الصيفية الفرصة لكل طالب لكى يأخذ راحة من الواجبات المنزلية اليومية.

٤- تعطى الإجازات في الصيف الفرصة لكل طالب لكي بأخذ الواجبات المنزلية اليومية.

63- Wildlife has suffered severe losses or even faced extinction due to pollution and destruction of their habitat.

١- لقد عانت الحياة البرية من خسائر كبيرة حتى واجهت الانقراض بسبب التلوث و تدمير موطنها

٢- الحياة البرية عادت من خسائر كبيرة حتى واجهت الإقراض بسبب التلوث و تدمير موطنها

٣- لقد عانت الحياة البرية من خسائر كبيرة حتى واجهت الانقراض بسبب التلوث و تدمير عاداتها

٤- لقد عانت الحياة البرية من خسائر ضئيلة حتى واجهت الانقراض بسبب التلوث وتدمير موطنها .

64- Young people mustn't wait for governmental jobs; They have to look for work in the private sector.

١- على الشباب انتظار الوظائف الحكومية والبحث عن عمل في القطاع الخاص

٢- على الشباب عدم انتظار الوظائف من أجل الحكومة والبحث عن عمل في القطاع الخاص.

٣- على الشباب عدم انتظار الوظائف الحكومية و لكن يجب عليهم البحث عن عمل في القطاع الخاص.

٤- على الشباب عدم انتظار الوظائف الحكومية و النظر من أجل العمل في القطاع الخاص.

65. Egypt has witnessed a great shift in all aspects of life, especially in the field of information technology.

١- قد تشهد مصر نقلة كبيرة فلي جميع مجالات الحياة خصوصا في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات

٢- لقد شهدت مصر نقلة كبيرة في جيء مجالات الحياة خصوصا في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

٣- شهدت مصر نقلة كبيرة في جميع الجاهات الحياة خصوصا في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

٤- شهدت مصر نقلة كبيرة في جميع مجالات الكيام وبالتاكيم في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

66- Water will become one of our most serious problems. Demand for water will increase greatly in the coming years.

١- سيصبح الماء أحد أخطر المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كيلير في الكنوات الماضية .

٢- أصبح الماء أحد أخطر المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كبير في السلنوات القادمة

٣- سيصبح الماء خطر على المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كبير في السنوات القادمة

٤- سيصبح الماء أحد أخطر المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كبير في السنوات القادمة .

67. Education is not knowing facts, but the training of minds to think. The value of education is to train the mind to think logically.

١ - ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تخريب للعقول على التفكير. فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير بشكل منطقى.

٢- ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تدريب للعقول على التفكير. فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير بشكل منطقى

٣- ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تدريب للعقول على التذكر . فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير بشكل منطقى

٤- ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تدريب للعقول على التفكير. فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير اللامنطقي

68- School has a significant impact on the child as it provides him with the necessary experiences which help him solve his problems.

١- المدرسة تتأثر بشكل ضروري بالطفل فهي تزوده بالخبرات الضرورية التي تساعده على حل مشاكله ٢٠- للمدرسة تأثير مهم على الطفل فهي تزوده بالخبرات الضرورية التي تساعده على حل مشاكله

٣- للمدرسة تأثير مهم على الطفل فهي تزوده بالمواد الضرورية التي تساعده على حل مشاكله

٤- للمدرسة تأثير مهم على الطفل فهي تزوده بالأفكار الضرورية التي تسعده في حل مشاكله.

69- All people around the world dream of peace and safety, but this can only be achieved by cooperation, patience and hard work.

١- تحلم جميع الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا لن يتحقق بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد

٢- تحلم جميع الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا لن يتحقق الا بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد

٣- تحلم الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا لن يتحقق بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد.

٤- تحلم جميع الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا يتحقق بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد.

70- Practising sports is a good means to get rid of fatigue and frustration resulting from work for long and this has positive consequences on one's mental health.

١- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة لزيادة الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج من العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتائج إيجابية على صحة الإنسان النفسية .

٢- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة للتخلص من الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج من العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتائج إيجابية
 على الصحة النفسية للإنسان .

٣- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة للتخلص من الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج عنهما العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتانج البحابية على الصحة النفسية للإنسان.

٤- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة للتخلص من الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج من العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتائج إيجابية على الصحة الجسدية للإنسان

71- Poverty is not only a lack of money, but also a lack of hope. People living in poverty feel unable to change their situation. They feel isolated from their community.

١- الفقر ليس فقط في نقص المال و لكن أيضا في زيادة الأمل، فمن يعيشون في فقر يشعرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير أوضاعهم كما يشعرون دائما بأنهم معزوك عن مجتمعهم .

٢- الفقر ليس فقط في نقص المال و لكن أيطيا في افتقاد الأمل، فمن يعيشون في فقر يشعرون بقدرتهم على تغيير

أوضاعهم كما يشعرون دانما بأنهم معزولون عن مكتمعهم والمحتمعهم المحتمعهم على تغيير المقر للمحرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير المقر المال والكن أيضا في افتقاد الأمل، فمن يعيشون في فقر يشعرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير وجهات نظرهم كما يشعرون دائما بأنهم معزولون عن مجتمعهم

؛ - الفقر ليس فقط في نقص المال و لكن أيضًا في افتقاد الأمل، فمن يعيشون فل فقر يشعرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير أوضاعهم كما يشعرون دائما بأنهم معزولون عن مجتمعهم .

72- Social networking websites are a good way to make new friends. However, It is very dangerous because you never know the people you make contact with.

١- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لتكوين صداقات جديدة ومع ذلك فليس لها خطورة شديدة لأنك لا تعرف الناس الذين تتواصل ابدا.

٢- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لتكوين صدقات جديدة .ومع ذلك فلها خطورة شديدة لأنك لا تعرف الناس الذين تتواصل.

٣- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لعمل صداقات جديدة .ومع ذلك فلها خطورة شديدة لأنك ستعرف الناس الذين تتواصل معهم إلى الأبد .

ع- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لتكوين صداقات جديدة . ومع ذلك فلها خطورة شديدة لأنك ابدا لا تعرف الناس الذين تواصل معهم .

73- Students learn not only lots of new knowledge from the books but also much more necessary experience such as how to manage time and how to cooperate with others.

١- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعارف القديمة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية إدارة الوقت و كيفية التعاون مع الآخرين

٢- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعازف الجديدة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية تحديد الوقت و كيفية التعاون مع الآخرين.

٣- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعارف الجديدة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية إدارة الوقت و كيفية التعدين مع الآخرين.

٤- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعارف الجديدة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية إدارة الوقت و كيفية التعاون مع الآخرين.

74- The progress and development of any country are based on education and health care. The man who is ignorant or ill never helps himself or others.

١- أن تقدم وتنمية أي دولة يقوم على التعليم والرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض لا يساعد نفسه أو

الآخرين . ٢- ان تقدم وتنمية اي دولة يقود إلى التعليم والرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض لا يساعد نفسه أو الآخرين

٢- ان تقدم وتنميه اي دوله يقود إلى التعليم والرعايه الصحيه فالشخص الجاهل او المريض لا يساعد نفسه او الاخرين
 ٣- ان تقدم وتنمية أي دولة يقوم على التعليم والرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض بوسعه أن يساعد نفسه والأخرين

٤- ان تقدم وتنمية أي دولة يقوم على التعليم وليس الرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض لا يساعد نفسه أو الآخرين .

75- Leisure time is a serious problem that faces young people who spend their time sitting in front of television without doing anything useful.

١- ان وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة تواجه الشباب الذي يقضي وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز دون أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد
 ٢- ان وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة تواجه الشباب الذي يقضي وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز من أجل أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد

٣- إن وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة توجه الشباب الذي يقضى وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز دون أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد ٤- ان وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة تواجه الشباب الذي يستثمر وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز دون أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد.

76- It's known university life is one of the most useful periods of one's life as it exposes them to new experiences that we were not familiar with earlier.

١- من المعروف أن الحياة الجمعية واحدة من أكثر الفترات قائدة في حياة الفرد فهي تعرضه لخبرات جديدة لم يكن على دراية بها من قبل.

٢- من المعروف أن الحياة الجامعية واحدة من أكثر الفترات فائدة في حياة الفرك فلهلي تمنعه من خبرات جديدة لم يكن على دراية بها من قبل

٣- من المعروف أن الحياة الجامعية واحدة من أكثر الفترات فاندة في حياة الفرد فهى تعرضه لخبرات جديدة لم يكن على دراية بها

٤- من المعروف أن الحياة الجامعية واحدة من أكثر الفقرات فائدة في حياة الفرد فهي تعرضه لخبرات جديدة كان على دراية بها من قبل

77- Mobile phones are available in various sizes and shapes. They are used for different purposes, and hence it's called a smartphone.

١- الهواتف المحمولة متوفرة بأحجام وأشكال عديدة وتستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و لذلك تسمي بالهواتف الذكية

٢- الهواتف المحمولة متوفرة بأحجام عديدة وأشكال وتستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و لذلك تسمى بالهواتف الذكية

٣- الهواتف المحمولة متوفرة بأحجام وأشكال عديدة وتستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و مع ذلك تسمى بالهواتف الذكية

٤- الهواتف المحمودة متوفرة بأحجام وأشكال عادية و تستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و لذلك تسمى بالهواتف الذكية .

78- Many people have started teleworking due to the crisis of Covid 19, but this leads to increasing the feelings of isolation.

١- لقد بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل التلفزيوني بسبب ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادي الى زيادة مشاعر العزلة.

٢- لقد بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل عن قرب بسبب ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادي الى زيادة مشاعر العزلة

٣- بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل عن بعد بسبب ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادي الي زيادة مشاعر العزلة.

٤- بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل عن بعد و نتج عن ذلك ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادى الى زيادة مشاعر العزلة

79- One cause of global warming is carbon dioxide which traps the solar rays and prevents them from escaping the earth's atmosphere.

١- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد نتائج الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس ويمنعها من الخروج من الغلاف الجوي للأرض

- ٢- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد أسباب الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس و يمنعها من الخروج من الغلاف الجوي للأرض
 - ٣- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد أسباب الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس و يسمح لها بالخروج من الغلاف الجوي للأرض
- ٤- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد أسباب الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس ويمنعها من الخروج من الغلاف الماني للأرض .
- 80- Rainforests contain some of the most valuable resources man needs and uses, yet they are being destroyed in massive proportions, which in turn leads to global warming.

١- تحتوي الغابات الاستوائية على معظم المواد الأكثر قيمة والتي يحتاجها الإنسان ويستخدمها، ومع ذلك يتم تدمير تلك الغابات بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري

٢- تحتوي الغابات الاستوانية على معظم الموارد الأكثر قيمة والتي يحتاجها ويستخدمها الإنسان، ومع ذلك يتم تعمير تلك الغابات. بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري.

٣- تحتوي الغابات الاستوانية على معظم الموارد الأقل قيمة والتي يحتاجها ويستخدمها الإنسان، ومع ذلك يتم تدمير تلك الغابات بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري

٤- تحتوي الغابات الاستوانية على معظم الموارد الأكثر قيمة و التي يحتاجها و يستخدمها الإنسان، ومع ذلك يتم تدمير تلك الغابات بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري.

81- National parks are home to hundreds of different species which can be destroyed by industry or natural disasters.

١- الجراجات الطبيعية موطن لمنات من الفصائل المختلفة والتي يمكن أن تدمرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية

٢- المحميات الطبيعية منزل لمئات من الفصائل المكتلفة والتي يمكن أن تدمرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية

٣- المحميات الطبيعية موطن لمئات من الفصائل المختلفة في التلي يمكن أن تدمرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية.

٤- المحميات الطبيعية موطن لمئات من الفضائل المختلفة والتي يمكن أن تصرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية.

82- Maintaining a healthy body is not that easy. Always there is a need to be healthy because unhealthy body will be attacked by many diseases.

 ١- المحافظة على جسم صحي ليس بالأمر اليسير. نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي يهاجم أمراض كثيرة.

٢- المحافظة على جسم صحي ليس بالأمر اليسير. نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي تهاجمه أمراض كثيرة.

٣- المحافظة على جسم صحي أمر يسير. نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي يهاجم أمراض كثيرة.
 ٤- المحافظة على جسم صحي ليس بالأمر اليسير. لا نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي يهاجم

83- Life is the instructor that gives you the opportunity to learn new things every day. It motivates you to learn and defeat the challenges which you come across.

١- الحياة هي المعلم الذي يأخذ منك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديات التي تصادقك .

٢- الحياة هي المعلم الذي يعطيك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديات التي تصادقك.

٣- الحياة هي المتعلم الذي يعطيك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديات التي تصادقك.

الحياة هي المعلم الذي يعطيك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديثات التي تصادقك.

84- To love your country is not only to be proud of it, but also to not be afraid to confront its complicated problems and to work hard to solve them.

١- أن حب الوطن لا يعني فقط أن تفتخر به و لكن أيضا ألا تخاف من مواجهة مشاكله المعقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها.
 ٢- أن حب الوطن يعني فقط أن تفتخر به و يعنى أيضا ألا تخاف من مواجهة مشاكله المعقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها.

أمراض كثيرة.

٣- أن حب الوطن لا يعنى فقط أن تفتخر به و لكن أيضا أن تخاف من مواجهة مشاكله المعقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها. ٤- أن حب الوطن لا يعنى فقط أن تفتخر به و لكن أيضا ألا تخاف من مواجهته بمشاكل معقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها.

85- Cleanliness benefits us in many ways. It not only keeps us healthy but also improves our self-confidence level.

١- النظافة تفيدنا بطرق عديدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا فقط و لكنها أيضاً تحسن من مستوي ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

٢- النظافة تفيدنا بطرق عنيدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا فقط و لكنها أيضاً تحسن من مستوي ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

٣- النظافة تضرنا بطرق عديدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا فقط و لكنها أيضاً تحسن من مستوي ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

٤- النظافة تفيدنا بطرق عديدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا و لا تحسن من مستوى ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

86- Unemployment can threaten the security and stability of Egyptian society. The solution to this problem will be through new investments which provide more job opportunities.

١- البطالة تستطيع تهديد الأمن والثبات للمجتمع المصرى وحل هذه المشكلة سيكون من خلال تمويلات جديدة والتي ستوفر المزيد من الوظائف.

٢- يمكن للبطالة أن تهدد أمن واستقرار المجتمع المصرى وسيكون حل هذه المشكلة من خلال استثمارات جديدة والتي ستوفر المزيد من فرص العمل.

٣- يمكن للبطالة أن تهدد السلامة والأمان لدى المجتمع المصرى. سيكون حل هذه المشكلة من خلال استثمارات جديدة توفر المزيد من فرص العمل.

٤- البطالة يمكن أن تهدد أمن واستقرار المجتمع المصرى وسيكون حل هذه المشكلة من خلال رأس مال جديد والذي سيوفر القليل من فرص العمل

87- Setting your goals helps you know where to concentrate your efforts. And to achieve them, you should have determination, courage, and a sense of responsibility.

١- يساعد إحراز أهدافك على معرفة أين يجه علي علي على معرفة أين يجه على على على على العزم والشجاعة والإحساس بالمسنولية.

٢- وضع أهدافك يساعدك أن تعرف حيث يجب عليك أن تركز على محاولاتك. ولتحقيقها يجب أن يكون لديك العزيمة والثبات وإدراك المسنولية.

٣- إن تحديد أهدافك يساعدك على معرفة أين تركز جهودك. ولتحقيقها يجيد ألى يعون لديك العزم والشجاعة والشعور بالمسئولية.

٤- يساعد إنشاء أهدافك على معرفة حيثما يجب عليك أن تبذل قصارى جهودك. ولتحقيقها ينبغي أن تكون حاسمنا وشجاعاً ولديك إحساس بالمستولية.

88- Education is the principle of progress and development for all people and countries of the world, both the advanced and the developing.

١- إن التطيم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للشعوب ودول المجتمع على حد سواء المتقدمة والنامية.

٢- إن التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية لشعوب ودول العالم المتقدمة والنامية على حد سواء.

٣- إن التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتطور للشعوب ودول العالم على حد سواء المتأخرة والنامية.

٤- إن التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للمجتمعات ودول العالم على حد سواء المتقدمة والنامية

89- No one can avoid getting old, as aging is a natural process that gradually happens. During early middle age, many bodily functions begin to decline.

١- لا أحد يستطيع تجنب التقدم في السن لأنه عملية صناعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الوقت. فخلال بداية منتصف العمر، تبدأ العديد من وظائف الجسم في التحسن.

٢- لا أحد يستطيع تجنب التقدم في السن لأنه عملية طبيعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الزمن. فخلال بداية منتصف العمر، تبدأ العديد من وظانف الجسم في التدهور.

٣- لا أحد يستطيع تجنب الصغر في السن لأنه عملية طبيعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الوقت. فخلال نهاية منتصف العمر ، تبدأ العديد من وظانف الجسم في التدهور.

٤- لا أحد يريد تجنب صغر السن لأنه عملية طبيعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الوقت. فخلال بداية منتصف العمر ، تبدأ العديد من وظائف الجسم في التدهور

90- Tourism is extremely necessary for Egypt because it generates job opportunities and brings hard currency to the country. So, we must all work together to develop it.

 ١- إن السياحة ضرورية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص سفر وتجلب العملة الصعبة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب أن نتعاون معنا لتنميتها.

 ٢- إن السياحة ضرورية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص عمل وتجلب العملة الصعبة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب أن نتعاون جميعا لتنميتها.

٣- إن السياحة ضرورية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص عمل وتجلب العملة السهلة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب ألا نتعاون جميعا لتنميتها.

٤- إن السياحة ثانوية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص عمل وتجلب العملة الصعبة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب أن نتعاون جميعا لترويجه

91- When you give a person a quality education, you not only revive a nation, but also help him think and create to be a good citizen.

١- عندما تعطى شخصًا تعليمًا قيمًا فأنت لا تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضًا تساعده على الاختراع والإبداع ليكون عاملا صالحًا.

٢- عندما تعطى طالب تعليم قيم فأنت لا تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيض تعيقه عن التفكير والإبداع ليكون مواطن صالحا.

٣- عندما تعطى شخصنا تعليمنا قيمنا فأنت تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضنا تساعده على التفكير والإبداع ليكون مواطننا غنينا.

عندما تعطى شخصا تعليما قيما فأنت لا تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضا تساعده على التفكير والإبداع ليكون مواطنا صالحا.

92- Building good citizens and a creative society are the main aims of education. This will teach them self-reliance.

١- إن بناء المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مبدع هما الهدفان الأساسيان للدولة وهذا سيعلمهم الاعتماد على الغير.

٢- إن تنشئة المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مبكع هم الهمكان الأساسيان للتعليم وهذا سيعودهم على الاعتماد على النفس.

٣- إن بناء المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مفكر هما المعدفان الثانويان للتعليم وهذا سيعلمهم الاعتماد على النفس.

٤- إن بناء المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مبدع هما الهدفان الأساسيان للتعليم وهذا سيعلمهم الاعتماد على النفس.

93- Hana Goda is the first Egyptian to top the world rankings for girls under the age of 15 in table tennis game. She was described as a miracle.

١- هنا جودة هي أول مصرية تتصدر التصنيف المحلى للفتيات فوق سن 15عامنا في لعبة تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

٢- هنا جودة هي أول مصرية تتصدر التصنيف العالمي للفتيات تحت سن 15عامًا في لعبة تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

٣- هنا جودة هي أحدث مصرية تتصدر التصنيف العالمي للفتيات تحت سن 15عامنا في رياضة تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

٤- هنا جودة هي أول مصرية تتصدر التصنيف العالمي للاعبات تحت سن 15عاماً في ملعب تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

94- There is no doubt that education is the backbone of scientific progress. Without teachers, people will suffer from the darkness of ignorance.

١- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتقدم العملى وبدون المعلمين سيعانى الناس من آثار الجهل.

٢- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتقدم العلمي وبدون المتعلمين سيعاني الطلاب من ظلام الجهل.

٣- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتقدم العلمي وبدون المعلمين سيعاني الناس من ظلام الجهل.

٤- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتأخر العلمي وبدون المعلمين سيعاني الناس من نور الجهل

95- Some youth spend a long time on the internet nowadays, unaware of the potential dangers there. They are vulnerable to many kinds of crimes.

١- يقضى بعض الشباب القليل من وقتهم على الإنترنت هذه الأيام ولا يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هناك. فهم عرضة للقليل من أنواع الجرائم.

٢- يقضى بعض الشباب الكثير من وقتهم على الإنترنت هذه الشهور و يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هناك. فهم عرضة للعديد من أنواع الجرائم.

٣- يقضى بعض الشباب الكثير من عمرهم على الإنترنت هذه الأيام ولا يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هنا. فهم عرضة للعديد من أنواع الجرائم.

٤- يقضى بعض الشباب الكثير من وقتهم على الإنترنت هذه الأيام ولا يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هناك. فهم عرضة للعديد من أنواع الجرائم.

96. Governments should promote places of cultural interest and landmarks to boost tourism.

١- يجب أن تُروِّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهميَّة الثقافيَّة والمعالم المُهمَّة لتنشيط السياحة.

٢- يجب أن تُروَّج الحكومات للأماكن التي لا تتميَّز بأيِّ أهميَّة ثقافيَّة لتنشيط السياحة.

٣- يجب أن تُروِّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهميَّة الثقَّافيَّة فقط لتنشيط السياحة.

٤- يجب ألَّا تُروِّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهميَّة الثقافيَّة والمعالم المُهمَّة لتنشيط السياحة.

97. When old people reach the age of retirement, they have enough free time to pursue their passion or do some volunteer work to contribute to society.

١- عندما يصل كبار السنّ إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتّسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم.

٢- عندما يصل كبار السن إلى سن التقاعد، لا يكون لديهم مُتسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوّعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

٣- عندمًا يصل كبار السنّ إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتّسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوّعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

٤- عندمًا يصل صغار السنّ إلى سنّ التقاعد، ليكون المبهم مُتَسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوّعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

98. Successful entrepreneurs are usually creative, hardworking, and resourceful.

١- رُوَّاد الأعمال الناجحون عادةً ما يكونون مبدعين ومجتهدين وواسعى الحيالة إ

٢- رُوَّاد الأعمال الناجحون لا يكونون عادةً مبدعين ومجتهدين وواسعى الكيلة ﴿

٣- يُعرف رُوَّاد الأعمال الناجحون عادة بأنهم مبدعون وكسولون وواسعُو الحيلة.

٤- عادةً ما يكون رُوَّاد الأعمال واسعى الحيلة.

99. Justice and vengeance are common themes in myths, like the Egyptian myth of Isis and Osiris.

١- العدل والانتقام فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصريّة.

٢- العدل والإحسان فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصريَّة.

٣- العدل والانتقام فكرتان غير شائعتين في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصريّة.

٤- العدل والانتقام فكرتان شانعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس اليونانيّة.

100. To choose the right career path, one should find balance between passion and practicality in terms of the current job market's needs.

١- لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، لا يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الشغف والطابع العملي فيما يتعلّق بمتطلّبات سوق العمل الحالي.

٣- لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الإبداع والطابع العملي فيما يتعلّق بمتطلّبات سوق العمل الحالي.

٤- لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الشغف والطابع العملي فيما يتعلّق بمتطلّبات سوق العمل الحالى

فيسبوك Galal Abusohaseif *** واتس & فون Galal Abusohaseif

Mr Galal طـــلاب الثانــوى العــام ثانوية عامة ترجمــة اختيــارى 100 جملة بنوعيها ــ مارس 2023

اسم الطالب

Read the sentences and choose the correct English translation from A, B, C or D.

١ - كرة القدم محل اهتمام الكثير من الناس.

- A. Football is the shop of interest of a lot of people.
- B. A lot of people are interested in football.
- C. Ball foot shop interest a lot of people.
- D. Football is interested in a lot of people.
 - ٢- يوفر لنا الانترنت الفرصة للحصول على كم كبير من المعلومات.
- A. The internet gives us the chance to get how much information.
- B. The internet saves us the chance to get much information.
- C. The internet gives us the chance to get much information.
- D. The internet gives us the chance to get big much information.
 - ٣- يحذر الأطباء الناس من التدخين التسويه في كثير من الأمراض.
- A. Doctors war people of smoking as cause a tot of diseases.
- B. Doctors are warn people of smoking as it causes a lot of diseases.
- C. Doctors warn people of smoking as it causes a lot of diseases.
- D. Wam doctors people of smoking as it is caused a lot of diseases.
 - ٤- مسؤوليتنا تجاه الحفاظ على نظافة البيئة كبيرة.
- A. Our responsibility towards keeping the environment clean great.
- B. Our responsibility towards keeping the environment clean is great.
- C. From our responsibility keeping the environment clean.
- D. Keeping the environment clean from our responsibility.
 - ٥- لصديقى منزل كبير يطل على البحر في مطروح.
- A. For my friend a big house which overlooks the sea in Matruh.
- B. My friend has a big house overlocks the sea in Matruh.
- C. My friend has a big house which overlooks the sea in Matruh.
- D. My friend have a big house which overlooks the sea in Matruh.
 - ٦- يقبل الكثيرون على شراء الوجبات السريعة نظراً لرخص سعرها.
- A. Many people prefer buying the fast foods because they are a cheap.
- B. Many people prefer buying fast foods because they are cheap.
- C. Many people prefer buying a fast foods because they are cheap.
- D. Many the people prefer buying fast foods because they are cheap.
 - ٧- نصبو الى عالم يسوده الحب و التعاون بين الناس.
- A. We aspire to a world which prevail love and peace among people.
- B. We aspire to a world which love and peace prevail among people.

- C. We aspire to a world who love and peace prevail among people.
- D. We aspire to a world where love and peace prevail among people.

٨- تشتهر الغابات الاستوانية بجوها الحار و أمطارها الغزيرة على مدار العام

- A. Rainforests famous for hot weather and heavy rain all the year round.
- B. Rainforests are famous for hot weather and heavy rain all the year round.
- C. Rainforests are famous for hot weather and rain heavy all the year round.
- D. Famous rainforests for hot air and heavy rain all the year round.

٩- أن نتعلم كيف نستخدم اللغة الرسمية لكي نتمكن من كتابة سيرة ذاتية جيدة .

- A. We must learn how to use formal language to be able to write a good CV.
- B. We must learn how to use formal language to be unable to write a good CV.
- C. We must learn how to use informal language to be able to write a good CV.
- D. We must teach how to use formal language to be able to write a good CV.

١٠ - لا أحد كامل أو مثالي، و لذلك لا تنتظر أن تفعل كل شيء بشكل مثالي طوال الوقت .

- A. No one is perfect, so don't wait to do everything write all the time.
- B. No one is perfect, so don't expect to do everything right all the time.
- C. No one is perfect, so not expect to make everything right all the time.
- D. No one perfect, so don't expect to do everything right all the time.

١١- يتطلع الطلاب إلى دراسة موابر تساعدهم على الحصول على وظيفة جيدة في المستقبل.

- A. Students looking forward to studying subjects which help them to get a good job in the future.
- B. Students look forward to studying subjects help them to get a good job in the future.
- C. Students are looking forward to studying subjects which help them to get a good job in the future.
- D. Students look forward to studying subjects which help them to get a good job in the future.

١٢- المدرسة شريك اساسي للوالدين في تنشئة الاطفال وتنمية مهاراتهم واكتشاف مواهبهم .

- A. School is the main part of parents in bringing up children, developing their skills and discovering their talents.
- B. School is the main partner of parents in bringing about children, developing their skills and discovering their talents.
- C. School is the main partner of parents in bringing up children, developing their skills and discovering there talents.
- D. School is the main partner of parents in bringing up children, developing their skills and discovering their talents.

١٣- من الحكمة أن تفكر جيدا قبل اتخاذ القرارات الهامة.

- A. It is wise to think carefully before taking important decisions.
- B. It is wise think carefully before taking important decisions.
- C. From the wisdom to think carefully before taking important decisions.
- D. Think carefully before taking important decisions is wise

١٠- انتشار الجريمة مشكلة خطيرة تهدد مجتمعنا.

- A. Spread of crime is dangerous problem that threatens our society.
- B. Spread of crime is a dangerous problem that threatens our society.
- C. Spread of crime is dangerous a problem that threatens the our society.
- D. A spread of crime is a dangerous problem that threaten our society.

- ٥١- تحمل المسئولية صفة يجب أن يتحلى بها الفرد اذا أراد أن ينجح في عمله.
- A. Being responsible is a quality one must have to succeed in one's work.
- B. Carrying responsibility is a quality one must have to succeed in one's work.
- C. Having responsibility is an adjective one must have to succeed in one's work.
- D. Lifting responsibility is a quality one must have to succeed in one's work.

١٦- يسعدنا مشاهدة الألعاب الأولمبية التي تنظم كل أربع سنوات.

- A. It pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which is held every four years.
- B. Pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which is held every four years.
- C. It is pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which is held every four years.
- D. It pleases us to watch the Olympic Games which held every four years.

١٧ - علينا ألا تزعج المرضى أو الطلبة الذين يستذكرون دروسهم وذلك بمراعاة الهدوء.

- A. We should not to annoy patients or students who study there lessons by keeping quiet.
- B. We should not annoy patients or students study their lessons by looking after quiet.
- C. We should not annoy patients or students who study their lessons by keeping quiet.
- D. We shouldn't annoy the pour or students studying their lessons though kept quiet.

١٨- ندين لوالدينا بالكثير فهم يبذلون قصاري جهدهم ليجعلوا حياتنا آمنة وسعيدة .

- A. We owe much to our parents as they do their best to make our life safely and happy.
- B. We owe much to our parents as they do their pest to make our life safe and happy.
- C. We owe much to our parents as they do their best to make our life safe and happy.
- D. We owe much to our parents as they do there best to make our life safe and happy.

١٩ - مهارات الكمبيوتر هامة لمواجهة المنافسة في سوق العمل.

- A. Computer skills are important to face competition in labour market.
- B. Computer skills are important to face competition in labour a market.
- C. Computer skills are an important to face competition in labour the market.
- D. Computer the skills are important to face competition in labour market.
 - ٠٠- يقال أن الكثير من الأشياء التي نستخدمها يوميا تصنع من البلاستيك .
- A. It's said that most of the things that we use every the day are made of plastic.
- B. It's said that most of the things that we use daily are made of the plastic.
- C. It's said that most of the things that we use daily are made of a plastic.
- D. It's said that the most of things that we use daily are made of plastic.
 - ٢١- خطأ أن يترك الطلبة واجباتهم المدرسية ليلعبوا الكرة أو ليشاهدوا التلفاز.
- A. It's the wrong for students to leave their homework so as to play football or watch TV.
- B. Wrong for students to leave their homework so as to play football or watch TV.
- C. It's wrong for students to leave their homework so as to play football or watch TV.

- D. It's wrong for students to leave there homework so as to play football or watch TV.
 - ٢٢- تنشئ الحكومة مصانع تساهم في زيادة الإنتاج.
- A. The government sets up factories take part in increasing production.
- B. The government sets up factories where take part in increasing production.
- C. The government sets up factories taken part in increasing production.
- D. The government sets up factories which / that take part in increasing production.
 - ٣٧- يعانى الطلبة من مشكلات تؤثر سلباً على تركيزهم.
- A. Students suffer from problems negatively affect their concentration.
- B. Students suffer from problems affect negatively their concentration.
- C. Students suffer from problems who negatively affect their concentration.
- D. Students suffer from problems that negatively affect their concentration.
 - ٤٢- تكمن أهمية السياحة في توفير العملة الصعبة و فرص العمل و في زيادة التبادل الثقافي بين الأفراد و بين الدول.
- A. The importance of tourism lies in providing hard currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural change among individuals and countries.
- B. The importance of tourism lies in providing hardly currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural exchange among individuals and countries.
- C. The importance of tourism lays in providing hardly currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural exchange among individuals and countries.
- D. The importance of tourism lies in providing hardly currency, and job opportunities, and increasing cultural exchange among individuals and countries.
 - ٥٠- تسعى الحكومة الى زيادة الانتاج حتى تستطيع توفير العملة الصعبة اللازمة المشروعات العملاقة
- A. The government tries to decrease production to be able to provide hard currency which is necessary to set up giant projects.
- B. The government tries to increase production to be able to provide hard currency which is necessary to set up giant projects.
- C. The government tries to increase production to can provide hard currency which is necessary to set up giant projects.
- D. The government tries to increase production to be able to provide hard currency which is unnecessary to set up giant projects.
 - ٢٦- تحاول الحكومة جاهدة اصلاح وتطوير المناطق العشوائية بهدف توفير حياة كريمة للناس.
- A. The government tries hard to reform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.
- B. The government tries hardly to inform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.
- C. The government dries hard to perform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.
- D. The government is try hard to reform and develop slums with the aim of providing a decent life for people.

٧٧ - يعانى العالم من الاضرار الناجمة عن جائحة كورونا التي ادت الى خسائر اقتصادية كبيرة وملايين من الوفيات

- A. The world suffers from the harms causing Corona pandemic, which led to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
- B. The world suffers from the harms resulted from Corona pandemic, which led to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
- C. The world suffers from the farms resulted from Corona epidemic, which led to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
- D. The world suffers from the harms resulted from Corona pandemic, which lid to great economic losses and millions of deaths.
 - ٢٨- التطعيم علاج طبي يمنع الناس من الاصابة بالأمراض المعدية ويمنع هذه الامراض من الانتشار.
- A. Vaccination is a medical treatment prevents people from catching infectious diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
- B. Vaccination is a medical treatment that protects people from catch infectious diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
- C. Vaccination is a medical treatment that prevents people from catching infectious diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
- D. Vaccination is a medical treatment that prevents people from catching infections diseases and stops these diseases from spreading.
 - ٢٩ ستواجه كثير من الدول ندرة المهام قريبا . ينبغي علينا ان نرشد استخدام المياه والا سوف نعاني من الجفاف والمجاعة
- A. Many countries will be faced lack of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and famine.
- B. Many countries will face lock of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and famine.
- C. Many countries will face lack of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and famine.
- D. Many countries will face lack of water soon. We should rationalize using water or we will suffer from drought and fame.
 - ٣٠- يجب ان نتحد جميعا لمواجهة الارهاب والعنف الذي يهدف الى الحاق الضرر بوطننا العزيز مصر
- A. We must all unite to face terror and violent which aim to harm our dear homeland, Egypt.
- B. We must all unite to face terror and violence which aim to harm our dear homeland, Egypt.
- C. We must all unite to face terror and violent which aim to harm our dear homeland, Egypt.
- D. We must all unite to face terror and violence which aim to harming our dear homeland, Egypt.
 - ٣١- يفضل بعض الناس حياة الريف البسيطة الصحية فهناك يتجنبوا دخان المصانع وسرعة حياة المدينة ووسائل المواصلات المزدحمة
- A. Some people prefer the simple and healthy life of the country. There, they avoid the smoke of factories, the speed of city life and the crowded means of transport.
- B. Some people prefer the simple and healthy life of the country. There, they avoid the smoke of factories, the space of city life and the crowded means of transport.
- C. Some people prefer the simple and healthy life of the country. Their, they avoid the smoke of factories, the speed of city life and the crowded means of transport.

- D. Some people refer the simple and healthy life of the country. There, they avoid the smoke of factories, the speedy of city life and the crowding means of transport.
 - ٣٠- تلعب الجمعيات الخيرية دورا فعالا في حل كثير من المشكلات الاجتماعية لذا ينبغي على الاثرياء تقديم الدعم لها.
- A. Charities play an affecting rope in solving a lot of social problems, so the rich should support them.
- B. Charities play an effective rule in solving a lot of sociable problems, so the rich should support them.
- C. Charities play an effective role in solving a lot of social problems, so the rich should support it.
- D. Charities play an effective role in solving a lot of social problems, so the rich should support them.
 - ٣٣- العمل الجاد طريق النجاج، فمن خلاله تتحقق الأهداف و نتظب على المشاكل.
- A. Hard work the road to success. Through it, we achieve our goals and overcome problems.
- B. Hard work is the road to success. Through it, we achieving our goals and overcome problems.
- C. Hard work is the road to success: Through it, we achieve our goals and overcame problems.
- D. Hard work is the road to success. Through it, we achieve our goals and overcome problems.
 - ٣٤- الدم عنصر هام لحياة الإنسان فهو ينقل الأكسيجين والمواد المغذية الى كل اجزاء الجسم.
- A. Blood an important element as it transmits oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
- B. Blood is an important element as it transmit oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
- C. Blood is an important element as it transmits oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
- D. Blood is an important element as it is transmitted oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
 - ٣٥- ليس من المقبول أن يهمل الطالب مواد دراسية تساعده في اكتساب مهارات ضرورية للحصول على وظيفة.
- A. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects help him to acquire skills necessary for getting a job.
- B. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects that helps him to acquire skills necessary for getting a job.
- C. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects that help him to acquire skills necessary for getting a job.
- D. It's not acceptable for a student to neglect subjects where help him to acquire skills
- ٣٦- يوفر العمل الجماعي فرصة تجعل العاملين يؤدون وظائفهم بكل سهولة و بدون شعور بالإرهاق أو الملل.
- A. Teamwork provides an opportunity who makes workers do their jobs without feeling bored or exhausted.
- B. Teamwork provides an opportunity is made workers do their jobs without feeling bored or exhausted.
- C. Teamwork provides an opportunity that makes workers do their jobs without feeling bored or exhausted.

6

- D. Teamwork provides an opportunity that makes workers do their jobs without feel bored or exhausted.
 - ٣٧- كثير من الشباب متحمسون للمشاركة في العمل الاجتماعي لكي يطوروا بلادهم. فالشباب هم أساس التطور لأي أمة لذلك تولى الدول المتقدمة اهتماما خاصا بالشباب
- A. A lot of young are interested in taking part in socialist work to develop their country. Young are the top of the development of any nation. Though, the developing countries pay special interest to youth.
- B. A lot of youth are keen on taking part in social work to develop their country. Youth are the basis of the development for any nation, so the developed countries pay special attention to youth.
- C. Many youth are keen on participate in social work to develop their country. Youth are the basis of the development for any nation, so the underdeveloped countries pay special respect to youth.
- D. Most young people are eager to participate in sociable work in order to develop their country. Young are the main for the development of any nation. Therefore, developing countries pay special attention to young.

٣٨- يجب أن يتعاون كل أفراد المجتمع كافة لمحاربة التنمر؛ فهو مشكلة اجتماعية سيئة تنتشر بين الشباب وتهدد الناس في كل مكان بالعالم

- A. It is a must for all members of society to care to battle for bullying, as it is a bad social problem extended between youth and threatened people everywhere in the world.
- B. All members of society should cooperate to fight bullying, as it is a bad social problem spread among youth and threatens people everywhere in the world.
- C. All individuals of society can cooperate to battle against bullying, as it is a bad community problem published among youth and threatens people everywhere.
- D. All of society must come together to fight bullying. That's a social problem which spreads among young people and threatens people every place in the world.

٣٩- إن مساعدة المعاقين هي مسئولية كل فرد في المجتمع؛ لذا يجب علينا أن نبذل قصارى جهدنا كي نجعلهم يختلطون مع أفراد المجتمع الآخرين

- A. Helping the disabled is the responsibility of everyone in society, so we should do our best to make them mix with other members of society.
- B. Helping the abled is the responsibility of everyone in society, so we should do our best to make them mix with others members of society.
- C. Helping the disabled is the responsibility of everyone in society, so we should do our least to make them mix with other numbers of society.
- D. Helping the disabled is the irresponsibility of everyone in society, so we should not do our best to make them mix with other members of society

• ٤ - تستطيع بعض الحيوانات تغيير لونها بلون البيئة المحيطة لتحمى أنفسها من حيوانات أقوى. فكل حيوان له خصائص تعينه على الحياة في بيئته الخاصة

- A. Some animals can exchange their colours to match their surroundings to protect themselves from stronger animals. Each animal has characteristics that help it live in its our environment.
- B. Some animals can change their colours to match their urroundings to prevent

themselves from weaker animals. Each animal has characteristics that help it live in its own environment.

- C. Some animals can change their colours to match their surroundings to protect themselves from stronger animals. Each animal has characteristics that help it live in its own environment.
- D. Some birds can change their colours to match their surroundings to protect themselves from stronger animals. Each animal has personalities that help it live in its own environment.

1 ٤ - يجب عليك أن تبذل قصارى جهدك لكى تنفع نفسك وعائلتك وبلدك، فالعمل الجاد والاجتهاد هما السبيل الوحيد للنجاح في الحياة

- A. You must do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your country. Hard work and diligence are the only way to succeed in life.
- B. You must do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your life. Hard work and diligence are the only way to succeed in life.
- C. You must do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your country. Hard work and negligence are the only road to succeed in life.
- D. You can't do your best to benefit yourself, your family and your country. Hard work and diligence are the only way to success in life.

٢٤- عندما تعطى وعدا لشخص فيجب آلا تخلفه ولا تقل غير الصدق، ولا تخف أن تقول الحقيقة فهذه قوة، ولا تمدح شخصنا لمجرد المدح

- A. When you make a promise, you should break it, don't say anything but truth, don't afraid to say the trust and don't praise someone for just praise.
- B. When you make a promise, you shouldn't break it; don't say anything but the truth; don't be afraid to say the truth; and don't praise someone for just praise.
- C. When you do a promise, you shouldn't break it, don't say anything but truth, don't afraid to say the truth and don't praise someone for just breath.
- D. When you make a promise, you shouldn't break it, don't say anything but truth, don't afraid to say the truth and don't raise someone for just praise.

٣٤- إن القراءة وسيلة لتنمية الثقافة وتحصيل المعرفة النافعة في وقت الفراغ، وممارسة الرياضة تساعد في الحفاظ على اللياقة البدنية وتجديد النشاط.

- A. Reading is a means to develop culture and getting helpless knowledge in spare time and doing sport helps to keep fat and renew energy.
- B. Reading is a mean to develop history and getting useful knowledge in spare time and doing sport helps to keep fit and renew energy.
- C. Reading is a means to develop culture, and get helpful knowledge in spare time, and doing sport help to keep fit and renew energy.
- D. Reading is a means to develop culture and getting helpful knowledge in spear time and making sport helps to keep fit and renew energy.

٤٤- لقد لعبت المرأة المصرية دائمًا دورا حيويًا في تحسين المجتمع ونمو الاقتصاد المصرى من خلال اهتمامها بأسرتها ووظيفتها في نفس الوقت.

- A. The Egyptian woman has played a vital rule in proving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her interest in her family and job at the same time.
- B. The Egyptian woman has been playing a vital role in improving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her work in her family and job at the same time.

8

- C. The Egyptian woman has played a vital role in improving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her interest in her family and task at the different time.
- D. The Egyptian woman has played a vital role in improving society and developing the Egyptian economy through her interest in both her family and job at the same time.

٥٤- مشاركة يونيسف مصر في الدورة السابعة والعشرين لقمة المناخ جاءت لضمان الاعتراف بأزمة المناخ على أنها أزمة للأطفال والنشء والشباب ولتعزيز مناهج تقليل مخاطر المناخ

- A. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to ensure recognition of the weather crisis as a crisis for children, adolescents and youth, and to promote approaches to reduce climate benefits.
- B. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to ensure recognition of the climate crisis as a crisis for the poor, adolescents and youth, and to promote approaches to increase climate risks.
- C. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to ensure recognition of the climate crisis as a crisis for children, adolescents, and youth, and to promote approaches to reduce climate risks.
- D. UNICEF Egypt's participation in the 27th session of the Climate Summit came to sure recognition of the climate crisis as a crisis for children, adolescents and youth, and to promote standards to reduce climate risks.

7 ٤ - تعتبر السياحة البينية مصدر وباشرا من مصادر الدخل القومي في مصر؛ فمصر تمتلك الكثير والكثير من الأماكن الطبيعية المعزولة التي يرغب السياح في زيارتها

- A. Ecotourism is considered a direct source of international income in Egypt as Egypt has more and more isolated natural palaces that tourists desire to visit.
- B. Ecotourism is considered a direct source of national income in Egypt as Egypt has more and less isolated artificial places that tourists desire to visit.
- C. Ecotourism is considered a direct source of national income in Egypt, as Egypt has more and more isolated natural places that tourists desire to visit.
- D. Ecotourism is considered an indirect source of national income in Egypt as Egypt has more and more isolated natural places that tourists desire to go.

٤٧- عادةً ما يُعرّف المجتمع النجاح بأنه كَسْب كثير من المال، لكنّ مفهوم النجاح له معنّى أعمق من ذلك ويختلف من شخص لآخر.

- A. Social often defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and differs from one person to the next.
- B. Society usually defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and is thought differently from one person to the next.
- C. Society often defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and differs from one person to the next.
- D. Society often refines success as making lots of money; in addition, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and is defined differently by each individual.

9

Mr Galal 01061514591

- ٨٤- لزيادة فُرَصِ توظيفك في سوق العمل التنافسيّ اليوم، يجب أن تكون لديك سيرة ذاتيَّة قويّة.
- A. If you want to increase your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you must build a strong CV.
- B. To increase your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you must build a strong CV.
- C. To increase your chances of employment in today's comparing job market, you must build a strong CV.
- D. Increasing your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you may build a strong CV.
 - ٩٤- وفقًا لعدّة دراسات، تبيّن أن الاستخدام الزائد لوسائل التواصل الاجتماعيّ قد يُؤدّي إلى القلق والاكتئاب.
- A. According to multiple studies, using social media extensively can lead to anxious and depressed.
- B. According to multiple studies, using social media excessively could lead to anxiety and depression.
- C. According to multiple students, using social media excessively could lead to anxiety and depression.
- D. According to multiple studies, watching media consistently could lead to anxiety and depression.
 - ٥٠ الموقع الإستراتيجيَّ لمصر على سلكل المجر المنوسط يُفسِّر التنوَّع الثقافيُّ الغنيُّ الذي تتمتُّع به.
- A. Egypt's strategic position among Mediterranean countries explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.
- B. Egypt's strategic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.
- C. Egypt's strategic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast is the reason for the rich and diverging culture.
- D. Egypt's tragic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.

Read the sentences and choose the correct Arabic translation from A, B, C or D.

51- It's difficult to drive when it rains heavily.

- ١- قيادة السيارة الصعبة عند سقوط المطر الغزير
- ٢- من الصعب قيادة السيارة عندما تمطر بغزارة.
- ٣- أن تقود السيارة قبل سقوط المطر الغزير من الصعب.
 - ٤- قيادة السيارة في المطر الشديد ليس صعباً.
- 52- We want to use apps which enable us to enjoy our free time.
 - ١- نرغب في استخدام تطبيقات تمكننا من الاستمتاع بأوقات فراغنا
 - ٢- استخدام التطبيقات له رغبه في المساعدة في الاستمتاع بوقت الفراغ.
 - ٣- نحن نريد أن نستخدم التطبيقات التي تستمتع بوقت الفراغ
 ٤- نستمتع بوقت فراغنا عندما نريد المساعدة في التطبيقات.
- 53- The government has to set a plan to attract students to attend school.
 - ١- لقد وضعت الحكومة خطة لجذب الطلاب للذهاب الى المدرسة
 - ٢- يجب على الحكومة أن تضع خطة لجذب الطلاب للذهاب الى المدرسة
 - ٣- يجب على الحكومة أن تضع خطة للهجوم على الطلاب للذهاب الى المدرسة
 - ٤- يجب على الحكومة أن تضع خطة لمنع الطلاب من الذهاب الى المدرسة.

54- People who live within a family are happier than people who live alone.

١- الناس الذين يعيشون داخل الأسرة أسعد من هؤلاء الذين يعيشون بمفردهم.

٢- الناس الذين مع الأسرة سعداء مثل من يعيش بمفردة.

٣- يعيش الناس في داخل الأسرة و هم سعداء بوحدتهم.

٤- يعيش الناس سعداء في الأسرة أقل من الناس الذين يعيشون بمفردهم.

55- We don't have to get up early to go to the work as we are on the holiday.

١- لا نرغب في الاستيقاظ مبكرا للذهاب للعمل فنحن في أجازه

٢- لا نملك أن نستيقظ مبكراً للذهاب للعمل فنحن في أجازة

٣- لسنا مضطرين للاستيقاظ مبكرا للذهاب للعمل فنحن في أجازة

٤- لا مجال للاستيقاظ مبكراً طالما كنا في أجازة.

56- You have to take care when crossing a busy street during rush hour.

١- يجب عليك أن تعتنى عندما تعير شارعاً مزدحماً أثناء ساعة الذروة

٢- الشارع المزدحم أثناء ساعة الذروة.

٣- عليك أن تحت يجب عليك أن تحترس عند عبور الشارع المشغول أثناء ساعة الذروة

٤- عليك أن تعتنى عندما تعير شارعاً مزدحماً أثناء الساعة المندفعة.

57- France is a European country that overlooks the Mediterranean sea.

١- فرنسا بلد أوربية يطل عليها البحر الأبيض المتوسط ٢- فرنسا بلد أوربية تطل على البحر الأبيض المتوسط

٣- فرنسا تكون بدل أوربية تنظر الى أعلى إلى المحر المتوسط

٤- فرنسا من الدول الأوربية التي يراها البحر الأبيض المتوسط

58- It has been proved that smoking causes a lot of dangerous diseases.

١- ثبت أن التدخين سببه الكثير من الأمراض الخطيرة

٢- من اسباب التدخين الكثير من الأمراض الخطيرة

٣- ثبت أن التدخين يسبب الكثير من الأمراض الخطيرة

٤- ثبت أن الأمراض الخطيرة تسبب التدخين.

59- Treating a child badly has a negative impact on his character and selfconfidence.

١- معاملة الطفل لنا سينة و لها آثار سلبية على شخصيته ونفسيته

٢- علاج الطفل بطريقة سيئة لها تأثير سلبي على شخصيته و ثقته بنفسه

٣- معاملة الطفل السيئة تتأثر سلبيا بشخصيته و ثقته بنفسه.

٤- معاملة الطفل بطريقة سيئة لها تأثير سلبي على شخصيته و ثقته بنفسه .

60- When you are sick, keep your distance from others to protect them from getting sick.

١- عندما تكون بالمرض . حافظ على وجود مسافة بعيداً عن الآخرين لكي يصابوا بالمرض

٢- عندما تشعر بالمرض . حافظ على وجود مسافة بعيدا عن الأخرين لكي يصابوا بالمرض

٣- عندما تشعر بالمرض . حافظ على وجود مسافة بعيداً عن الآخرين لكي تحميهم من الاصابة بالمرض

٤- عندما تشعر بالمرض حافظ على وجود مسافة من الآخرين لكي تحمى نفسك من الاصابة بالمرض.

61- Scientific research is the cornerstone of achieving welfare and prosperity for the society.

١- يمثل البحث العلمي في حجر الزاوية في تحقيق الرخاء والازدهار للمجتمع

٢- يشكل البحث العلمي حجر الزاوية لتحقيق الرخاء والإزهار للمجتمع.

٣- إن البحث العلمي يشكل حجر الزاوية لوضع حد للرخاء والازدهار للمجتمع .

٤- إن البحث العلمي حجر عند الزاوية في تحقيق رخاء وازدهار للمجتمع .

62- Summer vacations provide every student with an opportunity to take a break from daily homework.

١- توفر الإجازات الصيفية القدرة لكل طالب لكى يعطى راحة للواجبات المنزلية اليومية

٢- تعرض الإجازات الصيفية الفرصة لكل طالب لكي يأخذ راحة يومية من الواجبات المنزلية

٣- تعطى الإجازات الصيفية الفرصة لكل طالب لكى يأخذ راحة من الواجبات المنزلية اليومية.

٤- تعطى الإجازات في الصيف الفرصة لكل طالب لكي بأخذ الواجبات المنزلية اليومية.

63- Wildlife has suffered severe losses or even faced extinction due to pollution and destruction of their habitat.

١- لقد عانت الحياة البرية من خسائر كبيرة حتى واجهت الانقراض بسبب التلوث و تدمير موطنها

٢- الحياة البرية عادت من خسائر كبيرة حتى واجهت الإقراض بسبب التلوث و تدمير موطنها

٣- لقد عانت الحياة البرية من خسائر كبيرة حتى واجهت الانقراض بسبب التلوث و تدمير عاداتها

٤- لقد عانت الحياة البرية من خسائر ضئيلة حتى واجهت الانقراض بسبب التلوث وتدمير موطنها .

64- Young people mustn't wait for governmental jobs; They have to look for work in the private sector.

١- على الشباب انتظار الوظائف الحكومية والبحث عن عمل في القطاع الخاص

٢- على الشباب عدم انتظار الوظائف من أجل الحكومة والبحث عن عمل في القطاع الخاص.

٣- على الشباب عدم انتظار الوظائف الحكومية و لكن يجب عليهم البحث عن عمل في القطاع الخاص.

٤- على الشباب عدم انتظار الوظائف الحكومية و النظر من أجل العمل في القطاع الخاص.

65. Egypt has witnessed a great shift in all aspects of life, especially in the field of information technology.

١- قد تشهد مصر نقلة كبيرة فلي جميع مجالات الحياة خصوصا في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات

٢- لقد شهدت مصر نقلة كبيرة في جيء مجالات الحياة خصوصا في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

٣- شهدت مصر نقلة كبيرة في جميع الجاهات الحياة خصوصا في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

٤- شهدت مصر نقلة كبيرة في جميع مجالات الكيام وبالتاكيم في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

66- Water will become one of our most serious problems. Demand for water will increase greatly in the coming years.

١- سيصبح الماء أحد أخطر المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كيلير في الكنوات الماضية .

٢- أصبح الماء أحد أخطر المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كبير في السلنوات القادمة

٣- سيصبح الماء خطر على المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كبير في السنوات القادمة

٤- سيصبح الماء أحد أخطر المشاكل، فالطلب على الماء سيزداد بشكل كبير في السنوات القادمة .

67. Education is not knowing facts, but the training of minds to think. The value of education is to train the mind to think logically.

١ - ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تخريب للعقول على التفكير. فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير بشكل منطقى.

٢- ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تدريب للعقول على التفكير. فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير بشكل منطقى

٣- ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تدريب للعقول على التذكر . فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير بشكل منطقى

٤- ليس التعليم معرفة الحقائق ولكنه تدريب للعقول على التفكير. فقيمة التعليم تكمن في تدريب العقل على التفكير اللامنطقي

68- School has a significant impact on the child as it provides him with the necessary experiences which help him solve his problems.

١- المدرسة تتأثر بشكل ضروري بالطفل فهي تزوده بالخبرات الضرورية التي تساعده على حل مشاكله .٢- للمدرسة تأثير مهم على الطفل فهي تزوده بالخبرات الضرورية التي تساعده على حل مشاكله

٣- للمدرسة تأثير مهم على الطفل فهي تزوده بالمواد الضرورية التي تساعده على حل مشاكله

٤- للمدرسة تأثير مهم على الطفل فهي تزوده بالأفكار الضرورية التي تسعده في حل مشاكله.

69- All people around the world dream of peace and safety, but this can only be achieved by cooperation, patience and hard work.

١- تحلم جميع الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا لن يتحقق بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد

٢- تحلم جميع الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا لن يتحقق الا بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد

٣- تحلم الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا لن يتحقق بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد.

٤- تحلم جميع الشعوب حول العالم بالسلام والامان ولكن هذا يتحقق بالتعاون والصبر والعمل الجاد.

70- Practising sports is a good means to get rid of fatigue and frustration resulting from work for long and this has positive consequences on one's mental health.

١- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة لزيادة الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج من العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتائج إيجابية على صحة الإنسان النفسية .

٢- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة للتخلص من الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج من العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتائج إيجابية
 على الصحة النفسية للإنسان .

٣- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة للتخلص من الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج عنهما العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتانج البحابية على الصحة النفسية للإنسان.

٤- ممارسة الرياضة وسيلة جيدة للتخلص من الإرهاق والإحباط الذي ينتج من العمل لفترة طويلة و هذا له نتائج إيجابية على الصحة الجسدية للإنسان

71- Poverty is not only a lack of money, but also a lack of hope. People living in poverty feel unable to change their situation. They feel isolated from their community.

١- الفقر ليس فقط في نقص المال و لكن أيضا في زيادة الأمل، فمن يعيشون في فقر يشعرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير أوضاعهم كما يشعرون دائما بأنهم معزوك عن مجتمعهم .

٢- الفقر ليس فقط في نقص المال و لكن أيطها في افتقاد الأمل، فمن يعيشون في فقر يشعرون بقدرتهم على تغيير

أوضاعهم كما يشعرون دانما بأنهم معزولون عن مكتمعهم والمحتمعهم المحتمعهم على تغيير المقر للمحرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير المقر المال والكن أيضا في افتقاد الأمل، فمن يعيشون في فقر يشعرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير وجهات نظرهم كما يشعرون دائما بأنهم معزولون عن مجتمعهم

؛ - الفقر ليس فقط في نقص المال و لكن أيضًا في افتقاد الأمل، فمن يعيشون فل فقر يشعرون بعدم قدرتهم على تغيير أوضاعهم كما يشعرون دائما بأنهم معزولون عن مجتمعهم .

72- Social networking websites are a good way to make new friends. However, It is very dangerous because you never know the people you make contact with.

١- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لتكوين صداقات جديدة ومع ذلك فليس لها خطورة شديدة لأنك لا تعرف الناس الذين تتواصل ابدا.

٢- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لتكوين صدقات جديدة .ومع ذلك فلها خطورة شديدة لأنك لا تعرف الناس الذين تتواصل.

٣- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لعمل صداقات جديدة .ومع ذلك فلها خطورة شديدة لأنك ستعرف الناس الذين تتواصل معهم إلى الأبد .

ع- مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي طريقة جيدة لتكوين صداقات جديدة . ومع ذلك فلها خطورة شديدة لأنك ابدا لا تعرف الناس الذين تواصل معهم .

73- Students learn not only lots of new knowledge from the books but also much more necessary experience such as how to manage time and how to cooperate with others.

١- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعارف القديمة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية إدارة الوقت و كيفية التعاون مع الآخرين

٢- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعازف الجديدة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية تحديد الوقت و كيفية التعاون مع الآخرين.

٣- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعارف الجديدة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية إدارة الوقت و كيفية التعدين مع الآخرين.

٤- الكتب لا يتعلم منها الطلاب الكثير من المعارف الجديدة فقط و لكن أيضاً الكثير من الخبرات الضرورية مثل كيفية إدارة الوقت و كيفية التعاون مع الآخرين.

74- The progress and development of any country are based on education and health care. The man who is ignorant or ill never helps himself or others.

١- أن تقدم وتنمية أي دولة يقوم على التعليم والرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض لا يساعد نفسه أو

الآخرين . ٢- ان تقدم وتنمية اي دولة يقود إلى التعليم والرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض لا يساعد نفسه أو الآخرين

٢- ان تقدم وتنميه اي دوله يقود إلى التعليم والرعايه الصحيه فالشخص الجاهل او المريض لا يساعد نفسه او الاخرين
 ٣- ان تقدم وتنمية أي دولة يقوم على التعليم والرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض بوسعه أن يساعد نفسه والأخرين

٤- ان تقدم وتنمية أي دولة يقوم على التعليم وليس الرعاية الصحية فالشخص الجاهل أو المريض لا يساعد نفسه أو الآخرين .

75- Leisure time is a serious problem that faces young people who spend their time sitting in front of television without doing anything useful.

١- ان وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة تواجه الشباب الذي يقضي وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز دون أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد
 ٢- ان وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة تواجه الشباب الذي يقضي وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز من أجل أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد

٣- إن وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة توجه الشباب الذي يقضى وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز دون أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد ٤- ان وقت الفراغ مشكلة خطيرة تواجه الشباب الذي يستثمر وقته في الجلوس أمام التلفاز دون أن يفعل أي شيء مفيد.

76- It's known university life is one of the most useful periods of one's life as it exposes them to new experiences that we were not familiar with earlier.

١- من المعروف أن الحياة الجمعية واحدة من أكثر الفترات قائدة في حياة الفرد فهي تعرضه لخبرات جديدة لم يكن على دراية بها من قبل.

٢- من المعروف أن الحياة الجامعية واحدة من أكثر الفترات فائدة في حياة الفرك فلهلي تمنعه من خبرات جديدة لم يكن على دراية بها من قبل

٣- من المعروف أن الحياة الجامعية واحدة من أكثر الفترات فاندة في حياة الفرد فهى تعرضه لخبرات جديدة لم يكن على دراية بها

٤- من المعروف أن الحياة الجامعية واحدة من أكثر الفقرات فائدة في حياة الفرد فهي تعرضه لخبرات جديدة كان على دراية بها من قبل

77- Mobile phones are available in various sizes and shapes. They are used for different purposes, and hence it's called a smartphone.

١- الهواتف المحمولة متوفرة بأحجام وأشكال عديدة وتستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و لذلك تسمي بالهواتف الذكية

٢- الهواتف المحمولة متوفرة بأحجام عديدة وأشكال وتستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و لذلك تسمى بالهواتف الذكية

٣- الهواتف المحمولة متوفرة بأحجام وأشكال عديدة وتستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و مع ذلك تسمى بالهواتف الذكية

٤- الهواتف المحمودة متوفرة بأحجام وأشكال عادية و تستخدم لأغراض مختلفة و لذلك تسمى بالهواتف الذكية .

78- Many people have started teleworking due to the crisis of Covid 19, but this leads to increasing the feelings of isolation.

١- لقد بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل التلفزيوني بسبب ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادي الى زيادة مشاعر العزلة.

٢- لقد بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل عن قرب بسبب ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادي الى زيادة مشاعر العزلة

٣- بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل عن بعد بسبب ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادي الي زيادة مشاعر العزلة.

٤- بدأ كثير من الناس في العمل عن بعد و نتج عن ذلك ازمة كوفيد ١٩ ولكن هذا ادى الى زيادة مشاعر العزلة

79- One cause of global warming is carbon dioxide which traps the solar rays and prevents them from escaping the earth's atmosphere.

١- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد نتائج الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس ويمنعها من الخروج من الغلاف الجوي للأرض

- ٢- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد أسباب الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس و يمنعها من الخروج من الغلاف الجوي للأرض
 - ٣- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد أسباب الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس و يسمح لها بالخروج من الغلاف الجوي للأرض
- ٤- ثاني أكسيد الكربون أحد أسباب الاحتباس الحراري فهو يحتجز أشعة الشمس ويمنعها من الخروج من الغلاف الماني للأرض .
- 80- Rainforests contain some of the most valuable resources man needs and uses, yet they are being destroyed in massive proportions, which in turn leads to global warming.

١- تحتوي الغابات الاستوائية على معظم المواد الأكثر قيمة والتي يحتاجها الإنسان ويستخدمها، ومع ذلك يتم تدمير تلك الغابات بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري

٢- تحتوي الغابات الاستوانية على معظم الموارد الأكثر قيمة والتي يحتاجها ويستخدمها الإنسان، ومع ذلك يتم تعمير تلك الغابات. بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري.

٣- تحتوي الغابات الاستوانية على معظم الموارد الأقل قيمة والتي يحتاجها ويستخدمها الإنسان، ومع ذلك يتم تدمير تلك الغابات بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري

٤- تحتوي الغابات الاستوانية على معظم الموارد الأكثر قيمة و التي يحتاجها و يستخدمها الإنسان، ومع ذلك يتم تدمير تلك الغابات بنسب ضخمة وهذا يؤدي بدوره الى الاحتباس الحراري.

81- National parks are home to hundreds of different species which can be destroyed by industry or natural disasters.

١- الجراجات الطبيعية موطن لمنات من الفصائل المختلفة والتي يمكن أن تدمرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية

٢- المحميات الطبيعية منزل لمئات من الفصائل المكتلفة والتي يمكن أن تدمرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية

٣- المحميات الطبيعية موطن لمئات من الفصائل المختلفة في التلي يمكن أن تدمرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية.

٤- المحميات الطبيعية موطن لمئات من الفضائل المختلفة والتي يمكن أن تصرها الصناعة أو الكوارث الطبيعية .

82- Maintaining a healthy body is not that easy. Always there is a need to be healthy because unhealthy body will be attacked by many diseases.

 ١- المحافظة على جسم صحي ليس بالأمر اليسير. نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي يهاجم أمراض كثيرة.

٢- المحافظة على جسم صحي ليس بالأمر اليسير. نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي تهاجمه أمراض كثيرة.

٣- المحافظة على جسم صحي أمر يسير. نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي يهاجم أمراض كثيرة.
 ٤- المحافظة على جسم صحي ليس بالأمر اليسير. لا نحتاج دائما لأن نكون أصحاء لأن الجسم الغير صحي يهاجم

83- Life is the instructor that gives you the opportunity to learn new things every day. It motivates you to learn and defeat the challenges which you come across.

١- الحياة هي المعلم الذي يأخذ منك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديات التي تصادقك .

٢- الحياة هي المعلم الذي يعطيك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديات التي تصادقك.

٣- الحياة هي المتعلم الذي يعطيك الفرصة لتعلم أشياء جديدة كل يوم، فالحياة تدفعك للتعلم والتغلب على التحديات التي تصادقك.

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84- To love your country is not only to be proud of it, but also to not be afraid to confront its complicated problems and to work hard to solve them.

١- أن حب الوطن لا يعني فقط أن تفتخر به و لكن أيضا ألا تخاف من مواجهة مشاكله المعقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها.
 ٢- أن حب الوطن يعني فقط أن تفتخر به و يعنى أيضا ألا تخاف من مواجهة مشاكله المعقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها.

أمراض كثيرة.

٣- أن حب الوطن لا يعنى فقط أن تفتخر به و لكن أيضا أن تخاف من مواجهة مشاكله المعقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها. ٤- أن حب الوطن لا يعنى فقط أن تفتخر به و لكن أيضا ألا تخاف من مواجهته بمشاكل معقدة و أن تعمل بجد على حلها.

85- Cleanliness benefits us in many ways. It not only keeps us healthy but also improves our self-confidence level.

١- النظافة تفيدنا بطرق عديدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا فقط و لكنها أيضاً تحسن من مستوي ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

٢- النظافة تفيدنا بطرق عنيدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا فقط و لكنها أيضاً تحسن من مستوي ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

٣- النظافة تضرنا بطرق عديدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا فقط و لكنها أيضاً تحسن من مستوي ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

٤- النظافة تفيدنا بطرق عديدة، فهي لا تحافظ على صحتنا و لا تحسن من مستوى ثقتنا بأنفسنا.

86- Unemployment can threaten the security and stability of Egyptian society. The solution to this problem will be through new investments which provide more job opportunities.

١- البطالة تستطيع تهديد الأمن والثبات للمجتمع المصرى وحل هذه المشكلة سيكون من خلال تمويلات جديدة والتي ستوفر المزيد من الوظائف.

٢- يمكن للبطالة أن تهدد أمن واستقرار المجتمع المصرى وسيكون حل هذه المشكلة من خلال استثمارات جديدة والتي ستوفر المزيد من فرص العمل.

٣- يمكن للبطالة أن تهدد السلامة والأمان لدى المجتمع المصرى. سيكون حل هذه المشكلة من خلال استثمارات جديدة توفر المزيد من فرص العمل.

٤- البطالة يمكن أن تهدد أمن واستقرار المجتمع المصرى وسيكون حل هذه المشكلة من خلال رأس مال جديد والذي سيوفر القليل من فرص العمل

87- Setting your goals helps you know where to concentrate your efforts. And to achieve them, you should have determination, courage, and a sense of responsibility.

١- يساعد إحراز أهدافك على معرفة أين يجه علي علي على معرفة أين يجه على على على على العزم والشجاعة والإحساس بالمسنولية.

٢- وضع أهدافك يساعدك أن تعرف حيث يجب عليك أن تركز على محاولاتك. ولتحقيقها يجب أن يكون لديك العزيمة والثبات وإدراك المسنولية.

٣- إن تحديد أهدافك يساعدك على معرفة أين تركز جهودك. ولتحقيقها يجيد ألى يعون لديك العزم والشجاعة والشعور بالمسئولية.

٤- يساعد إنشاء أهدافك على معرفة حيثما يجب عليك أن تبذل قصارى جهودك. ولتحقيقها ينبغي أن تكون حاسمنا وشجاعاً ولديك إحساس بالمستولية.

88- Education is the principle of progress and development for all people and countries of the world, both the advanced and the developing.

١- إن التطيم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للشعوب ودول المجتمع على حد سواء المتقدمة والنامية.

٢- إن التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية لشعوب ودول العالم المتقدمة والنامية على حد سواء.

٣- إن التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتطور للشعوب ودول العالم على حد سواء المتأخرة والنامية.

٤- إن التعليم هو أساس التقدم والتنمية للمجتمعات ودول العالم على حد سواء المتقدمة والنامية

89- No one can avoid getting old, as aging is a natural process that gradually happens. During early middle age, many bodily functions begin to decline.

١- لا أحد يستطيع تجنب التقدم في السن لأنه عملية صناعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الوقت. فخلال بداية منتصف العمر، تبدأ العديد من وظائف الجسم في التحسن.

٢- لا أحد يستطيع تجنب التقدم في السن لأنه عملية طبيعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الزمن. فخلال بداية منتصف العمر، تبدأ العديد من وظانف الجسم في التدهور.

٣- لا أحد يستطيع تجنب الصغر في السن لأنه عملية طبيعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الوقت. فخلال نهاية منتصف العمر ، تبدأ العديد من وظانف الجسم في التدهور.

٤- لا أحد يريد تجنب صغر السن لأنه عملية طبيعية تحدث تدريجيًّا بمرور الوقت. فخلال بداية منتصف العمر ، تبدأ العديد من وظائف الجسم في التدهور

16

90- Tourism is extremely necessary for Egypt because it generates job opportunities and brings hard currency to the country. So, we must all work together to develop it.

 ١- إن السياحة ضرورية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص سفر وتجلب العملة الصعبة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب أن نتعاون معنا لتنميتها.

 ٢- إن السياحة ضرورية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص عمل وتجلب العملة الصعبة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب أن نتعاون جميعا لتنميتها.

٣- إن السياحة ضرورية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص عمل وتجلب العملة السهلة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب ألا نتعاون جميعا لتنميتها.

٤- إن السياحة ثانوية جدا لمصر لأنها تخلق فرص عمل وتجلب العملة الصعبة للبلد؛ لذلك يجب أن نتعاون جميعا لترويجه

91- When you give a person a quality education, you not only revive a nation, but also help him think and create to be a good citizen.

١- عندما تعطى شخصًا تعليمًا قيمًا فأنت لا تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضًا تساعده على الاختراع والإبداع ليكون عاملا صالحًا.

٢- عندما تعطى طالب تعليما قيمنا فأنت لا تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضنا تعيقه عن التفكير والإبداع ليكون مواطنا صالحا.

٣- عندما تعطى شخصنا تعليمنا قيمنا فأنت تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضنا تساعده على التفكير والإبداع ليكون مواطننا غنينا.

عندما تعطى شخصا تعليما قيما فأنت لا تنعش الأمة فقط، بل أيضا تساعده على التفكير والإبداع ليكون مواطنا صالحا.

92- Building good citizens and a creative society are the main aims of education. This will teach them self-reliance.

١- إن بناء المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مبدع هما الهدفان الأساسيان للدولة وهذا سيعلمهم الاعتماد على الغير.

٢- إن تنشئة المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مبكع هم الهمكان الأساسيان للتعليم وهذا سيعودهم على الاعتماد على النفس.

٣- إن بناء المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مفكر هما المعدفان الثانويان للتعليم وهذا سيعلمهم الاعتماد على النفس.

٤- إن بناء المواطنين الصالحين ومجتمع مبدع هما الهدفان الأساسيان للتعليم وهذا سيعلمهم الاعتماد على النفس.

93- Hana Goda is the first Egyptian to top the world rankings for girls under the age of 15 in table tennis game. She was described as a miracle.

١- هنا جودة هي أول مصرية تتصدر التصنيف المحلى للفتيات فوق سن 15عامنا في لعبة تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

٢- هنا جودة هي أول مصرية تتصدر التصنيف العالمي للفتيات تحت سن 15عامًا في لعبة تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

٣- هنا جودة هي أحدث مصرية تتصدر التصنيف العالمي للفتيات تحت سن 15عامنا في رياضة تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

٤- هنا جودة هي أول مصرية تتصدر التصنيف العالمي للاعبات تحت سن 15عاماً في ملعب تنس الطاولة، ووصفت بأنها معجزة.

94- There is no doubt that education is the backbone of scientific progress. Without teachers, people will suffer from the darkness of ignorance.

١- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتقدم العملى وبدون المعلمين سيعانى الناس من آثار الجهل.

٢- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتقدم العلمي وبدون المتعلمين سيعاني الطلاب من ظلام الجهل.

٣- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتقدم العلمي وبدون المعلمين سيعاني الناس من ظلام الجهل.

٤- بلا شك أن التعليم هو العمود الفقرى للتأخر العلمي وبدون المعلمين سيعاني الناس من نور الجهل

95- Some youth spend a long time on the internet nowadays, unaware of the potential dangers there. They are vulnerable to many kinds of crimes.

١- يقضى بعض الشباب القليل من وقتهم على الإنترنت هذه الأيام ولا يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هناك. فهم عرضة للقليل من أنواع الجرائم.

٢- يقضى بعض الشباب الكثير من وقتهم على الإنترنت هذه الشهور و يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هناك. فهم عرضة للعديد من أنواع الجرائم.

٣- يقضى بعض الشباب الكثير من عمرهم على الإنترنت هذه الأيام ولا يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هنا. فهم عرضة للعديد من أنواع الجرائم.

17

٤- يقضى بعض الشباب الكثير من وقتهم على الإنترنت هذه الأيام ولا يدرون المخاطر الكامنة هناك. فهم عرضة للعديد من أنواع الجرائم.

96. Governments should promote places of cultural interest and landmarks to boost tourism.

١- يجب أن تُروِّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهميَّة الثقافيَّة والمعالم المُهمَّة لتنشيط السياحة.

٢- يجب أن تُروَّج الحكومات للأماكن التي لا تتميَّز بأيِّ أهميَّة ثقافيَّة لتنشيط السياحة.

٣- يجب أن تُروِّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهميَّة الثقَّافيَّة فقط لتنشيط السياحة.

٤- يجب ألَّا تُروِّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهميَّة الثقافيَّة والمعالم المُهمَّة لتنشيط السياحة.

97. When old people reach the age of retirement, they have enough free time to pursue their passion or do some volunteer work to contribute to society.

١- عندما يصل كبار السنّ إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتّسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم.

٢- عندما يصل كبار السن إلى سن التقاعد، لا يكون لديهم مُتسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوّعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

٣- عندمًا يصل كبار السنّ إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتّسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوّعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

٤- عندمًا يصل صغار السنّ إلى سنّ التقاعد، ليكون المبهم مُتَسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوّعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

98. Successful entrepreneurs are usually creative, hardworking, and resourceful.

١- رُوَّاد الأعمال الناجحون عادةً ما يكونون مبدعين ومجتهدين وواسعى الحيالة [

٢- رُوَّاد الأعمال الناجحون لا يكونون عادةً مبدعين ومجتهدين وواسعى الكيلة ﴿

٣- يُعرف رُوَّاد الأعمال الناجحون عادة بأنهم مبدعون وكسولون وواسعُو الحيلة.

٤- عادةً ما يكون رُوَّاد الأعمال واسعى الحيلة.

99. Justice and vengeance are common themes in myths, like the Egyptian myth of Isis and Osiris.

١- العدل والانتقام فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصريّة.

٢- العدل والإحسان فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصريَّة.

٣- العدل والانتقام فكرتان غير شائعتين في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصريّة.

٤- العدل والانتقام فكرتان شانعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس اليونانيّة.

100. To choose the right career path, one should find balance between passion and practicality in terms of the current job market's needs.

١- لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، لا يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الشغف والطابع العملي فيما يتعلّق بمتطلّبات سوق العمل الحالي.

بــــبـــ عرى المعنى الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازُن بين الطابعين العلمي والعملي فيما يتعلَّق بمتطلبات سوق العمل الحالي.

٣- لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الإبداع والطابع العملي فيما يتعلّق بمتطلّبات سوق العمل الحالي.

٤- لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الشغف والطابع العملي فيما يتعلّق بمتطلّبات سوق العمل الحالى

فيسبوك Galal Abusohaseif *** واتس & فون Galal Abusohaseif

الأمال الكبرى Great expectations

110 سيوال الملف الشامل

تفكير النقدى ... على القصة كلها ... تشمل

SB + WB + Longman

على بركة الله ... نبدأ يا شياب

- 1. The marshes and the graveyard were important to both Pip and the escaped convict. Illustrate.
 - Pip went there to escape from his suffering and longliness. The escaped convict went there to hide from the police.
- 2. Fear and guilt are two terrible feelings that took hold of Right from the beginning of "Great Expectations". Explain.

- That's right because Pip was afraid of the escaped convict who

threatened that he would kill him.

- Pip felt guilty when he stole the food and the file.

3. How does Dickens use the natural environment to reflect the characters feelings? Use examples to explain.

- The weather was cold and grey like Pip's life that was sad. While Pip was running after meeting the convict, the sky was angry.

- 4. Do you think education or money was more important?
 - Education because it makes people more respectable.
- 5. Would you leave your friends and family behind to move to a big city to get a better education? Why?
 - Yes. To achieve my ambitions and goals.
- 6. Is it natural to boast about your own skills in front of others? Why?
 - No, one should be modest متواضع and consider people's feelings.
- 7. "Love is blind". Discuss.
 - that's right, Pip loved Estella although she didn't love him.
- 8. Taking revenge is a common topic among the characters of the story. How do we know this?
 - That's right, when Havisham wanted to take revenge on men.
- 9. Criminal behaviours had no relation with poverty. Prove it.
 - Compeyson deceived Miss Havisham to take her money although he was gentlemen.
- 10. Appearances are deceitful. Explain.

- The court believed Compeyson who behaved like a gentleman and didn't believe Provis (the convict).
- 11. Choosing a wrong partner affects one's life Explain.
 - Yes, Because Molly ام استيلا chose to marry Provis, this bad decision affected her and her daughter badly.
- 12. Hiding the truth was common among the story's characters. explain
 - Mr Jaggers المحاس didn't tell Pip who was his benefactor. Miss Havisham also didn't tell Pip the reason for her suffering.
- 13. Do you agree that people should seek to take their revenge? Why? OR / What do you learn from the story?
 - No, because hatred leaves a bad effect on people. Everyone should be forgiving
- 14. Think of another end to the story.
 - -The judge sets Provis free and he will return to Molly and bring his daughter, Estella lives happily after Pip marries her
- 15. Which character do you like most in "Great Expectations"? Why?
 - I liked Joe so much, as he took Plp into his home also he looked after Plp when everyone left him.

Pip

A young man the main character الشفصية الرنيسية يتبع علين مع جوز المته جول الروع اللمسة

- 16. Pip visited his family's graveyard on the Christmas Eve. What does it reflect about his life?
 - It reflects that being an orphan made him really sad and that he misses his family.
- 17. If you were in Pip's place, would you bring the file and food to the stranger? Why?
 - Yes, because I would be afraid of the stranger.
 - No, I would tell my sister and Joe what happened at the marches and ask for their help.
- 18. What do you think would have happened if Pip had told his sister about his behaviour with the convict?
 - She would punish him for stealing the food and the file.
- 19. Should Pip have told the soldiers about the convict? Why?
 - Yes, because he was a criminal. He should be punished for escaping from prison.
 - No, he shouldn't. Because he felt that it was his duty not to tell anyone where he was.
- 20. What do we learn about Mrs. Joe when she says, "I didn't want to look after you! It's bad enough being a blacksmith's wife. I never asked to be your mother!"?
 - She was cruel to Pip and unsatisfied with her life.

21. How did Pip feel when he stole the food and the file? Did he do anything to relieve himself? Why / Why not?

- He felt guilty. He wanted to tell Joe what he had done. He didn't tell Joe because he thought JOE may change his treatment.

- 22. Do you think that Pip is becoming a better person after meeting Miss Havisham? Why?
 - Yes. He wanted to learn to become a gentleman.
 - (OR) No. He hated his previous life.
- 23. Do you pity Pip for his situation with Mrs. Havisham and Estella? Why?
 - Yes, he caused them no harm. They shouldn't break his heart.
- 24. "I'll never cry again". Why do you think Pip says this to Estella?
 - to show that he is not a child, so she cannot make him cry.
- 25. Do you think Pip did the right thing when he went to London? Why?

 Yes. He had to improve his position in life.
- 26. If you were Pip, would you love Estella or Biddy? Why?
 - Biddy, because Estella was cruel and treated him badly.
- 27. At first, being a fine gentleman wasn't possible for Pip. Discuss.
 - It was difficult because he was poor and worked as an apprentice to a blacksmith and being a gentleman required a lot of money.
- 28. Was Pip right not to want all the poor people in this village to see him in his fine clothes? Why?
 - Yes, because he was afraid that they would envy him.
- 29. Do you think that Pip's education alone could change his life? way?
 - Yes, because education is an important way for the poor to change their life in life.
- 30. Shouldn't Pip have asked who that benefactor was? Why?
 - Yes, he should Because he must know who the enefactor was.
- 31. What do you think made Pip sure Miss Havisham was his secret benefactor?
 - Because she had helped him before to getting his work with Joe. She was the only rich person that he knew.
- 32. Pip felt the world was waiting for him when he went to London? Was he right? Why / Why not?
 - He was right. He had a benefactor. He would have a better education and become a gentleman.
- 33. Why do you think Pip didn't enjoy being with Mr Jaggers?
 - Mr Jaggers never laughed; everyone was scared of him.
- 34. Sharing a room with another one was beneficial to Pip. Prove.
 - Yes, because Herbert taught him so much and told him a lot about Miss Havisham.
- 35. If you were Pip, would you be ashamed of your friend Joe? Why?
 - No, because he was the only one that treated me well when I was young and did his best to protect Pip from his sister.

- 36. Pip treated Joe in a bad way. Discuss.
 - He preferred to meet him at the lodging's inn not to be seen by his friends because he was ashamed of him.
- 37. Pip's behaviour showed that he didn't know his friend from his enemy. Do you agree? How?
 - Yes, he was only thinking of Estella, the cruel and proud person, and felt ashamed of Joe, his supporter all the time.
- 38. Pip couldn't sleep well after hearing the story in the coach. Discuss
 - Because it reminded him of Magwitch and taking revenge on him
- 39. Pip was hesitant مثريد (not decisive مشريد). Prove this.
 - He wanted to marry Estella though he knew she didn't love him.
- 40. Do you think that Pip had a weak personality? Why?
 - Yes, as he loved Estella deeply, he obeyed her when she suggested that he should have new friends.
- 41. If you were Pip, would you accept the assistance even if it were from a convict? Why?
 - Yes, because money would help me achieve my dreams in life.
 - No, I would report him to the police, not to take his money
- 42. Pip never forgot his revenge. Explain.
 - That's right, when he wanted to take revenge on Orlick who attacked his sister.
- 43. What might have happened if Pip hadn't helped Magwitch?
 - Magwitch might have been arrested by the police or he could have been killed.
- 44. Do you think that Pip was thinking about his sister? Why? Why not?
 - No, because he didn't visit her after he travelled to London.
 - Yes, because he wanted to take revenge of Orlick.
- 45. Do you think Pip was completely ungrateful to others? Why?
 - Yes, because after he became a gentleman, he was ashamed of his friend Joe.
- 46. A friend in need is a friend indeed. How is this applied to Pip?
 - Pip helped Herbert to pay back his debts.
- 47. Pip had confusing feeling towards Provis. Discuss.
 - He felt sorry for him because of his life and at the same time, he disliked his criminal behaviour.
- 48. Refusing more money from Provis was a right decision from Pip. Discuss.
 - Yes, because Provis was a criminal and it isn't right to take money from him anymore.
- 49. Why do you think Pip's heart sank when he knew Provis was his benefactor?

 Because he thought that Miss Havisham was his benefactor.
- 50. Pip read characters badly. Do you agree? Why?

- Yes. I agree. He was ashamed of the people who loved and helped him because of their appearances.
- He loved Estella though she was cruel to him.
- 51. Was it surprising for Pip to know that Estella wanted to marry Bentley Drummle? Why?
 - No, because Drummle told him before that he was having dinner with a young lady, Estella.
- 52. If you were Pip, would you forgive Miss Havisham? Why? Why not?
 - Yes, because Miss Havisham's story was really sad.
- 53. If you were Pip, would you take off your coat and try to save Miss Havisham and put out the flames although she used Estella to take revenge on you?
 - Yes, despite her cruelty. She was kind to him and forgave her.
 - Yes, even if she used Estella to break my heart, it's my duty to save her.
- 54. Do you like Pip's character? Why?
 - No, because he forgot the people who loved him when he became rich. He has no dignity مختوش عرامه when he loves a girl she didn't love him.
- 55. What were Pip's "expectations" or ambitions at the beginning of the novel?
 - To become a gentleman and to marry Estella.
- 56. How did Pip's expectations become true in the end?
 - He and Estella would never be apart apain
- 57. Shouldn't Pip have told Provis that his daughter was alive? Why?
 - No, if he had, he would have caused Estella lots of problems with her husband.
- 58. I still hoped that she would fall in love with me, but I usually felt unhappy when we were together. Why do you think Pip felt unhappy when they were together?
 - Because of Estella's nature and cold character. She always treated him as one of the commons and never shared his love.

Estella

Miss Havisham's adopted daughter

هي بنت مس هافيشام بالتبني و اللي اتربت على قسوة القلب و احتقار الرجال

- 59. Why do you think Estella described Pip as common?
 - Because he had dirty hands and ugly boots.
- 60. Estella's bad treatment to Pip was a double-edged weapon. Discuss
 - He became so sad because of it, but it was a motive for him to be a gentleman.
- 61. If you were Estella, would you agree to be a tool to harm others? Why?
 - Yes, because the way Miss Havisham brought me up would make me cold, cruel and enjoy breaking people's hearts.
- 62. You always had a good heart." Was the speaker's opinion about Pip right? Why? Why not?

- Yes, although Estella treated him badly, he loved her and was always kind to her.
- 63. "Beauty is skin deep." How can this proverb be applied to Estella
 - Estélia was beautiful but her soul مريضةٌ was ill مريضةٌ. She had no heart. She was proud متثبرة
- 64. "But, you know, I have no heart; I am neither kind nor good!" said Estella. Do you think Pip was right to insist on loving Estella despite her bad qualities? Why?
 - No, he should have stopped thinking of her.
- 65. "You know that I want to trick all of my admirers," she replied. All of them, apart from you!" What do you think these words show about Estella's character?
 - Estella used her beauty to attract men and break their hearts.
- 66. Drummle was suitable for Estella. Do you agree? Why? Why not?
 - Yes, both of them were cruel and boastful.
- 67. Estella didn't deceive Pip. Do you agree? Why? Why not?
 - Yes, she said that she had no heart and wanted to deceive men.
- 68. What would have happened if Estella hadn't been adopted by Miss Havisham?
 - Estella wouldn't be cruel. Pip wouldn't meet Estella and love her. Miss Havisham wouldn't take revenge of the men.
- 69. The end was good for Estella. Do you agree? Why?
 - Yes. She inherited Havisbam She would live with Pip who loved her too much.
- 70. Do you think Estella deserved نستعق to own most of Miss Havisham's money? Why?
 - Yes, because Miss Havisham had adopted her.
 - No. Havisham should leave this money to her real relatives.
- 71. Having a sad marriage story was a fair fate for Estella. Do you agree? Why? Why not?
- Yes, because she was cruel and wanted to break men's hearts.

Havisham

a rich, elderly lady

من هافيشام سيدة غنية كبيرة ... و هيه دي سبب كل المصايب اللي في قصتنا

- 72. Why was Miss Havisham always asking Pip about his opinion of Estella?
 - She wanted Pip to fall in love with Estella so that Estella would break his heart.
- 73. Why do you think Miss Havisham wore a wedding dress?
 - Because she never recovered from not getting married.
- 74. Why do you think Miss Havisham wanted Estella to break Pip's heart?
 - Miss Havisham hated all men and wanted to take revenge on them.

- 75. The house looked unused and most of the doors were closed. Everything was dark inside. Do you think this atmosphere reflected the circumstances Mrs. Havisham had lived in? Why?
 - Yes, as she was depressed and didn't want to deal with men after her fiancé left her on her wedding day.
- 76. Do you think Mrs. Havisham was right to let Estella break Pip's heart? Why?
 - No, Pip wasn't the one that wronged her. She should take revenge of her flancé only.
- 77. If you were in Mrs. Havisham's place, would you continue wearing the wedding dress for such a long time? Why?
 - No, I would try to overcome my suffering to live normally
- 78. Miss Havisham was cruel to Matthew Pocket. Discuss.

OR / Miss Havisham was unwise. Prove this.

- She sent Matthew out of her house when he warned ber against her dishonest flancé.
- 79. Miss Havisham's half-brother was cruel. Explain.
 - He wanted to take his sister's money. He dign't care if he had to hurt her to get it.
- 80. Matthew Pocket was faithful to Miss-Havisham, Explain
 - He had warned her not to trust her future husband too much.
- 81. Do you think that Mrs Havisham had an influential personality? Why?
 - Yes, because she affected Pip's life when she virvited him to her house to cause Estella to break his heart. She also affected Estella badly because the way she brought her up prevented her from leading a normal life.
- 82. Which character do you pity more: Mrs Havisham or Pip? Why?
 - I pity Pip more because he wanted to change his life to get married to a girl who didn't share him any feelings.
- 83. If Mrs Havisham had helped her brother financially, do you think that he wouldn't have plotted with her fiancé against her? Why?
 - Yes, because he wouldn't feel envious of her. مكنش مشعر بالحقد عليها
- 84. Why do you think Mrs Havisham was right to try to adopt some children?
 - I think so because she suffered from loneliness.
- 85. If you were Miss Havisham, would you take your revenge on men or try to do well and forget the past? Why?
 - I'd try to overcome this bad experience, but I won't forget it as it taught me a lesson: not to blindly trust others.
- 86. Are you surprised that Miss Havisham seemed to feel sorry for Pip? Why?
 - Yes, She always used Estella to break his heart.
 - No, because she regretted hurting his feeling to take revenge on the person who had deceived her.
- 87. Miss Havisham asked if I was very unhappy. Why do you think Miss Havisham asked Pip that question?

- Because Estella was no longer at Miss Havisham's house as she got married to Drummle.
- 88. Do you think that Miss Havisham's hatred towards men was justified?
 Yes, because she was deceived by her half-brother and flancé.
- 89. How had Miss Havisham's actions affected other characters in the novel?
 - She made Estella cruel. She made Pip unhappy. She made Molly miss her daughter.
- 90, Miss Havisham was lucky, Discuss,
 - Yes, because Pip saved her after the fire fell on her dress.
- 91. "Yes," she said. 'Forgive me, Pip! I used her to break your heart. But if you knew my story, you would pity me!" If you were Pip, would you pity Miss Havisham? Why?

- Yes, I pity her because the bad experience with her flance who tricked her

and stole her money.

- Yes, she was kind to him as a child when she paid for Joe.

Joe

Pip's friend, the blacksmith who was married to Pip's sister

- 92. What do you think might have happened if Joe had gone to school?
 - He wouldn't have worked as a blacksmith.
 - He might have become a gentleman.
 - He wouldn't have married Plp's sister.
- 93. Do you think Orlick was right to feel angry with Joe? Why?
 - Yes. Because Joe gave Pip a holiday but made Orlick work hard.
- 94. Which one had better morals? Joe or Pip? Why?
 - I think Joe had better morals than Pip as he didn't leave his friends or family behind to move to a big city.
- 95. Do you think Joe did something to make Pip ashamed? Why?
 - Yes. Joe coughed too much, sat too far away from the table, and dropped food everywhere.
- 96. Joe and his family missed Pip while he was in London. Explain.
 - They talked about Pip every day and thought about what he was saying and doing.

Orlick

a man who works for Joe at the blacksmith attacked Pip's sister الشخص اللي كان يعمل في ورشة جو مع بيب و اللي هاجم اخت بيب

- 97. Why do you think Orlick mentioned that more convicts had escaped from the prison ship?
 - To give the others the idea that a convict that hit Mrs. Joe.

98. Orlick could deceive people more than once. Explain

He used the iron-legs he found to make people think that the one who attacked Mrs. Joe was a convict. He deceived Pip to come to meet him on the house of the marshes.

Magwitch = Provis = the escaped convict

السجين الهارب (والد استيلا) و زوج مولى و المتبرع المطيقي لـ بيب

The convict Pip helped to escape Provis escape, previously known as 'Magwitch' Pip's benefactor Estella's father

- 99. Do you sympathise with Magwitch as a result of his assistance to Pip? Why?
 - Yes, because Magwitch loved Pip as his son and tried to help him to become a gentleman.
- 100. Do you think Magwitch's character had any bright sides? If yes, what are they?
 - When he didn't not want Pip getting into trouble. So he takes the blame upon himself.
- 101. Why do you think Magwitch called himself Provis?
 - So that the police wouldn't recognize him.
- 102. Provis' miserable life led him to be a criminal. Do you agree with that? Why? Why not?
 - No, because a lot of people had no patents and didn't become
- 103. Do you agree that Provis deserved his end with a life sentence? Why?
 - Yes, as he escaped from the Prison ship and he committed lots of crimes.
 - No, he was a victim of his bad childhood. He proved that he could be a good productive citizen when he escaped from prison as he worked hard and never thought of crime.

Jaggers

a lawyer محامي

- 104. "Mr. Jaggers did not even lock his house at night". What does it reflect about his character?
 - It reflects that he is very famous and nobody dares to approach his house.
- 105. Do you think Mr Jaggers was a good person? Why?
 - No. He appeared to be a bad person as his servant was scared of him. He was also boastful.
- 106. To what extent do you think Mr. Jaggers' character at home was different from his character at work?
 - Despite being cruel at work, he was very hospitable at home. He served his quests himself.

Matthew Pocket

Miss Havisham's cousin; father of Herbert Pocket; Pip's teacher in London

این عم مس هاقیشام و والد (هریت بوکیت) و معلم بیب قی لندن

107. What do you think of Mr. Matthew Pocket? Why?

- He was much better than Miss Havisham's relatives. He was faithful to her and didn't want her money.

Herbert Pocket

a relative of Miss Havisham; Pip's friend in London ولحد من اقارب مين هافيشار و صديق بيب في لندن

108. She will make you unhappy," he replied. You should try to forget her!" Do you agree with Herbert's opinion? Why?

- Yes, because Estella ha was cold, conceited and cruel, so Pip wouldn't be happy if he married her.

Compeyson

المخصل غير امين خطيب مس هافيشام

a dishonest person Miss Havisham's ex-fiancé

was dishonest (deceitful) (unfaithful). Prove this.

- He left Miss Havisham on their wedding day

Molly

مديرة منزل حور العدايل

Mr Jaggers' housekeeper and Estella's mother.

110. Molly's sacrifice was great. Explain.

- She left her daughter for adoption to guarantee her a better life.

كلمة لوجه الله

افتكر يا سنه تالته و متنساش ... انى القصة عليها 4 درجات وسهل الحصول عليهم بس بالتركيز و الصبر في المذاكرة و افتكر انك يا تالته في حسب نص درجة

 أحلى كوكستيل

يا تالته ثانوى ... لا تترك شيء للصدفة او الاحتمال ... حط كل مطومة في الحسبان علشان كده ... ذاكر الملف ده و ركز كويس لان فيه حاجات جامدة ... بالتوفيق

1-	and	ther	other /	others
		/ [] []	OLI CI	Ouldia

Another بيجى بعديها اسم مفرد او جمع يعنى اسم يعد

I'd like to stay here for another three weeks.

This pen is nice. I'd like another one.

بيجي بعديها اسم يعد جمع او اسم لا يعد كمية Other

We want to discuss this with other students

Please, give me other information.

تيجى في نهاية الجملة / او ياتي بعدها فعل Others

Some boys are tall: others are short. Some students are clevere than others.

2- ('d) rather

..... مصدر would rather ('d) would rather مصدر than than

طفاعل فاعل would rather فاعل

I'd rather meet him face to face.

I'd rather listen music than watch films:

I'd rather they went to their club

3- graduate

graduate from a graduate of graduate with a degree in

Shimaa graduated from the Faculty of law.

Shimaa is a graduate of the Faculty of law. Shimaa graduated with a degree in law.

4- each - every - either - neither

Each / every / either / neither (is / has / was / Verb+s)

ييجى بعيهم قعل مقرد

يتخرج من جامعة او كلية

شخص يكون خريج الجامعة او الكلية

يتخرج بشهادة في (التخصص)

Each / every / either / neither of اسم جمع (is / has / was /Verb+s)

ييجى بعديهم فعل مقرد

Every worker in our school is kind.

Either book has useful information.

Neither student is stupid.

Each of students is good.

Either of the girls gets the prize.

Neither of my students is slow-learner.

Every student here is clever. (every of عُنط لانها متخدش)

5- as well as / besides / in addition to / along with

مع التعبيرات دى الفعل يتبع الفاعل الأول

Huda as well as her friends likes reading books.

They along with he like reading books.

6- Not only .. but also .. / or / either-or / neither ...nor

١٦- مع التعييرات دى الفعل يتبع الفاعل الثاني

Neither Amgad nor I am happy.

Not only Hanaa but also they are late.

Either I or Ava is out of the competition.

7- after that / before that

ماضى بسيط , ماضى تام , ماضى عام

... ماضي بسيط Before = after that ماضی تام

Before that Rowyda had done her homework, she watched the play.

Soha watched TV before that she had washed the dishes.

8. spend (spent) + Vind

Naser spent five hours studying his lessons

(take / took) منافق المنافقة

Naser took five hours to study his Jessons

9- Second / minute / hour / day / week / month / year

الكلمات دى لا تجمع لو جاء بعديها اسن و قبليها عدد ... و ركز.

The workers usually have a fifteen-minute break for lunch.

Our school held a five-hour meeting.

اما في حالة وجود كلمة time بعد الكلمات دى تاخد الشكل ده

in a month's time.

:في حالة المفرد (S')

in two months' time.

في حالة الجمع ('S')

10. ever

ever نستخدمها في الحاجات دي يا باشا

Has Ali ever travelled abroad?

في الاستفهام

Ali Hasn't ever travelled abroad.

في النفي مع الجملة اللي تبدأ ب No

No student has ever answered this question.

the most exciting novel she has read was Treasure Island

مع صبغة التفضيل

11- until

ماضی تام until ... مصدر

مضارع بمبيط او تام until مصدر won't

ماضى تام until مصدر

They refused to travel until they had bought their old house.

Nadia won't come until I phone (have phoned) her.

Nadia didn't come until I had phoned her.

12- make / let / get / allow / cause مصدر + مفعول + مفعول مصدر + to + مفعول + to + مفعول please, let me help you. My father always makes me study hard. Seif makes Soha to clean the flat. My teacher always causes me to study hard. 13- wish / if only لا ياتي بعديهم مضارع او مستقبل wish / if only و لكن ياتي بعيهم ماضي تام أو ماضي بسيط أو could أو would و بعيهم مصدر I wish / if only had+ pp ماضي بسيط I wish / if only مصدر + would او would او would مصدر +l wish to I wish I lived by the sea. I wish I had studied hard last year. I wish I could join an engineering faculty next year. I wish to buy a new flat 14- who which يمكن حذف كل من which / who إنَّا جاء بعد عم فعل في الحالات التالية اذًا جاء بعدهم زمن مستمر يتم كلف المامير أو (be) ويبقى (v+ ing) The girl who is running fast comes first. = The girl running fast comes first. إذا جاء بعدهم مبنى للمجهول نحذف أيضا الضمير و (verb to be ويبقل التصريف الثلث للفعل The business man who is called Shaker helps the orphan. = The man called Shaker helps the orphan. و الزمن 15- by by سنة سابقة had pp ماضي تام مستقبل تام will have pp سنة قادمة By By 2015, Yasser had finished his studies. By

		finished		
			4.0	

I 'd prefer to build a nice Villa.

He prefers to play tennis = He prefers playing tennis.

He prefers playing tennis to playing volleyball.

لقد حان وقت 17- It is time

مصدر It is time to اسم اسم الا is time for اسم ماضی بسیط + فاعل It is time to <u>have</u> lunch.
It is time for <u>lunch</u>.
It is time Ali had lunch.

18- Work / job / Career / profession

عمل / مكان عمل (اسم لا يعد الا اذا يقصد بيها اعمال فنية مثلا)

وظيفة / مهنة (اسم يعد)

Career

مهنة (الحياة العملية للفرد)

Profession

They have got a lot of work to do.

My friend started his career six years ago.

Warda has got a job as a doctor.

Nurses belong to medical profession.

19-award / reward / rewarding

يمنح منحة جائزة (مقابل عمل)

Ahmed was awarded his degree in 2022.

يكافئ مكافأة (مقابل سلوك حسن)

Or neighbour gave the guard a reward as he saved the house from fire .

مجـزى

Teaching is a rewarding job.

20-win / earn / gain

يفوز ب كأس / مباراة / جايزة

یکسکم قوت یومه او رزقی (مقابل عمل)

عصل على شيء معوى عليا (اخارة مرة معومات) او زيادة سرعة او كميه او زون

Our team will win the cup.

The plane gained speed to take off.

You gained much information from the meeting.

People work hard to earn money

التصريف التالت PP

طول عمرنا بنسمع كلمة التصريف التالت ... طيب ايه هوه التصريف التالت ؟؟؟؟؟ التصريف التالت broken يضى (مكسور) التصريف التالت على وزن (مفعول) يضى break يكسر ... طبعا التصريف التالت broken يضى (مكسور) و يستخدم في بنت الجمله للمجهول ... يعنى اى جمله منتيه للمجهول لازم و ابدا انى الفعل يكون PP و ييجى لوحده كصفة (this money is (stolen يضى هذه الفلوس (مسروقه) ... لكن ليه استخدام تائى ...

استخدام التصريف الثالث (P.P) بعد as - well - if بعد المجهول المتخدام التصريف الثالث (P.P) بعد المجهول

The wedding takes place as planned. (as it has been planned.)

All is a clever and well-organised student.

22-help

خلى بالك من الحاجات اللي تيجي بعد الفعل help

help + فاعل + My mother <u>helped</u> me <u>do</u> my homework.

My mother helped me to do my homework.

My mother helped me with my homework.

23-licence / grade / degree

رخصة Licence

مصدر + to فاعل + help

اسم with فاعل + help

صف دراسی / درجة امتحان Grade

درجة حرارة / درجة علمية مؤهل دراسي Degree

In Assuit, temperature rose as high as 43 degrees.

Samia has a good degree in English.

My son is in the fifth grade.

My brother could get a driving licence and bought a car.

24- after / before / when / as soon as

after / before / when / as soon as مستقبل بسيط او تام ... مضارع بسيط او تام ... مضارع بسيط او تام ... مضارع بسيط او تام Shadia will call me as soon as she arrives (has arrived) in London. I'll go to bed after I do (have done) my homework.

25- something / nothing / anything / everything

الضمائر دى ... تَأْخَذُ دائماً فَعَلَ مَفْرِد وَعَنْد الإشارة إليها بضمير نستخدم ضمير مَفْرِد أيضا Everything has been prepared as it should have been planned.

لكن الضمائر دى تأخذ دانما فعل مفرد ولكن عند الإشارة إليها بضمير نستخدم ضمير (they - them - their).... الاشارة اليها بضمير Someone / somebody / no one / nobody / anyone / everyone / everybody / each Somebody has cleaned the house. They have watered the flowers. Each student in the group is doing their best.

26- no sooner / scarcely / hardly المربكة المالكة الم

no sooner had + فاعل + PP than ... ماضل بمنط scarcely had + فاعل + PP when ... ماضل بمنط hardly had + فاعل + PP when ...

No sooner had Wael studied English than he slept.

Hardly had Tsneem cooked the food when she went out.

منذ 27- since

ماضى بسيط + since + مضارع تام

We haven't met since we met in London.

I have played this game since I was in primary.

الله الله الله + since + مدة زمنية stis five years since I met my friend Sief.

عصدر + 28- can't

يعنى مش هتقدر تعمل حاجه داوقتى بسبب انت مشغول (الان) او هتكون مشغول في حاجه في المستقبل المستمر فو انت مشغول داوقتي (مضارع مستمر) و لو مشفول في المستقبل (مستقبل مستمر)

We can't meet you tomorrow because we <u>are going</u> out.

I can't visit my friend tomorrow because I will be painting my room.

المضارع التام و المضارع التام المستمر و حته جميلة تبين الفرق بينهم -29

has/have +pp has/have been + v ing

اذًا ذكرنا مرات حدوث الفعل لا نستخدم المضارع التلم المستمر have / has been + Ving الأماضي التام المضارع التام فقط have / has + pp و كذلك الماضي التام

Aya has written three letters.

Hany had drunk five cups of coffee.

Aya has been writing letters.

Mr Galal 01061514591

30- number adjective = in + noun							
ييجى بعد الرقم (صفة فقط) أو in (والاسم من الصفة)							
This building is 35 metres in height.							
This building is 35 metres high.							
This road in very narrow. It is 3 metres wide.							
his road in very narrow. It is 3 metres in width.							
31- experience / experiences / experiments							
الخبرة (ما يكتسبه الشخص من معرفة ومهارات من خلال عمل معين (لا تجمع) (يجرب) experience							
مواقف او تجارب أو خبرات في الحياة) تجمع							
تجرية علمية لإثبات صحة شيء ما أو التوصل لنتانج . experiments							
Science teachers usually do simple experiments in the lab.							
We offered Rania the job because she had a lot of experience.							
I had some experiences while I was travelling.							
32- so / such / enough / too							
جدا جدا ندرجة أن							
جملة تامم that كلمه واحده بس صفة / ظرفso. جسس. (1)							
الصيغه دى معناها (جدا جدا لارجة أن							
The dress was so long that I shortened it a lot							
That cake was so nice that I'll have another one!)							
My sister is so shy that her face gets red quickly							
my sister to so say that her has yets (et galland)							
جملة تامه that موصوف مفرد + صفة such a							
و برضو الصيغه دى معناها (جدا جدا لدرجة أن)							
It was <u>such</u> a good book <u>that</u> I read it twice. The book was <u>such</u> a good one <u>that</u> I read it twice.							
The book was such a good one that I read it twice.							
جملة تامه that وصوف مفرد + صفة اولها حرف متحرك such an							
و برضو الصيغه دى معناها (جدا جدا لدرجة أن)							
It was <u>such</u> an interesting book <u>that</u> I read it twice.							
The film was such an exciting one that we saw it three times.							
The fill was such an exciting one that we saw it three times.							
جملة تامه that موصوف جمع + صفة such							
و برضو الصيغه دى معناها (جدا جدا لدرجة أن)							
There were such difficult questions that we couldn't answer.							
There were <u>such</u> tall trees <u>that</u> we couldn't climb them.							
فعل في المصدر too صفة / ظرف to							
لكن دى معاها (جدا جدا لدرجة عدم الاستطاعه بعمل او فعل الشيء) يعنى تفيد النفي							
The sea is too cold to swim in. البحر يكون بارد جدا لدرجة لا نستطيع المباحة							
The coffee was too hot to drink.							
This car is too expensive to buy							
This skirt is too tight to wear.							

enough that / to / for بقية جملة و الصيغه دى معناها (مثلا هو قوى بالقدر الكافى لـ)

Youssef is <u>clever enough to answer</u> the difficult questions.

Wael is <u>tall and fast</u> enough <u>to be</u> very good at basketball.

The question is <u>hard</u> enough for the little boy <u>to</u> answer

بدائل و صور f -33

- You can drive a car اي اداة من اللي عدو تثفع you have a licence.

unless (إذا لم / ما لم) دى اداة شرط نفى و بيجى بعديها جملة تلمة زى if و لكن جملتها اللى لازقه فيها عمرها متكون منفية لان unless هو نفسها منفيه فمينفعشى بيجى وراها نفى . لكن الجملة التاتيه (جواب الشرط) ممكن unless لان and can't enter the building <u>unless we wear</u> a helmet.

otherwise و إلا = or و إلا ... ادوات شرط تعدى في نص الكلام و قبليها جمله تحذيرية يعنى جملة أمر مثبت أو أمر منفى أو جمله عاديه على هيئة نصيحه ... و بعديهم اسم شرط أجله تامه عادية خالص

- Get up early or / otherwise you will miss the train.

- Don't waste your time or otherwise you fail in your studies.

- You should wear a hat or / otherwise your face will get burnt.

in case of في حالة وجود = بـ with دول ادوات شرط مثبته و ييجي بعيهم إسم/ فعل + ing المرافع المرافع المرافع المرط مثبته و ييجي بعيها نفى أو اثبات

- In case of emergency, call 122.

- With I in case of playing hard, our team can win the race.

- In case of / with enough money , we can buy this big house.

- In case of I with not enough money, we can't buy this big house.

but for بدون = but for لولا .. دول ادوات شرط منقية ... و ييجى بعديها إسم / فعل + ing / صفة و موصوف ... و لكن ميجيش بعديهم نقى ابدا لانى هما نقى

- Without | but for hurrying . you will miss (won't catch) the train.

- Without I but for water, all living things die.

- We can't buy this big house without enough money,

مع تحيات فريق الاعداد (نتمنى الخير للجميع) جالال أبو سها و سيف Galal Abusohaseif جالال أبو سها و سيف كبير معلمين - لغة انجليزية - مرحلة ثانوية

Mr Galal 01061514591

Key vocabulary

66 جملة على تعريف الكلمة

على كل وحدات المنهج ... يا تالته النجاح حلو ... لكن التفوق احلى ... و لكل مجتهد نصيب من الخير

1is h	now good you feel	in your body and	d how happy
you are.			
a. Self-care		b. S	tress
c. Well-being		d. M	ental health
2. A	.Is the place when	re people are buri	ed.
a. museum	b. graveyard	c. shipyard	d. mansion
3. A ne	_	-	
a. broadcast	b. poster	c. tabloid	d. blog
4. A no	ewspaper is a mo	re formal newspa	per with large
pages.		16	
a. tabloid	b. poster	c. blog	d. broadsheet
5 is one			
a. Charity	/ ~/	/ / - \ /	_
6 is a typ			_
and phrases to suppo		-	
7. A / An	is a person who r	nakes and repairs	s things made
a. blacksmith	b. carpenter	c. mechanic	d. electrician
8. A / An			
			b. physicist
	system cons	ists of the Sun ar	nd the planets
that orbit it.			
a. outer	b. geothermal	c. lunar	d. solar
•	b. spacecraft	c. train	d. bus
	-		
		-	
a. Break out			b. Burnout
8. A / Anenergy in the physical a. psychologist c. archaeologist 9. Thethat orbit it. a. outer 10. Athrough space. a. spaceward 11 is a sta caused by excessive a	b. carpenter is an expert in universe system cons b. geothermal is a vehicle or man b. spacecraft te of emotional, p	c. mechanic the interactions ists of the Sun ar c. lunar achine that is inte	d. electrician of matter and b. physicist d. socialist d the planets d. solar ended to travel d. bus tal exhaustion

12. A / An	quest	tion is the one that y	ou don't expect
to get a specific ar	nswer to.		
a. amusing	b. ordinary	c. retelling	d. rhetorical
13. An	is a person w	ho works for a com	pany or factory
for a limited period	d of time without	being paid.	
a. internship	b. intern	c. employer	d. employee
14. A	is a tradition	al story, particularly	one that relates
to people's early h	istory or explain	s a natural or socia	I phenomenon.
a. superstitio	n b. myth	c. role model	d. dream
15. He is	; he is al	ole to speak a numb	er of languages.
a. dumb	b. mute	c. bilingual	d. multilingual
16. The first langu	age you learn as	a baby is your	
a. unknown la	_	b. mot	
c. foreign lan	guage	d. sec	ond language
17 is t		a society deals with	
diversity, both at t	he national and	community level.	1
a. Multilingua		b. Mul	ticulturalism
c. Multimedia		d. Mut	ticourse
18 a	re stories that w	ere made up by per	ple who wanted
to explain how our	world works, s	uch as how natural	events occur.
a. Dreams			d. Myths
		your arms and leg	S.
a. stretch out			b. cheer up
c. break down			d. look back
20is so	mething you do	to help make somet	hing successful.
a. Distribution			Corruption
c. Eruption		d.	Contribution
21	person is ab	le to speak two lang	guages fluently.
a. Multination	al	b	Bilingual
c. Monolingua	al	d.	National
22	person is ab	le to speak a numb	er of languages.
a. multination	-	-	bilingual
c. monolingua	al	d.	multilingual
23. The	society	includes people with	h many different
customs and belie	fs.		
a. national	b. bilingua	l c. monolingual	d. multicultural
24		or things that make	
a. Drugs	b. Drums	c. cutlery	d. crockery
_	is a specia	al doctor who is trai	_
people to make the			
a. vet	b. surgeon	c. paramedic	d. chemist

26is	when doctors	cut open a body to	help repair it or
damaged part in an			
a. Operate	b. Process	c. Operation	d. Operator
27. The	is a device	through which sou	ind comes out.
a. speaker	b. spokesma	an c. beaker	d. spokes
28			
when you are ill.		•	
a. Process b	. Operation	c. Tournament	d. Treatment
29. An expert in phys	-		
a. physics			d. physicist
30. To			
a. raise			
31. To			
a. shout		c. cheer	
32. TO be			
a. feed		c. feeling	1
33. To			
a. shop	h choose	nto pieces. c. chop	d. hop
34. To	is to involve	vourself deeply in	something
a. immense			
	is to start	© immerse	u. commerce
35. To			d sampliment
a. implement	b. Complain	c. compare	a. compliment
36. A / An	Is a series o	or actions or method	a of producing
something a. possess	1		
a. possess	D. confess	c. operation	a. process
37		-	
	_	denial c. Selfie	
38. An / a			_
a. porch b.	•		
39			_
a. well-educated		b. v	
c. well managed			vell- being
40. To			
a. cope up with			
41. To		_	
a. improve			
42is	to be organise	ed when you do thin	igs and for how
long it takes .			
a. Time manager	ment		b. Time-bomb
c. Waste time			d. timing
43	is a feeling of	being worried and	scared.
a. Pleasure	b. Stress	c. Pleasant	d. Press

44. To			y or confused
expression on moving			al Calat
a. fry			
45. To	is to angrily cri	ticise someone an	out something
they've done			
a. speak			
46. To	is to push of	ut your lower lip be	cause you are
annoyed or unhappy			
a. smile		c. laugh	
47			
a. Procrastination	n	b. F	
c. Irrigation			Addiction
48. To	_		
a. process	b. progress	c. provide	d. procure
49. A			
a. part time		c. a part timé	1 1
50. A	job someone o	nly does for some	of the working
week.		(19)	
a. part time	b. complete	c. a part time	d. full time
a. part time 51. To	use scientific m	ethods to find som	ething .out or
discover something		5/00	
a. experience	100	b. e	experiment
c. explain	(1)[]	d. e	xploit
52	means extrem	ely good ,exciting	or surprising.
a. especially	1.17		pectacularly
c. boring		d. t	errifying
53is u	ised to say son	nething is true, alt	hough you are
uncertain about it.			
a. Suppose	b. Sense	c. Skid	d. Surrender
54	vitae is a s	ummary of a perso	n's education,
experience and skills			
a. Curcumin	b. Curiosity	c. Currency	d. Curriculum
55. A	is a piece of eq	uipment that can f	ind or measure
light, heat, sound etc			
a. thermometer		c. telescope	d. stethoscope
56. A role			
try to be like them.		• • • •	
a. medal	b. middle	c. meddle	d. model
57. An / an			
you do not have enou			
a. cowardice	•	c. prejudice	d. advice
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

		is		•				
		nt b.	•		-			
		is a wo		cribe some	etning bea	autitui or	pretty	
		d-fashione		•	Cactlo	d Dietu	rocallo	
		b. is a						
a. method b. smith c. myth d. mine 61is when a person is told officially they did not								
	t a crime		3 WIICII a	personis	told offici	ally they	ala liot	
		b.	Enquire	C.	Aguariun	n d. F	Require	
62. A		is l	building w	hich is us	sed for a r	eliaious r	eason.	
	stadium			C.				
		are	•		-			
	ou are s					•		
a.	Tyres	b.	Tears	C.	Turns	d.	Tarts	
		is a pe						
		b.					•	
			are the ph	araohs wi	no built th	e pyramic	ds and	
the ob								
	grandso				b.	grandchi		
	ancesto			1.1.1 1.	(Cd.	descende		
66. A				vhich a de	1111			
a.	cupboar	a b.	bed		boat	a.	coffin	
	انوی	ب تالته ث	علمي التعريفا	لة المبنية	الـ ٦٦ جم	اجابات		
1. c	2. B	3. C	4. D	5. C	6. B	7. A	8. b	
9. d	10. B	11.B	12. D	13. B	14. B	15. D	16. b	
17. b	18. D	19. A	20. D	21. B	22. D	23. D	24. a	
25. b	26. C	27. A	28. D	29. D	30. A	31. C	32. b	
33. c	34. C	35. A	36. D	37. D	38. C	39. D	40. a	
41. a	42. A	43. B	44. C	45. D	46. B	47. A	48. c	
49. d	50. A	51. B	52. B	53. A	54. D	55. B	56. d	
57. c	58. B	59. D	60. C	61. A	62. B	63. B	64. d	
65. c	66. d			£				
				ل أبو س				
		ية	لغة انجليز	ر معلمین -	کبیر			
	01	061514591	اتس & فون	*** Gala	al Abusoha	مبوك aseif	في	

EXPRESSIONS & IDIOMS Mr Galal

أهم المصطلحات و التعبيرات و التركيبات اللغوية اللى وردت في منهجك يا تالته

132 تركيب لغوى ... مرقمين و مرتبين أبجديا يا طيب لسهولة المذاكرة و الحفظ ... خليك حريص و خد بالأسباب و لا تترك شيء للصدف

اســـم الطالـــب

1. a waste of money	مضيعة للمال	6. apart from	بعيدا عن
2. a waste of time	مضيعة للوقت	7. associated with	مرتبط ب
3. according to	طبقا لـ / بناءا على	8. at a competitive price	بسعر منافس
4. advantage of/to	میزة لـ	9. at the age of	فی سن / فی عمر
5 annoved with	من عج من		

5. annoyed with	منزعج من	10	
		B 200	
10. base on	يوئسس	15. broadsheet	صحيفة ذات صفحات عريضه
11. be born with	مولولا کھے	16. by accident	بالصدفة
12. be dedicated to	مكرس ل	17. by chance	بالصدفة
13. be worth visiting	يستحق الزيارة	18. by post	بالبريد
14. boast about	یتباهی ب		

19. came across	يحدث صدفة	26. come over	يزور visit
20. candidate for	مرشح لـ	27. come to conclusion	يصل لاستنتاج
21. care homes	دور الرعاية	28. come up	يتضح
22. career direction	اتجاه مهنى وظيفى	29. comment on	يعلق على
23. careful with	حریص علی شیء	30. conduct a survey	يجرى استطلاع رأي
24. careful about	حريص بشأن	31. cover with	یغطی ب
25. classified as	یصنف ک	32. crime court	محكمة جنائية

33. decline in	تدهور ذبول في	36. do a responsible job	يؤدى وظيفة مسئولة
34. deep down	في الاعماق	37. do on internship	يقوم بالتدريب
35. divide into	يقسم الى	38. draw conclusions	يستخلص استنتاجات

E

39. end up	ينتهى	40. enthusiastic about	متحمس لـ

	F		
41. fact file	ملف حقيقة	44. familiar with	مألوف لـ
42. fail at	يفشل في	45. follow the direction a	يتبع اتجاه الاسهم rrows
43. fallow a code of behavi	يتبع سلكوكا or		
		3	
46. get anxious	يصبح قلقا	48. give out	يوزع
47. give a presentation		49. give training online	يقوم بالتدريب عبر النت
50. have the potential to 51. human contact	اتصال بشری	52. human resources	موارد بشریة
		1	
53. image	رأى عن شخص اصور	61, in particular	صفة خاصة
54. impressed with		62. in terms of	بن ناحية
55. in a fit of anger	في نوبلة عطيبه		ئى عصر
56. in charge of	مسئول عن ا	64. in trouble	فى مشكلة
57. in conclusion	في الخاتمة	65. increase by	بزداد بمعدل
58. in general	عموما	66. increase in	زدیاد / زیادة فی
59. in honour of		67. inspiring for	ملهم لـ
دی 60. in my opinion	فى رأيي / من وجهة نظ		
00 :	12 t to 11 1 1 m	J	
68. just like	تماما بالظبط مثل		

68. just like	تماما بالظبط مثل
oo. Just like	

69. keep in touch	يظل على اتصال ب	72. known for	مشهور بـ
70. keep-stay healthy	يبقى بصحة	73. known to	معروف لدى
71. known as	معروف ک		

74. lack a skill	تنقصه المهارة	76. life experience	خبرة الحياة
75. lead to	يؤدى الى		

M

77. make an impression	يصنع انطباع	79. meet up with	يجتمع / يتقابل سويا
78. make a trap	يصنع مكيدة / خدعة		

80. nation's pride	81. news alerts فخر الأمة	اشعارات الاخبار
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82. occur	يحدث بدون ترتيب	85. on the whole	فى المجمل
83. on average	في المتوسط	86. open-minded	واسىع الافق
84. on the other hand	على الجانب الاخر	87. over my life	طوال حیاتی

88. participate in		92. popular with	مشهور لدی
89. passionate about	يشعر بالتعاطف على	93. port city	مدينة ساحلية
90. pirated copy	نسخة مقرصنة مسروقه	94. possible causalities	خسائر محتملة
91. poor time	سوء ادارة الوقت	95. procrastination	مماطلة / تسويف

R

96. research study	دراسة بحثية	98. round table	المائدة المستديرة
97. respect for	احترام لـ	10	

105 speak for يتحدث بالنيابة عن يظل على اتصال 106. stay in contact صورة نمطية 107. stereotype يتبادل مع

روح الدعابة / الفكاهة 99. sense of humour 100. sense of identity 101. set a goal 102. set world records 108. swap with 109. switch off يتشارك مع يطفئ جهاز 103. share with يشغل جهاز 104. show respect 110. switch on

111. tabloid	صحيفة شعبية	120. the year to come	مستقبلا
112. take it easy		121. to some extent	الى حد ما
113. take place	يحدث بترتيب	122. tourist attraction	عامل جذب سياحي
114. take pride in	يتباهى	123. town councilor	عضو في مجلس المدينة
115. take responsibility for	يتحمل مسئولية	124. translate as	یترجم ک
116. take the risk	يخاطر/ يأخذ مخاطرة	125. translate into	يترجم الى
117. take up sport		126. turn the sound do	يخفض الصوت wn
118. target audience	الجمهور المستهدف	127. turn the sound up	يرفع الصوت
119. thanks to	بفضل		

128. vast majority	اغلبية واسعة	130. visual aids	مساعدات بصرية
129. video conference	اجتماع عن بعد		

W

يتحدث بها على نطاق واسع 131. wait with bated breath ينتظر بفارغ الصبر

جلال أبو سها و سيف

فيسبوك 'Galal Abusohaseif *** واتس & فون 1061514591

Mr Galal

يا طالب تالته ثانوى

لا تنسى انك مرحله نهائية فلازم تكون مستعد لاى تركايه فى امتحان الانجليش فالامتحان مش على منهجك بتاع تالته و بس لكن بيشوف حصيلتك المعلوماتيه فى كل الانجليش اللى درسته فى السنوات السابقه طيب زى ايه الحاجات دى اللى لازم تكون ملم بيها ؟؟؟؟

١- حروف الجر ... و دى تعتبر ثوابت ... اسماء تاخد حرف جر معين / افعال
 تاخد حرف جر معين / صفات تاخد حرف جر معين ...

- و خد معاهم الـ prefix / suffix الزيادات اللى بتتحط اول الكلمه لتغير معناها زى happy / unhappy و الزيادات اللى بتتحط فى نهاية الكلمه لتعطى معنى اخر زى friend / friendship ... child / childhood

٢- افعال تاخد بعديها (المصدر + to) ... و افعال تاخد بعديها (ing + فعل) ...
 و افعال ممكن ييجى بعديها الاتنين و لكن بيبقى هناك اختلاف فى المعنى ...
 - و خد معاهم الافعال المركبة phrasal verbs

٣- منف للكلمة و الكلمات اللي تساويها في معناها ...
 و الكلمة و الكلمات اللي عكسها

disappear = vanish / dire out / die / get lost / get missing advantages X disadvantages / demerits / downsides / drawbacks

٤- ملف تريكات كلمات .. يعنى الكلمات اللى قريبه من بعضيها فى المعنى و بتخلى
 الطالب يتلخبط زى ...

- graduate in / of / with / from
- career / profession / work / job
- arise / rise / raise / arouse
- respected / respectable / respectful

٥- الجموع الشاذة (الكلمة اللي جمعها شاذ) datum فهرس foci / index بؤرة data / focus مطومة

واتس و تليجرام 01061514591 Mr Galal

تالته ثانوي

20

20 تريكايه English خداعه لازم تخلى بالك منها ... يا تالته

اسم الطالب

تالته ثانوي

Mr Galal

الــ 20 تريكايه دول خداعين جدا ... عشان كده لازم تركز على الاخر و متتسرعشى في اختيار الاجابه على الخرعشان كده التريكات دول عايزين طالب مصحصح و فاهم انجليش صــح

تربكابه 1

كلنا عارفين انى الفعل help ممكن ييجى بعديه مصدر أو to و المصدر .و ممكن ياخد with

- Please! Help me move that table.

- Brushing your teeth helps prevent cavities.

- I helped her to organize the party.

- Can I help you with this problem?

لكن التريكايه في التعبير ده can't help / couldn't help و دى معناه (لا يستطيع ان يمنع نفسه من ...) ييجى بعديها (فعل + ing)

- Mazen can't help laughing at my joke. I had to laugh.

- Hani can't help chocolate although he is a diabetic. (to eat – to be eaten – eating – eat)



الاجابه مش Has لان الجمله مضارع بسيط فالاجابة ال
تريكايه 9
till / until في وسط الجملة و معاها could في وسط الجملة صاحى ؟؟؟؟ - Could you please wait till / until he? yes, sure. (had arrived – arrives – would arrive – will arrive) هنختار arrives الن الجملة (طلب) يعنى الزمن (مضارع) مش اللي في دماغك
- Wael <u>didn't travel</u> until / till he <u>had solved</u> the problem Wael <u>refused to</u> travel until / till he <u>had solved</u> the problem . دى until و الماضى البسيط و بعديها الماض التام (القديمة)
تريكايه 10
الافعال let الخديد المصدر الدون to المجهول تاخد to المجهول تاخد المحمول المحمول المحمول المحمول المحمول المحمور المحمور - Radwa made Ola clean the room. - Ola was made to clean the room. - تريكايه 11
مش شرط في جملة الغير مباشر لما تشوف if او whether مش لازم تكون استفهامية و نشوف مثال يعنى متسرعشى و تركز لان ممكن تكون الجملة خبرية و نشوف مثال - HudaWalaa why she usually came late for the club. (said – asked – told – wondered) طبعا هنختار told لان الجملة معناها (هدى اخبرت ولاء ليه هيه بتيجى متاخره للنادى)
- Nabilif he went to Assuit , he would visit me. (<u>said</u> – asked – told – wondered) طبعا هنختار said لان if في الجملة if للشرط مش بتاعت السؤال يا باشا معناها
تريكايه 12
الما الجملة تبدأ بـ neither و الجملتين فيهم نفس الفاعل تكون الجملة على صيغة سؤال Neither did he come to the party nor did he phone me. none و neither على صيغة سؤال الما الجملة تبدأ بين neither و none المهم جدا تفرق بين neither و none - l was offered two drinks, but of them I drank. (neither – none – both – either)

طبعا هنختار neither علشان الجملة فيها two فنستبعد none لان none تشير الى اكثر من اتنين
تريكايه 13
ممكن الجملة متكنش (سببية) خالص لكن مع الاستعجال منك يا طالب تتهيأ ليك انها سببيةزى
- Amgad He made it himself.
a. has his dinner cooked
b. has his dinner been cooked c. cooks his dinner
d. cooked his dinner
طبعا هنختار cooked his dinner لانه هوه اللي طبخ بنفسه عثبان himself
و ممكن تكون الجملة (سببية) فعلا و كل الاجابات سببية فعلا هنا تركز على زمن الجملة يا باشا زى الجملة دى
- Ahmedhis house painted last week.
(is having - have - has had - had)
طبعا هنختار had لان زمن الجملة ماصي بسيط علسان فيها last week
تریکایه 14 کی
since / for طبعا انتو عارفين انى قبليهم مضارع تام لو الحدث مستمر لغايت الان
طيب لو الحدث مش مستمر لغايت دلوقتى تاخد ماضى بسيط و المثال يوضح اكتر
- Hetennis for 10 years. He doesn't play anymore.
(has played – play – <u>played</u> – playing)
فعلشان جملة he doesn't play anymore اخترنا (ماضى بسيط) لان الحدث توقف
لكن لو الحدث شغال كنا اخترنا (المضارع التام)
- Hepoetry since 1990. (has written – write – wrote – writing)
و ممكن since ييجى قبليها (ماضى تام) بس بشرط انى الجمله تبدأ ب (ماضى بسيط)
- A month ago, my uncle retired from the factory hefor
since he was 23.
(works - worked - has worked - had worked)
- Adel was made redundant مفصول من العمل when the company he
had worked for since he left school.
تريكايه 15
خلى بالك و ركز عل الاخر مع after بالذات في الجملة دى

- After everyonethe exam was seated, the test paper
was given out.
(has taken – had taken – taking – taken)
، يا عم معقوله taking هيه الاجابة ؟؟ اصبر هفسرك بس صحصح
عملة دى كان فيها ضمير وصل who و بعديها was و حذفنا الاتنين و اكتفينا بالفعل + in يعنى كان اصل الجملة
- After everyone (who was taking the exam) was seated, the
test paper was given out.
عل الجملة الاولى هوه اللي بين الاقواس و ركز و متهيسي و متهنكشي
تريكايه 16
نسبة لـ must طبعا انت عارف انها مع كل الضمائر must لكن فيه حاجه اسمها a mus
- Obeying طاعة the parents is <u>a must</u> .
ممكن must تيجي في اول الكلام يعنى سؤال بمعنى (هل يجب)
that yellow tie ? is it important to you?
that yellow tie? Is it important to you?
a. Must you wear b. Do you have worn
c. Must you be worn
d. Do you have to be worn
تريكايه 17
ضو ركز في الجملة دى
- There is a trainat 10 am. We hope we will catch it.
(will leaves - leaves - leaving - is leaving)
بملة دى اصلا كانت train which leaves و حذفت الـ which
ب خلى بالك من where و استخداماتها في الجمل دى
- Aya reached the point where she will not continue.
- Eventually, I reached a stage where I began to enjoy my work.
- Ayman found himself in a situation where he was unable to
pay off his debts.
ز قوى و انت بتقرا الجمله دى لانها خداعه و تريكايه فظيعه
- Shakespeare was a great playwrightplays are
famous everywhere.
(who's – <u>whose</u> – who – which)
ا plays اسم (مسرحيات) مش (يلعب) عثبان كدا الاجابة الصح whose

- Naguib Mahfouz was a great novelistnovels are famous everywhere. (who's - whose - who - which) - Do you remember the actorplays Slah El Deen? (which - whose - who - whom) هنا plays فعل (يلعب) عثنان كدا الاجابة الصح who - The police arrested the foreignersstay in our country ended. (which - whose - who - whom) هنا stay اسم (إقامة) عثبان كدا الاجابة الصح whose - A student asked me a question I couldn't reply. (in which - to which - of which - at which) السر يا باشا ... في الفعل reply to) to ياخد بعده - Hadeer has got her PhDwe congratulated her. (in which - to which - of which - on which) برضو السريا باشا ... في الفعل congratulate ياخد بعده - The money on which I depend to pay my debts was stolen last week. - The film in which I am interested is shown on TV now. و ممكن نستخدم to و المصدر بدلا من عبارة الوصل ... لو كانت الجملة تحتوى على the first / the second / the / the last / the only - Ali was the first student who arrived at school. = Ali was the first student to arrive at school. یا شباب الکلمات دی تاخد بعدیها that مش something / anything / everything / nothing / all / little / much .. - This is alli know about him. (what - where - that - when) - Is there anythingwe can eat now? تريكايه 18 -----ممكن نستخدم didn't need to + inf ليدل على ان الحدث لم يتم في الماضى لانه كان غير ضروري.

6

Mr Galal 01061514591

- We We had a lot of time, so we drove slowly. a. needn't have hurried b. must have hurried c. didn't need to hurry d. shouldn't have to hurry طبعا اخترنا didn't need to علشان قال اني لسه عنده وقت didn't need to لكن needn't have + PP تدل على ان الحدث تم في الماضي على الرغم انه مكنش ضروري. - We so we drove slowly. a. needn't have hurried b. must have hurried c. didn't need to hurry d. shouldn't have to hurry تریکایه 19 ------خلى بالك من الافعال اللازمة (اللي متاختش مفعول بعديها) ... مينفعشي تتبنى للمجهول drown / appear / arrive / begin / break / come / collapse / occur / decrease / increase / die / disappear / fall / go / happen / laugh / lie / natter - Since the reportin the newspaper, the sales rate has been increased. (was appeared - has appeared - has been appeared - appeared) طبعا هنختار appeared لانه فعل لازم و خلى بالك لو الجملة فيها الفاعل هوه المفعول. و الفعل let تكون صيغة المجهول كالاتي - He doesn't let himself be laughed at. - She doesn't let herself be cheated. و فيه افعال تاخد بعدها (مفعول) و لكن متنفعشى تتبنى للمجهول زى become / suit / fit / resemble / look like / seem / equal - This shirt fits me well. Sherif is going to become a doctor. تریکایه 20 - I have never been to such an expensive restaurant before.

دى عادية خالص ... ايه الجديد ؟؟؟ الجديد انى الجملة دى ممكن نستخدمها بطريقة تانيه و

نستخدم so انى يمكن وضع الـ a / an بين الصفة و الاسم و ناخد مثال

- = I have never been to <u>so expensive a restaurant</u> before. (<u>so</u> – such – too – very)
- It was such a hot day that I stayed at home.
- = It was so hot a day that I stayed at home.
- It was such an interesting book that I read it twice.
- It was so interesting a book that I read it twice.
- It was <u>such</u> a <u>narrow</u> <u>road</u> <u>that</u> it doesn't take two cars side by side.
- = It was so narrow a road that it doesn't take two cars side by side.

خلى بالك يا ابو الشباب المحلمة تعمل مقارنة ... بلاش تستخدم so فقط و لكن استخدم so much

- Soha is so much younger than Sally that she doesn't always understand her.

و التريكايه الفظيعة دى لو التريكايه الفظيعة دى لو بدأت الجملة في الصفة او الظرف بعدها و بعدين نخلى الجملة في الصيغة الاستفهامية بتقديم الفعل المساعد على الفاعل.

- So badlythat his father decided to punish him.

(did he behave – does he behave – was he behaved – he behaved)

و خلى بالك من too صفة سلبية ... و enough صفة ايجابية ... لان ممكن الصفة تحمل (السلب و الايجاب) ... لكن معنى الجملة هوه اللي هيحكم

- The lady is too old to walk without a stick.

هنا (السيدة عجوز لدرجة لا تستطيع المشى بدون عكاز ... صفة سلبية)

- Rania is old <u>enough</u> to understand what you say. لكن هنا (رانيا تكون ناضجه لتفهم ما تقول صفة ايجابية)

- 1. Write an essay on " Your duty towards your country ".
 - = Our duty towards our country:
- 2. The role of the Egyptian youth today:
- 3. Egypt's progress needs all its people efforts.
- 4. A person you know. Say how their life experiences have inspired you.
- 5. Your role model in life:
 - = A distinguished woman that inspired a lot of young people in society:
 - = A person you like and admire most:
- 5. What does "successful" mean to you? Why? Give reasons.
- 6. The way to success isn't full of roses:
 - = The Road to success is not straight:
 - = Determination is the best way to success:
- 7. Shopping online, its advantages and disadvantages:
- 8. How to attract tourists to visit Egypt. = The importance of tourism.
 - = There are a lot tourist sites (attractions) in Egypt which attract tourists from all over the world :
- 9. Tourism is one of the most important sources of national income in Egypt:
- 10. The most useful invention:
 - = The internet is a wonder of the modern world.
 - = The advantages and disadvantages of the internet.
- 11. The Computer:
- 12 The mobile phone is a mixed blessing:
 - = Stop using her mobile phone so much:
- Merits and demerits of any modern Invention or the new technology:
 - = Technology in our life (merits and demerits):
 - = Modern technology is a mixed blessing:
- 14. In the 21st century, you need to be equipped with advanced skills, updated knowledge and strong values".
- 15. How to reach your goal:
 - = Hard work and determination are your tools to achieving your goals. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this?
- 16. Digital (social) Media in our life: = Young people and technology:

17.	- Climate changings: = The environmental problems in the world. = what we can do to help stop global warming. = Our duty towards nature:
18.	- How you think could protect the environment in your town or city:
19.	- The job you hope to do:
20.	- The advantages of team work:
21.	- A form of exercise you have enjoyed doing: = Your favourite sport: = How you spend your spare time. = We should spend our spare time in a useful ways to succeed in life.
22.	 A visit to one of the most important cultural places: A building in your town or city that you think tourists enjoy visiting: A day you will never forget:
23.	- Healthy Food:
24.	- Changing our deserts into green land will help us solve our major problems:
25.	- Charity work: = Charitable Organizations: = Ways of helping the poor: = The different ways in which we can help the needy:
26.	Your dream (ideal) house:
27.	- Which do you prefer: reading books from a library or reading on line? why?
28.	- The best friend one can have is a book: = Reading is the food of mind:
29.	- The importance of foreign languages: = The benefits of learning foreign languages:
30.	- The benefits of having different opinions: = Being tolerant is the best quality:
31.	- Life in the future: = Why science will stop the problems of the future:
32.	- Today's life is easier than it was before :
33.	- The importance of time management and productivity :
34.	- A report on how women are getting equal work opportunities over the last ten years 40
35.	- The importance of The River Nile:
	فيسبوك Galal Abusohaseif / واتس & فون 1061514591

50 PHRASAL VERBS

Mr Galal

9

اسم الطالب

1 €

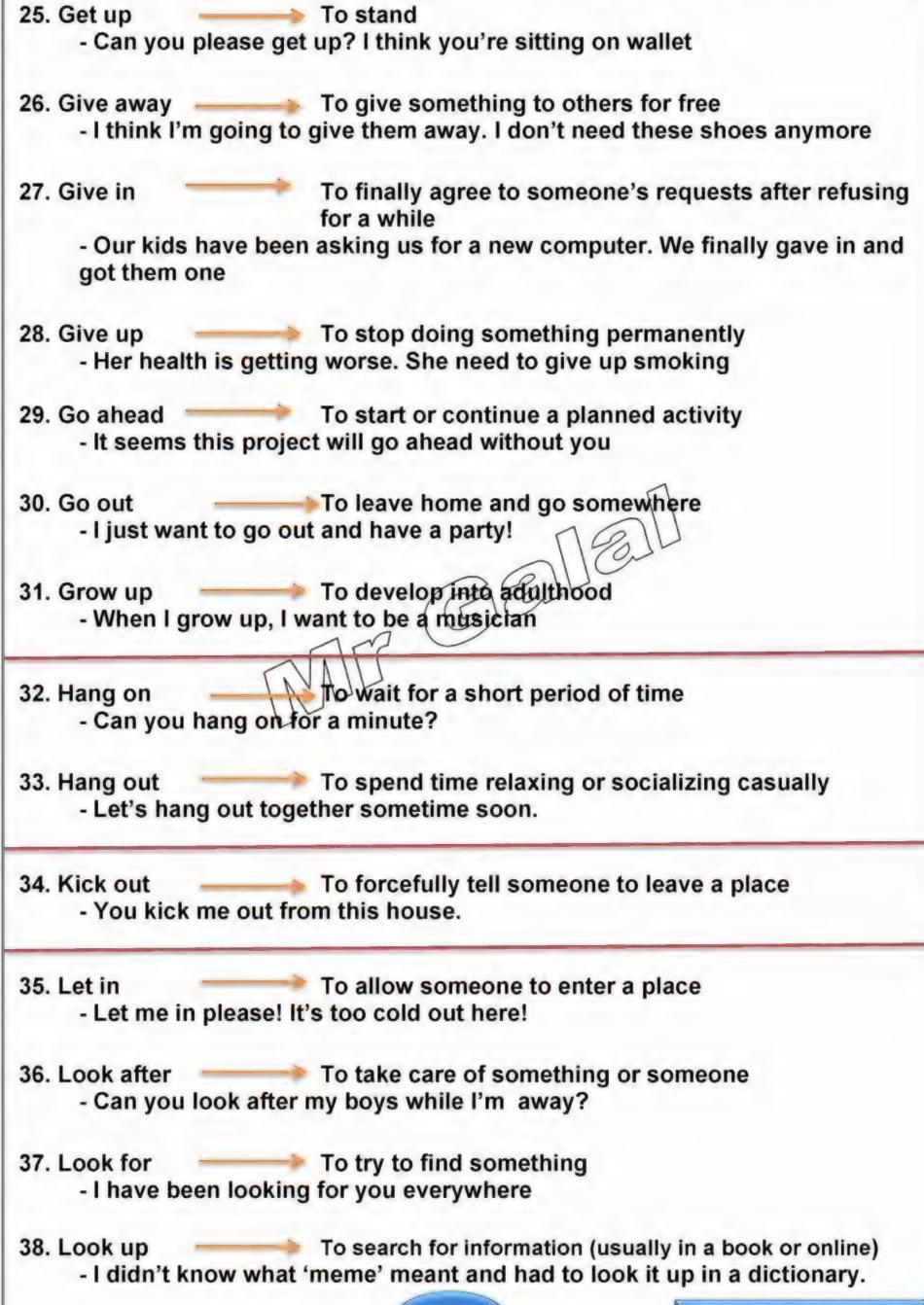
أفعال مركبة 50 فعل مركب - جزء أول

Most phrasal verbs consist of two words, but a few consist of three words, which always stay together.

وى	الطالب الجدع هوه اللي يحفظ و يتعب بجد يا ثانب
1. Back down	To stop doing something or admit you were wrong because people oppose you
- Party le	aders backed down after latest protests.
2. Blow up	To explode
-	crashed into the building and blew up!
3. Break down	To suddenly stop functioning (used for machinery
	ere on our way to the school when our car broke down
4. Bring up	To mention something
- She's st	ill very sad about her sister's death, so don't bring it up

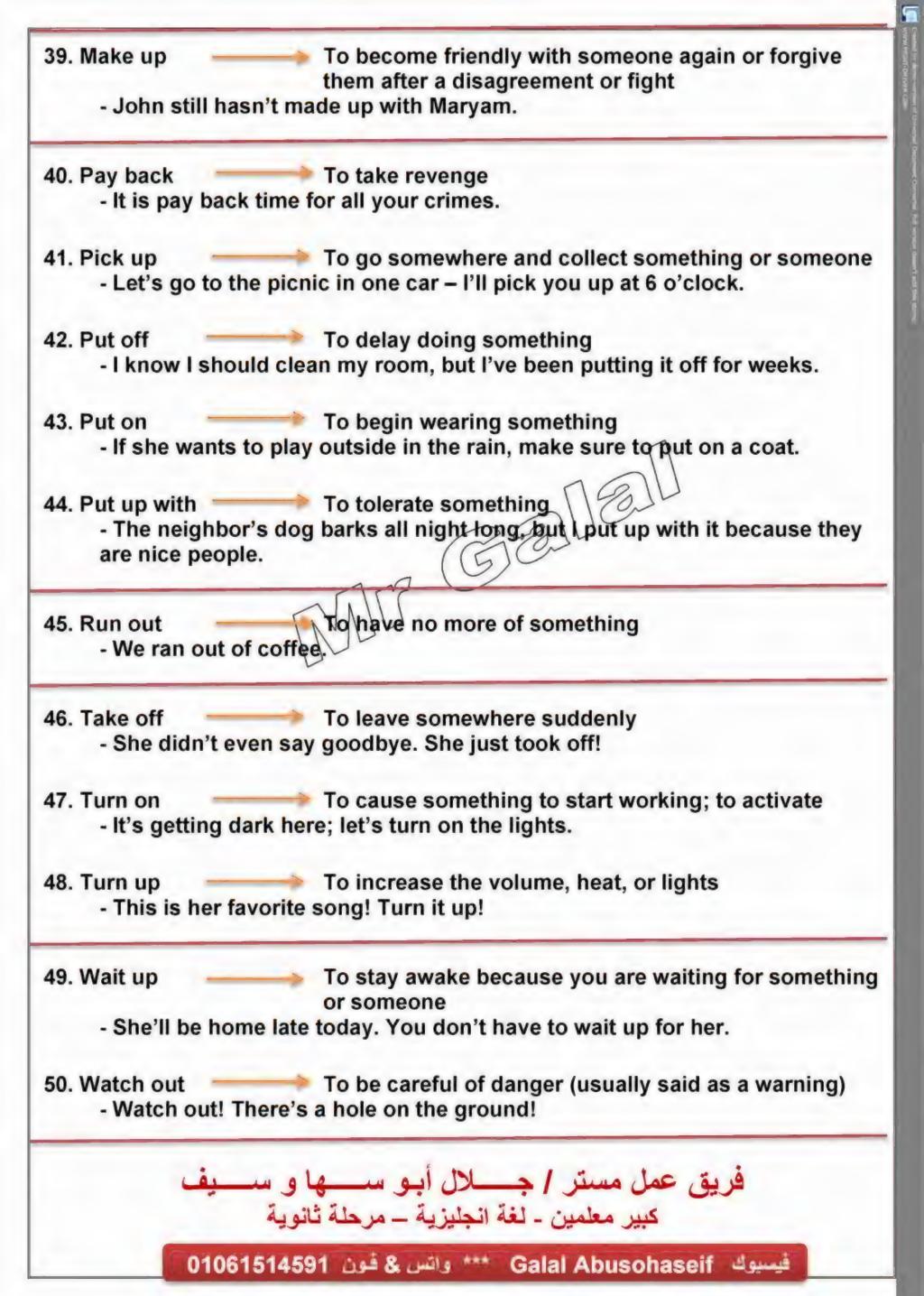
- 5. Bump into To see or meet someone unexpectedly We bumped into Mary when we were in city last week
- 6. Call off
 Because of their wedding, we had to call off our holiday
- 7. Check on To make sure someone is okay or safe
 The doctor had come to check on his patient
- 8. Check out _____ To pay your bill and leave (usually a hotel)
 Have you packed yet? We have to check out by 12 pm..
- 9. Check with

 I'm pretty sure I can come to party next week. I just have to check with my parents
- 10. Come across —— To find something unexpectedly
 When I was clearing my phone, I came across to our old messages



3

11. Come back To return - I had a great time here. I'll come back soon!
12. Come in To enter - You don't need to wait- just come in!
13. Come up with To think of a plan or an idea - She keeps coming up with all kinds of lame excuses
14. Cut down Reduce the size, amount, or quantity of something I should cut down my salt intake
15. Drop by ——To go somewhere (usually someone's home) for a casual vis - I'll be in my office all day. You can drop by for coffee whenever you want
16. Drop off To take something or someone to a specific place - You forgot your wallet in my room. I'll drop it off at your office later.
17. End up finally be or do something - She ended up marrying his high school boyfriend.
18. Fall apart To break into pieces - I fell apart after her death
19. Fall down To collapse and fall to the ground - He fell down at school today
20. Find out To discover - He find out a new way to travel between cities
21. Get along To have a good, friendly relationship with someone - We are good friends and always got along with each other
22. Get away - The police almost caught him, but he got away
23. Get by To able to live through a difficult situation They don't have a lot of money, but they'll get by
24. Get over ——— To recover from a negative experience or an illness - I know your wife mad at you now, but she'll get over it



تالته ثانسوى

The essays

كل المقالات اللى وردت في كتاب الويرك بوك WB كل المقالات اللى فبرايـر 2023

4	الطال	
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تالته ثانوى

Mr Galal

Practice Exercises 1

1. Write an essay of about 200 words on "Your duty towards your country".

My country has many duties because I was born in it and on its land I grew up and grew up and lived my childhood. Therefore, my duty towards my country is to cherish it and be proud of being Egyptian, and to do everything in my power to help its progress and prosperity among nations. I must be a good citizen useful to her. I must work hard and be loyal and loyal to her.

I must protect it from corruption and defend it against every enemy and every corrupt person. I must maintain its infrastructure. She must be helped to rise up and be held high among the nations. I must be sincere in my work in whatever position I am in. I must

encourage its economy to increase and grow.

I have to talk about the beautiful things in it in front of the world in order to attract a lot of tourists to visit it to increase the national income from hard currency, which works to strengthen its economy.

East or west my country is always the best.

إن لبلدي واجبات كثيرة لأنني ولدت فيها وعلى أرضها نشأت وترعرعت وعشت طفولتي. لذلك ، فإن واجبي تجاه بلدي هو أن أعتز به وأن أفتخر بكوني مصري ، وأن أفعل كل ما في وسعي للمساعدة في تقدمه وازدهاره بين الأمم, يجب أن أكون مواطنة صالحة مفيدة لها. يجب أن أعمل بجد وأن أكون مخلصًا ومخلصًا لها. يجب أن أحميها من الفساد وأدافع عنها ضد كل عدو وكل شخص فاسد. يجب أن أحافظ على بنيتها التحتية. يجب مساعدتها على النهوض والارتقاء بين الأمم. يجب أن أكون صادقًا في عملي في أي منصب أنا فيه. يجب أن أشجع اقتصادها على النمو والنمو. لا بدلي من الحديث عن أجمل الأشياء فيها أمام العالم من أجل جذب الكثير من السائحين لزيارتها لزيادة الدخل القومي من العملة الصعبة ، مما يعمل على تقوية اقتصادها. شرق أو غرب بلدي هو الأفضل دائمًا.

Practice Exercises 2

2. Write a reflective essay of about 200 words on "The importance of time management and productivity".

Time management is one of the very important things in order to be a successful person in your life. Therefore, it is important not to waste it on useless things. Of gold, but not valued for money. If we make good use of time in useful things. We will certainly become successful citizens for ourselves, our families, and even our homeland. Time management is one of the most important reasons for increasing productivity and increasing national income. And to have a strong economy. We have to improve time management in all areas of our lives.

Countries that know the value of time are actually the developed countries in the world. Countries that do not know the value of time are underdeveloped, sick countries that suffer from many problems. Therefore, we must bear in mind that correct time management leads us to progress, prosperity, and increased productivity.

إدارة الوقت من الأشياء المهمة جذا لكي تكون شحصنا نالعفا في حياتك. لذلك ، من المهم عدم إهدارها على أشياء غير مجدية. من الذهب ، لكنها لا تقدر بالمال إلى المنفذة في الأشياء المفيدة. بالتأكيد سنصبح مواطنين ناجحين لأنفسنا ولعائلاتنا وحتى لوطننل دارة الوقت من أهم أسباب زيادة الإنتاجية وزيادة الدخل القومي. وأن يكون لدينا اقتصاد قوي. علينا تحسين إدارة الوقت في جميع مجالات حياتنا. الدول التي تعرف قيمة الوقت هي في الواقع الدول المتقدمة في العالم. البلدان التي لا تعرف قيمة الوقت هي دول متخلفة ومريضة تعانى من العديد من المشاكل. لذلك ، يجب أن نضع في اعتبارنا أن الإدارة الصحيحة للوقت تقودنا إلى التقدم والازدهار وزيادة الإنتاجية.

Practice Exercises 3

3. Write an essay of about 200 words on one of the following topic:

A report on how women are getting equal work opportunities

over the last ten years 40

No one can deny that women in past ages were a neglected thing, as if they were an object that did not exist in the universe. The man was dominant and in control of family affairs. The first and last word was for the man only. And this is something unfair in those ancient times.

Women are not half of society as it is said, but in fact they are the whole of society. Because the mother is a teacher, if she is reformed, society will be reformed, all of them, young and old.

Women are now judges, ministers, plane pilots, and diplomats. It was formed in some countries combined to be a state. And in my opinion, it deserves that and more. because it is considered the

nucleus of society, so if the seed is good, the plant will be good. She is the mother, sister and wife.

لا احد يستطيع ان ينكر ان المرأة في العصور الماضية كاتت شيء مهمل و كأنها كانن ليس له وجود في الكون. كان الرجل هو المهيمن و المسيطر على شنون الاسرة. كانت الكلمة الاولى و الاخيرة للرجل فقط و هذا شيء غير منصف في تلك الحقب الزمنية الغابرة. فالمرأة ليس نصف المجتمع كما يقال و لكن في الحقيقة هي كل المجتمع. لان الأم مدرسة لو صلحت لصلح المجتمع جميعا كبيرا و صغيرا. لكن في الاربعين عام الاخيرة نالت المرأة كثير من حقوقها التي كانت مسلوبة منها في الماضي. المرأة الان اصبحت قاضية و وزيرة و تقود الطائرة و دبلوماسية. بل في السنوات الاخيرة سمعنا انها في بعض الدول مرشحة لتكون رئيسة دولة. و انا في رأيي تستحق ذالك و اكثر لانها تعتبر نواة المجتمع فلبو صلحت البذرة سوف يصلح النبات. فهي الام و الاخت و الزوجة.

مقالات الترم التانسي

4. Write about a person that you know. Say how their life experiences have inspired you. Write about 200 words in your notebook.

In fact, there are many people I read about during my studies who left a great impact on me. And through their experiences and personal experiences, I benefited and learned a lot. Among them, for example, is the life of Dr Taha Hussein, the dean of the Arab literature.

Dr Taha Hussein grew up in a very poor environment. Rather, he was poor and destitute, but he was able to reach the world and rise to the highest positions. Although he was blind and poor, he could not afford the tuition fees. But he persevered and was patient and struggled as much as he could and got great grades and was able to get a scholarship and travel to France and study there.

Dr. Taha Hussein obtained an international doctorate degree and returned to his country, Egypt, where he held several positions, including Minister of Education. And I will not dwell on you for long, for I am my role model and role model for this blind scholar whose circumstances did not prevent him from achieving his dreams.

فى الحقيقة . هناك الكثير من الاشخاص و الذين قرأت عنهم خلال دراستى و الذين تركوا فى نفسى أثر عظيم. و من خلال تجاربهم و خبر اته الشخصية انا استفدت و تعلمت الكثير. منهم على سبيل المثال حياة الدكتور كه حسين عميد الاب العربى . لقد نشأ الدكتور طه حسين فى بينة فقيرة جدا بل كان فقير معدم و لكن استطاع ان يصل للعالمية و يرتقى اعلى المناصب. بالرغم انه كان كفيف و فقير و لا يستطيع القيام بتكاليف الدراسة . لكنه ثابر و صبر و جاهد بقدر استطاعته و حصل على درجات عظيمة و استطاع الحصول على منحة دراسية و السفر الى فرنسا و الدراسة هناك. و حصل الدكتور طه حسين على درجة الدكتوراه العالمية و عادا الى بلده مصر حيث تقد مناصب عديدة منها وزيرا للمعارف. و لا اطيل عليكم فانا قدوتي و مثلي الاعلى هذا العالم الكفيف الذى لم يمنعه ظروفه من تحقيق احلامه.

5. Write an essay of about 200 words on one of the following topic: . What does "successful" mean to you? Why? Give reasons.

No one denies that success gives meaning to life. A life without success means a life without meaning. I can't imagine life without success. The word successful means that I am alive and alive. A successful word for me is the sweetness of the world, it is happiness, it is contentment with everything. Life is death when you are without success.

Success is achieving goals. Success in life is happiness with all its ambitions. Success is the secret of continuing life. The word success means a lot to me. It means that I am a human being. It means that I am the best being on earth.

No one denies that success gives meaning to life. A life without

success means a life without meaning..

All great inventions were originally dreams and wishes that turned into realities, and those realities are success itself, happiness itself. Without success, life would have stopped completely. May all our days be full of success

لا احد ينكر ان النجاح يعطى معنى للحياة . فحياة بدون فجاح بلغنى حياة بلا معنى. لا استطيع تخيل الحياة بدون نجاح . فكلمة ناجح تعنى اننى حى و على قيد الحياة المائة للجح بالنبة لى هى حلاوة الدنيا هى السعادة هى الرضا بكل شيء . الحياة هى الموت عندما تكون من غير نجاح . النجاح هو تحقيق الاهداف . النجاح في الحياة هو السعادة بكل ما تصل اليه من طموحات . النجاح سر استمرار الحياة . فكلمة نجاح تعنى لى الكثير و الكثير ، تعنى اننى انسان تعنى اننى افضل الكائنات على الارض . كل الاختراعات العظيمة كانت في الاصل احلام و امنيات تحولت الى حقائق و تلك الحقائق هى النجاح نفسه هى السعادة نفسها . بدون الجاح لتوقفت الحياة تماما . اتمنى ان تكون كل ايامنا مليئة بالنجاح .

6. Write an essay of about 200 words on one of the following topic: "You are never too old for a new beginning. It will be hard, but you can do it."

The colloquial proverb says (the learner dies and does not learn), and this means that no matter how much a person grieves and obtains certificates, he remains ignorant of many things. A person should not stop learning and acquiring skills throughout his life.

As for the person who was not lucky and did not take his share of education and believes that it is too late and that he is too old to learn. I tell him that a person, no matter how old he is. Not too old for education. And we all agree that learning in old age is very difficult, but it is a must. If learning about old age is difficult, then ignorance is a major disaster. To all those who missed the education train at a young age.

They have to join the education now and take a step and start now and immediately. Because the uneducated is just like the blind. Don't delay learning today until tomorrow. Hurry up with education now, and there are many opportunities in front of you to be a good citizen, so you protect yourself from being lost because of ignorance. يقول المثل العامى (يموت المتعلم و لا يتعلم) و هذا يعنى ان مهما الانسان تغلم و حصل على شهادات لكنه يظل جاهلا في في كثير من الاشياء. فعلى الشخص الا يتوقف عن التعلم و اكتساب المهارات طوال حياته. اما الشخص الذي لم يصبه الحظ و لم يأخد حظه من التعليم و يعتقد ان الوقت فات اوانه و انه اصبح كبيرا في السن لكي يتعلم. اقول له ان الانسان مهما تقدم به السن . لا يكبر عن التعليم. و نحن كلنا يتفق ان التعلم في الكبر صعب للغاية لكن لاا بد منه. فاذا كان التعلم عن كبر صعب فالجهل مصيبة كبرى. الى كل الذين فاتهم قطار التعليم في الصغر . عليهم الالتحاق بالتعليم الان و يأخذ خطوة و يبدأ الان و فرص كثيرة فورا. لان الغير متعلم مثل الكفيف تماما. فلا تأخر التعلم اليوم الى الغد. سارع بالتعليم الان و فرص كثيرة امامك كي تكون مواطن صالحا فاهما تحرس نفسك من الضياع بسبب الجهل.

Units 10-12 WB

7. Write an essay of about 200 words on one of the following topic:

What are the advantages and possible disadvantages of many
nations coming together to share their past and present
culture in one place?

It is a very clear fact that union is strength. Union in good is good. This is on behalf of individuals and countries. The rapprochement of countries with each other certainly leads to many, many benefits and disadvantages in the near and long term. The idea of union between countries is a great and wonderful idea.

We have an example in this, which is the European Union. A group of European countries formed an international union among themselves. This union managed to strengthen the economy of those countries. I personally hope that this union will happen between the Arab countries so that we can keep pace with the developed countries.

And because there are countries that are poor in their economic resources and there are other countries that are rich in their economic resources. If there is a union between the poor and the rich, there will be a strengthening of the economy and growth of progress in our Arab region. This is hope and it is not difficult to achieve. I hope to see it soon.

انها حقيقة واضحة جدا ان الاتحاد قوة. الاتحاد في الخير خير. هذا بالنسبة للأفراد و الدول. فتقارب الدول من بعضها البعض هذا بالتأكيد يؤدى الى الكثير و الكثير من الفوائد و المكاسب القريبة و على المدى البعيد. ففكرة الاتحاد بين الدول فكرة عظيمة و رائعة. و لنا مثل في هذا و هو الاتحاد الاوربي. مجموعة من الدول الاوروبية شكلت اتحادا دوليا فيما بينها. هذا الاتحاد ادر الى تقوية اقتصاد تلك البلدان. فأتنمى انا شخصيا ان يحدث هذا التحاد بين الدول العربية حتى نساير الدول المتقدمة. و لان هناك دول فقيرة في

مواردها الاقتصادية و هناك دول اخرى غنية في مواردها الاقتصادية. فلو حدث اتحاد بين الفقير و الغنى فسيحدث تقوية للاقتصاد و ينمو التقدم في منطقتنا العربية. هذا امل و ليس صعب على التحقيق اتمنى ان اراه قريبا.

Practice Exercises 4

8. Hard work and perseverance are your tools to achieving your goals. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this? Write an essay of about 200 words.

I completely and strongly agree with the saying that hard work and perseverance are the foundation of all success in life. Hard work and strong will lead to achieving goals in our lives. Every hardworking person has a share of goodness in life.

Every person should do his utmost to achieve what he wishes in his life. Patience and mastery of work are the basis for achieving goals in life. All the greats who became signs on the road were hardworking people who worked day and night and really reached their goals. There is no success or prosperity in life without hard work.

Finally, we can say that hard work and perseverance are the basis for progress and achieving goals in our lives. We must work sincerely in order to achieve all our dreams.

انا اتفق تماما و بقوة مع تلك المقولة ان العمل الجاد و المثايرة الماس كل نجاح في الحياة. العمل الجاد و الارادة القوية تؤدى الى تحقيق الاهداف في حياتنا. فلكل اضابال المجتهد نصيب من الخير في الحياة. فيجب على كل شخص ان يبذل اقصى جهده كي يحقق ما يتمنى في حياته الصبر و اتقان العمل هما اساس تحقيق الاهداف في الحياة. كل العظماء الذين اصبحوا علامات على الطريق كانوا اناس مجتهدين جادين يعملون ليل نهار و بالفعل وصلوا الى اهدافهم. لا نجاح و لا فلاح في الحياة بدون العمل الجاد. فاخيرا نستطيع ان نقول ان العمل الجاد و المثابرة هم اساس التقدم و تحقيق الاهداف في حياتنا فعلينا ان نعمل باخلاص لكي نصل الى تحقيق كل احلامنا.

Practice Exercises 5

9. In a multicultural world, it is very important to know more than one language to be able to communicate and work with others easily. Do you agree or disagree?

Write an essay of about 200 words.

In fact, we are now living in the area of globalization, meaning that the world has become a small village thanks to modern technology. And to be aware of what is happening around us. We have to be conversant and able to know the languages of the world around us.

In order to keep pace with the developed world around us, we must learn the language of those developed peoples. How can we deal with these people without knowing their language? Learning foreign languages has become imperative now. How can we benefit from that advanced world without knowing their language?

By knowing the developed world, we can benefit from them a lot in all scientific and practical fields. Last I can say that In a multicultural world, it is very important to know more than one language to be able to communicate and work with others easily.

فى الواقع نُحن نعيش الان فى عصر العولمة اى ان العالم اصبح قرية صغيرة بفضل التكنولوجيا الحديثة. و لكى نكون على معرفة لغات العالم من حولنا. علينا ان نكون ملمين و قادرين على معرفة لغات العالم من حولنا. و لكى نساير العالم المتقدم من حولنا لابد و ان نتعلم لغة تلك الشعوب المتقدمة. كيف نستطيع التعامل مع تلك الشعوب بدون معرفة لغتهم؟ فتعلم اللغات الاجنبية اصبح ضرورى حتمية الان. كيف ننستطيع ان نستفيد من ذلك العالم المتقدم بون معرفة لغتهم؟ فعن طريق معرفة العالم المتقدم نحن نستطيع الاستفادة منهم كثيرا فى جميع المجالات العلمية و العملية.

Practice Exercises 6

10. Write an essay of about 200 words on this topic: "In the 21st century, you need to be equipped with advanced skills, updated knowledge and strong values".

We actually live in a world that is renewed every moment. Therefore, we must be aware of these continuous changes in our small planet. We must be armed with renewed knowledge in order to know what is going on around us in terms of changes. We must possess advanced technology that facilitates our interaction with other peoples.

Our youth must be armed with science and knowledge that enables them to benefit from the progress of neighboring peoples. It is important that we stick to our mo rals and values and not impose them. We must preserve the morals that suit our eastern customs and traditions.

We must not blindly imitate what we see in Western cultures. We must adhere to every virtue and avoid every vice in order to live in a safe and clean society from all the negative aspects of the West نحن في الواقع نعيش في عالم متجدد كل لحظة. لذلك نحن يجب ان نكون متابعين لتلك التغيرات المستمرة في كوكبنا الصغير. لابد و ان نكون مسلحين بالمعرفة المتجددة كي نعرف ما يدور حولنا من تغيرات. يجب أن نمتلك التكنولوجيا المتطورة التي تسهل علينا التفاعل مع الشعوب الاخرى. يجب على شبابنا ان يكون مسلح بالعلم و المعرفة التي تمكنه من الاستفادة من تقدم الشعوب المجاورة. و الهم ان نتمسك باخلاقنا و قيمنا و لا نقرض فيها. يجب ان نحافظ على الاخلاقيات التي تانسب عاداتنا و تقاليدنا الشرقية. يجب ان لا نقلد تقليدا اعمى ما نراه في ثقافات الغرب. يجب ان نتمسك بكل فضيلة و نتجنب كل رذيلة حتى نعيش في مجتمع امن و نظيف من كل سلبيات عالى الغرب.

قصص قصيرة ... فيها عبرة وعظة

11. Write an essay of about 200 words on one of the following topic: A myth, a fable or a legend you have heard of and which has taught you some sort of valuable lesson.

The wise man

It is a short story in English, and it tells that people used to go to the wise man, complaining to him of the same problems every time. One day, the wise man told them a joke and everyone laughed about it. After two minutes, he told them the same joke again and a few smiled. For the third time he said the same joke, no one laughed. The wise man smiled and said to them: "One cannot laugh at the same joke over and over again. So why does a person always cry about the same problem?" The moral of the story: Feeling anxious will not solve the problems, but rather it will waste your time, energy, and happiness.

وهي قصة قصيرة بالانجليزي ، وتحكي ان كان أناس يذهبون إلى الرجل الحكيم ، يشكون له من نفس المشاكل في كل مرة . في يوم من الايام قال لهم الجكيم مزحة والمحك الجميع منها . بعد دقيقتين ، قال لهم النكتة نفسها مرة اخرى فقام عدد قليل بالابتسام . وللمرة الثالثة قال نفس النكتة لم يقوم أحد بالضحك . فابتسم الرجل الحكيم وقال لهم : "لا يمكن الضحك على نفس النكتة مرازًا وتكرارًا . فلماذا يبكي الانسان دائمًا على نفس المشكلة؟ ". العبرة من القصة: الشعور بالقلق لن يحل المشاكل، بل سيضيع وقتك وطاقتك وسعادتك.

12- The man and his donkey

One of the men's favorite ass fell into a deep hole. He could not withdraw it no matter how hard he tried. So he decided to bury the donkey alive. He poured dirt on the donkey from above. So the donkey felt dirt and began to shake it and trample it. And whatever pours more dirt, it shakes it off and advances. The more earth is poured, the higher its height. By noon, the donkey had risen from the hole and was in the green pastures. After a lot of attempts (problems) and progress (learning from them), one will arrive in green pastures.

الرجل و حماره

سقط الحمار المفضل لاحد الرجال في حفرة عميقة. فلا يمكنه سحبه مهما حاول جاهداً. لذلك قرر دفن الحمار حياً. فسكب التراب على الحمار من الأعلى. فشعر الحمار بالتراب وبدأ ينفضها ويدوس عليها. وكل ما يسكب المزيد من التراب فإنه ينفضها ويتقدم. كلما تم سكب التراب، زاد ارتفاعه. بحلول الظهيرة ، كان الحمار قد ارتفع من الحفرة واصبح في المراعي الخضراء. بعد الكثير من المحاولات والتي تتمثل في (المشاكل) والتقدم (التعلم منها) ، سوف يصل المرء في المراعي الخضراء.

Punctuations + Parts of speech

اسم الطالب

1. Which are prep	ositions?				
a. be, go, do		b.	but, so,	or	
c. behind, ne	ext to, against	d.	myself,	himself	, themselves
2. A word that de					
a. a verb	b. an advert) C. a	noun	u. a p	reposition
3. The word 'secr		un. What is arian c. s			d. seasonal
4. 'Remove' is a v			10		
	b. Remov		Removabl	e (d. Unmoved
5. After lunch, let speech is the wo	rd "after"?				hich part of
a. pronoun	b. prep	osition	c. verb	(d. adverb
6. I really must st a. lack of ne	udy harder fo cessity b.				
7. Adjectives are	words like " h	ot " and "	loud " tha	at tell us	s more about
a. a noun	b. a verb	c. an ad	verb	d. a c	onjunction
8. Adverbs are was	ords like " qui	ckly " and	" quietly	" that to	ell us more
a. nouns	b. verbs	c. prepo	sitions	d. (conjunctions
9. Which describe	es a noun or p	ronoun?			
a. an adverb				b. an	adjective
c. a proper r					interjection
10. "I always stud	•	a test." In	this sent	ence, v	which part of
a. pronoun		osition	c. verb	d.	conjunction
11. I should have a. prohibition	sent him an i n b. dedu				presses d. request

		·	In't have been	sick. This sentence
a. regre		b. deduction	c. offer	d. request
a. prone	the parts of the p	ds	b. (construct sentences speak fluently
14. Which de a. an	eterminer is	s an article? b. my	c. one	d. but
a. prope	e capitalize er nouns essive pror	ed at all times	b. 6	compound nouns uncountable nouns
	ın is a word Ijective	d that replaces b. a verb		d. a preposition
17. The sing a. multi		s woman and b. plural	thec. abstract	d. concrete
a. My si		new computer	"Which is th	e subject? b. needs d. My sister needs
a. My si		new computer	"." Which is th	e object? b. needs d. My sister needs
	f the verb, i e voice	ws eat grass" s in the		b. passive voice d. future simple
	e meaning	stopped, they as b. Unless		e word 'WHEN' here d. Before
22. 'When he	arrived at		e plane had t	aken off.' The word
a. While	9	b. Unless	c. After	d. Before
23. Oh, how a. prono	•	e <i>left the key in</i> reposition	n the car. 'Oh c. conjunction	here is a / an on d. interjection
24. "You sho a. shou		eat more fruit.' b. try	" Which is the	

Mr Galal 01061514591

	A gerund is a noun n of a verb.	form created	by adding	to the base
10111	a. –er	bed	cing	dest
26. I	n the sentence "Co a. imperative c. interrogative	ome here!", th	e verb is	b. transitive d. regular
27. \	Which are conjunc a. be, go, do		c. by, to,	at d. l, me, him
28. \	Words like 'can't', ' a. auxiliaries c. abbreviations	ʻshan't', ʻwon't		b. contractions d. prepositions
	-	fits from space fits from space fits from space fits from space ving is structure in you must try in he must try lands try	e technology in harder next time harder next time harder next time	his everyday lives. our everyday lives. theirs everyday e.
31. \	Which of the follow a. Nora why didn' b. Nora Why didn c. Nora, why didn d. Nora why you o	ving is correct t you do the d 't you do the d 't you do the d	ly punctuated? ishes! lishes. lishes?	
32. \	Which of the follow a. Mother said, "V b. Mother said, "v c. Mother said, "V d. Mother said "W	Vhy didn't you vhy didn't you Vhy didn't you	do the dishes, I do the dishes, I do the dishes N	Nora?" Iora?"
33. \	Which of the follow a. This bottle of m b. This bottle of m c. This bottle of m	nedicine has to nedicine has to nedicine has s	shake before it be shaken befo haken before it i	t is used. ore it is used. is used.

- 34. Which of the following is correctly punctuated?
 - a. Nora said, "Why are you so late for the meeting, Robert?"
 - b. Nora said Why are you so late for the meeting, Robert?
 - c. Nora said "Why are you so late for the Meeting, Robert?"
 - d. Nora said "why are you so late for the meeting Robert?
- 35. Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 - a. John announced, "The library is closing in five minutes."
 - b. John announced "The library is closing in five minutes"
 - c. John announced The library is closing in five minutes."
 - d. John announced "The library is closing in five minutes.
- 36. Which of the following is structurally correct?
 - a. The author, that works are widely read, won an important award.
 - b. The author, who works are widely read, won an important award.
 - c. The author, whose works are widely read, won an important award.
 - d. The author, which works are widely read won an important award.
- 37. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
 - a. Children bringing up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
 - b. Children to bring up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
 - c. Children brought up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
 - d. Children who brought up in a home where two parents work is a difficult task indeed.
- 38. Which of the following is correctly punctuated?
 - a. The manager asked, "Why are our profits down"?
 - b. The manager asked, "Why are our profits down?"
 - c. The manager asked, Why are our profits down?
 - d. The manager asked why our profits are down?
- 39. Which of these sentences has the correct punctuation?
 - a. May I request a copy of your catalogue.
 - b. May I request a copy of your catalogue?
 - c. may I request a copy of your catalogue?
 - d. may I request a copy of your catalogue

9

- 40. Which of these sentences has the correct punctuation?
 - a. I look forward to hearing from you.
 - b. I look forward to hearing from you,
 - c. i look forward to hearing from you.
 - d. I look forward to hearing from you
- 41. Which of the following is structurally correct?
 - a. The candidate promised not to raise taxes when elected.
 - b. The candidate promised not to rise taxes when elected.
 - c. The candidate promised not to arise taxes when elected
 - d. The candidate promised not to arouse taxes when elected
- 42. Which sentence is structurally correct?
 - a. The suspects were questioned right after the crime was committed by the detectives.
 - b. By the detectives the suspects were questioned right after the crime was committed.
 - c. The suspects were by the detectives questioned right after the crime was committed.
 - d. The suspects were questioned by the detectives right after the crime was committed.
- 43. Which sentence has the correct structure?
 - a. The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction than the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
 - b. The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction as the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
 - c. The Eiffel Tower is as popular a tourist attraction that the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
 - d. The Eiffel Tower is as more popular a tourist attraction than the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
- 44. Which sentence has the correct structure?
 - a. It is certain that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
 - b. Certain it is that that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
 - c. It is certainly that Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
 - d. Certainly is Chinese is more difficult to learn than English.
- 45. Unless he does his job well, he'll be fired. This means that
 - a. He didn't do his job well, so he was fired.
 - b. He was fired because he didn't do his job well.
 - c. He will be fired if he doesn't do his job well.
 - d. He would have been fired if he hadn't done his job well.

46. Which of the following sentences shows regret? a. I hope you'll enjoy your vacation b. If only he could speak French. c. I wish I hadn't spent all my money last week. d. I wish he wouldn't shout at me. 47. Which of the following shows suggestion? a. What does your father do? b. How was your flight? c. Let's play chess. d. Where does he come from? 48. Which of the following expresses a request? a. Would you mind opening the door for me, please? b. Shall I open the door for you? c. Why didn't you study harder? d. Give me all your money or I'll kill you. 49. Which of the following expresses an order? a. Can you come here please? b. Will you shut the door please? c. Do you think you could do this photocopying for me? d. Don't move. 50. Which of the following expresses purpose? a. The castle is located on top of the hill b. I didn't go to work because I was ill. c. I listen to the radio to improve my listening skill. d. He was put in prison as he refused to pay the bill. 51. Which one of these is a sentence? a. Tuesday often makes shoe. b. I can drive but I hate. c. It rained all day yesterday. d. All day yesterday. 52. Which one of these ISN'T a sentence? a. I'll have two teas and a cheese roll, please. b. Two teas and a cheese roll c. I'll have a cheese roll. d. My favourite lunch is a cup of tea and a cheese roll. 53. Which one of these is a sentence? a. I would like to apply for. b. I would like to apply for the job advertised.

9

c. Would like to apply for the job advertised.

d. The job advertised.

that she	e papers." This means
55. She used to be a famous actress. This ser a. She is going to be a famous actress b. She is used to being a famous actress c. She isn't a famous actress any more d. She wasn't a famous actress but now	
56. It's years since I rode a bike. This sentence a. I haven't ridden a bike before. b. I haven't ridden a bike for years c. I still ride a bike d. I have just ridden a bike	e means
57. What is missing in this sentence? 'she always works late on the sentence of the sentence?	Eriday '
a. a capital letter	b. a verb
c. a comma	d. a question mark
58. We use 'for instance' in a paragraph or in	an essay to
a. give examples c. express regret	b. show surprise d. introduce a new idea
59. The main language you heard and learned	in childhood is your
a. standard language c. native language	b. second language d. foreign language
60. You can use " on the one hand / on the other when you want to	her hand " in an essay
61. Different parts of speech have different jol "run" and "learn" do?	bs. What do verbs like
a. express things	b. express actions
c. tell us more about a noun	d. express anger

77

02.	a. again	b. not	c. before	d. full
63.	a. singular, a c. singular, c	panana' and 'chair bstract nouns oncrete nouns de, plural nouns ve adjectives	are	
64.	a. I love thisb. I love thisc. I love this	ollowing is correct book. It's cover is book. Its cover is s book. Its so beauti book. Do you know	so beautiful so beautiful. ful	
65.	a. None of thb. None of thc. None of th	ollowing is structu ey is of much use em is of much use em is of very use i em are of much us	in practical life.	
	en below: 'Neve a. A fish can b. A fish can c. A fish can	er can a fish survive survive both on la survive on land not survive on land	nd and water.	
	ve happened. To a. The new same happened. b. The accidents use. c. But for the happened.	This sentence mean afety system was in the happened becare new safety system.	en in use, the accidens that	cident system was in d have
	يف وية	و سـها و سـ بزية – المرحلة الثان	ستر / جـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	م ک

فيسبوك Galal Abusohaseif / واتس & فون 1061514591

The stative verbs

أفعال الاحاسيس و المشاعر و الملكية و الحواس و الحالات و السمات و القياس و الفعال الافكار و الاراء

بعض من الافعال ممكن يكون حالة (مضارع بسيط) و ممكن ينفع في الاستمرارية (مضارع مستمر او أى زمن مستمر) حسب سياق الكلام ... و نشوف أمثلة و ركـــز ... علشان ربنا يكرمك

have يملك		المال يتناول يقضى have = eat = spend		
He is having a car	غلط	I am having lunch.	صح	
He has a car	صح	= I am eating lunch		
He was having a villa	غلط	We were having a nice time	صح	
He had a villa	صح	= we were spending a nice tin	ne.	

	2-100%	
يېدو look	ينظر / يبحث ١٥٥١	
Adel is looking tired	انظر ایبحث look بنظر ایبحث lam looking at the view Aya is looking for her pen	صح
Adel looks tired	Aya is looking for her pen	صح

		smeii	
smell ليطلى الحد الك الحد المحدد This flower is smelling good This flower smells good	غلط	smell يشم I am smelling the flower She was smelling the cake	صع

		4-	taste		
	له مذاق / يعطى مذاق taste		يتذوق taste		Ī
ı	This soup is tasting salty	غلط	The chef is tasting the soup	صح	
ı	This soup tastes salty	صح	I am tasting the food	صح	

	5-	think	
بعثد / بظن think I am thinking she is rich	غلط		nk يفكر bout a new plan to
I think she is rich	صح	my project	صح

	6- W	veigh	
يبلغ وزنه weigh		يوزن يزن weigh	
This apple is weighing 40 g	غلط	He is weighing the meat	صح
This apple weighs 40 grams	صح	I am weighing the bag of rice	صح

7- see see بقابل يرى see غلط He is seeing some fish He is seeing his doctor He sees some fish She has been seeing Ola صح 8- measure measure بيلغ مقاسه measure بقيس My room is measuring 4 m غلط I am measuring the room My room measures 4 m I was measuring the distance صح 9- feel بعثقد / يعطى ملمس Feel feel min غلط I am feeling he is ill He is feeling better today I am feeling cold I feel he is ill صح غلط She was feeling tired yesterday The floor is feeling smooth The floor feels smooth صح 10- be am, is, are, was, were يكون يوجد مليتفعوش افعال حركه (حاله فقط) Rania is being ill Rania is ill

الفرق بين المضارع المستعر والمضارع البسيط

١- لما نتكلم عن جداول مواعيد ... نستخدم مضارع بسيط مش الططاراع المستمر

- The last train to Alex is leaving at nine tomorrow.
- The last train to Alex leaves at nine tomorrow.

٢- لما نتكلم عن عادات ... نستخدم مضارع بسيط مش مضارع مستمر

- I am getting up early every day.
- I get up early every day.
 - ٣- لما نتكلم عن حقائق ثابته ... نستخدم مضارع بسيط مش مضارع مستمر
- Wild animals are eating meat. غلط
- Wild animals eat meat.

 ٤- لما نتكلم عن احداث تم الترتيبات لحدوثها في وقت معين في المستقيل نستخدم مضارع مستمر مش مضارع بسيط (لان المضارع المستمر يدل على المستقبل)

- Leila gets married next week.
- Leila is getting married next week.

٥- لما نوصف صورة (على اعتبار ان الحدث في الصورة مستمر) طبعا هنستخدم ايه؟

- In the picture, the boys play.
- In the picture, the boys are playing.

٦- لما نعبر عن الضيق من احداث يقوم بها الناس بشكل متكرر ... و غالبا هيكون في الجملة كلمات زي always / constantly ... always / constantly

- You are always coming to school late, Mazen.
- This boy is constantly talking about himself.
- This worker is never complaining.

٧- لما نتكلم عن مواقف مستمرة تحدث و قد تستغرق مدى زمنى طويل ... و هنالقي تعبيرات زمنية زي Today / tonight / these days / this month / this year / this decade / currently / still

- Nader is taking his exams these days.
- We are discussing "King Lear" today.
- Are you still working in Italy?

٨- لما نتكلم عن احداث او مواقف تحدث او لا تحدث في الحاضر مختلفة عن الماضي ... نستخدم المضارع المستمر

- Young people aren't reading newspapers these days,.
- Currently, most people are using the internet.

٩- لما نتكلم عن احداث تحدث الان (في لحظة ما يكلمك)

- Abdu is taking a shower, so he can't answer the phone.
- Are you writing your homework, now?
- At this moment, I am watching the match:

• ١- لما نتكلم مستخدمين افعال الحواس و الإراض و المشاعر و الملكية ... نستخدم مضارع بسيط ... لان مينفعشي معاهم المضارع المستمر

- I am loving my children,

- I love my children

Stative verbs

هي افعال نستخدمها علشان نوصف حالة عشان كده مينفعشي نستخدمها في الازمنة المستمرة سوار المضارع المستمر او الماضي المستمر الا اذا كان ليها معنى تائي فيه حركه ...

1- feelings and emotions افعال الاهاسيس و المشاعر

desire	like	need	prefer	miss
love	hate	dislike	please	satisfy
impress	mind			

2- possession

افعال الملكية

have	belong	owe	own	possess
	3- senses		افعال الحواس	

hear feel see smell taste recognize

4- states / qualities

افعال الحالات و السمات

seem	look	sound	resemble	appear
exist				
	5- measureme	ent	افعال القياس	
consist of	include	contain	measure	Cost
deserve	suit	weigh	fit	
	6- thoughts a	nd opinions	فكار و الأراء	افعال الا
يعتقد ايظن think	understand	agree	believe	deny
depend on	doubt	يعتقد / يظن feel	forget	يخص concern
suspect	suppose	remember	mean	imagine
know	matter بهم	disagree		-
دريبات دول	باوب شوية الت	ن الشسرح و ن	ا نطبق على	اهم حاجه انت
1. Ali	talking	about his perso	onal life. He o	ares about his
privacy				
a. likes			\bigcap	b. is liking
c. dislike			1	d. disliking
		ho never really	listen to wha	
a. am ha	-	06	7/10	b. hate
c. hated		(0/10	210	d. am hated
_	Aswan is a gre	at idea. L		nere.
a. love				am being loved
c. am lo)		am loved
4	people/sne ou thinking	ould work in the		
			b. Are you be	
	ou thought	her her mother	d. Do you thi	
	IING			iik.
a looke		ioi noi mounoi		
a. looks	kod	nor nor mouner	b. i	s looking
c. is lool			b. i d. i	s looking s being looked
c. is lool 6. The mecha	nic	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the m	s looking s being looked oment.
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa	nic airing		b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired
c. is lool 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re	nnic airing epairing	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei d. was b	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired peing repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha	nnic airing epairing nnic		b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei d. was t that moment	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa	nnic airing epairing anic airing	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei d. was t that moment b. is bei	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired t. ng repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa c. was re	nnic airing epairing nnic airing epairing	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei d. was t that moment b. is bei d. was t	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 8. My car	anic airing epairing anic airing epairingat	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei d. was t that moment b. is bei d. was t	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired ing repaired being repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 8. My car a. is repa	anic airing epairing anic airing epairing at	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the mo b. is bei d. was t that moment b. is bei d. was t ent b. is bei	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired ing repaired being repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 8. My car a. is repa c. was re	anic	my car a	b. i d. i t this / the me b. is bei d. was b that moment b. is bei d. was b ent b. is bei d. was b	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired ing repaired being repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 8. My car a. is repa c. was re 9	anic	my car at	b. i d. i t this / the me b. is bei d. was t that moment b. is bei d. was t ent b. is bei d. was t ent c. was t	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired ing repaired being repaired
c. is look 6. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 7. The mecha a. is repa c. was re 8. My car a. is repa c. was re 9	anicairing epairing airing airing epairing epairing airing epairing epairing epairing epairing	my car at	b. i d. i t this / the me b. is bei d. was b that moment b. is bei d. was b ent b. is bei d. was b ent b. is bei d. was b	s looking s being looked oment. ng repaired being repaired oeing repaired ng repaired oeing repaired

10. I really		
a. like c. am liking c. am liking d. am not liking c. lowled d. are loved d. is depend; d. you aren't you d. you aren't d. is being checked d. is being checked d. is being checked d. is being checked d. has read d. has read d. has read d. is depends d. is depended d. is depended d. is depended d. is depended d. imagines d. imagine d. imagines d. imagines d. interrupt always b. always interrupting d. are always interrupting d. are always interrupting d. are always interrupting a. wear c. is wearing d. has stood d. has st	10. I reallystaying on my o	own. It makes me feel lonely.
11. Children		
11. Children	c. am liking	d. am not liking
a. are loving c. love d. are loved loved loved loved loved loved d. are loved d. are loved d. are loved d. are loved loved loved loved loved loved loved loved loved d. are loved lo		
c. love 12. Why		b. are being loved
a. are you c. you are d. you aren't you d. you aren't 13. Your work a. is checking c. has checked d. is being checked 14. 1		
a. are you c. you are d. you aren't you d. you aren't 13. Your work a. is checking c. has checked d. is being checked 14. 1	12. Whydoing you your h	omework? What a lazy boy!
c. you are 13. Your work		
13. Your work		
a. is checking c. has checked d. is being checked 14. 1		
c. has checked 14. 1		
14. 1		
a. do not read c. are not reading 15. The situation		
c. are not reading 15. The situation		
15. The situation		
a. depend c. is depending 16. I		
c. is depending 16. I		
16. I	The state of the s	
a. imagine c. am imagined d. imagines 17. Mazen, youme when I speak. Stop it, please! it's so irritating. a. interrupt always b. always interrupt c. always are interrupting d. are always interrupting 18. Look! This tourist	16. I	the heach.
c. am imagined d. imagines 17. Mazen, youme when I speak. Stop it, please! it's so irritating. a. interrupt aways b. always interrupt c. always are interrupting d. are always interrupting 18. Look! This tourist		
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b. always interrupting d. are always interrupting 18. Look! This tourist		stop it, picuso. it s so irritating.
c. always are interrupting d. are always interrupting 18. Look! This tourist		
d. are always interrupting 18. Look! This tourist		
18. Look! This tourist		
a. wear c. is wearing d. b. wears d. b. & c 19. Ibehind the wall. You cannot see me. a. stands c. is stood c. is stood c. is stood d. has stood c. is always come d. is m standing d. has stood d. is intelligent. b. doesn't realize d. isn't realizing d. isn't realizing d. a & b d.		t herause the sun is so strong
c. is wearing d. b & c 19. Ibehind the wall. You cannot see me. a. stands b. am standing c. is stood d. has stood 20. Yassereverything quite clearly. He is intelligent. a. realizes b. doesn't realize c. is realizing d. isn't realizing 21. Iwhat I say! Do you hear me? a. mean b. am meaning c. am meant d. a & b 22. Wafaato class late. That's very careless. a. always come b. comes always c. is always coming d. always is coming		
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22. Wafaato class late. That's very careless. a. always come b. comes always c. is always coming d. always is coming		
a. always come c. is always coming b. comes always d. always is coming		
c. is always coming d. always is coming		The state of the s
23or running ?		d. always is coming
	23or running ?	

a. Does he walks	b. Is he being walked
c. Does he walk	d. Is he walking
24. Theyme and I am s	ad about it.
a. never helps	b. always help
c. are never helped	d. are never helping
25. Ithe doctor tonight	as arranged.
a. see	b. am seeing
c. had seen	d. am seen
26. Shethe truth and it i	s annoying.
a. never tell	b. never tells
c. is never telling	d. is always telling
27. The price of the meal	
a. include	b∖is including
c. isn't including	d. includes
28. Everyonethis beau	
a. enjoy	b. is enjoying
c. are enjoying	d. is enjoying
29. Azzaat Assuit Hosp	
a. is working	b. works
c. has worked	d. have worked
30. I can see some people who	
are in a leash.	doi: dogs. Then dogs
a. are walking	b.` are being walked
c. walked	d. are walked
31. Can you help me with these boxes of	
a. are you being	b. are you
c. you are	d. b & c
32. "What annoys me is his repeated c	omplaints." This means
a. he is never complaining	
b. he is always complaining	
c. he is constantly complaining	
d. b & c	
33. " Mariam hasn't finished the cooking	
a. Mariam is still doing the cooking	
b. Mariam hasn't done the cooking	
c. Mariam is still being done the co	
d. Mariam is not doing the cooking	J.
و سها و سيف	حـــلال أبـــ
و المسلم و المستحدة المارية المارية المارية مرحلة تُانوية	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله
» الجليرية – مرحمه بالوية	حبیر معمیں ۔ تع

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